

# Converting Colors

Hex(C6C6A3)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(C6C6A3) contains.

<b>Hex(C6C6A3)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

# **Color**

**Hex(C6C6A3)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	C6C6A3
RGB	198, 198, 163
RGB Percent	78%, 78%, 64%
CMY	0.2235, 0.2235, 0.3608
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.18, 0.22
HSL	60°, 23%, 71%
HSV	60°, 18%, 78%
XYZ	50.0936, 55.0383, 42.6336
YIQ	194.0100, 11.2350, -10.8850

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

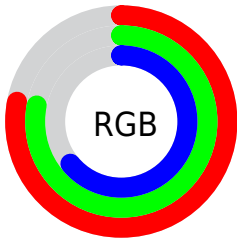
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">163, 198, 163</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13026979</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">79.06, -5.88, 17.59</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">79, 18.541, 108.478</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">55.0383, 0.3390, 0.3725</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291217059 (0xFFC6C6A3)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">194.0100, -15.2879, 3.4992</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">74.1878, -9.3005, 17.8592</a>

# Details

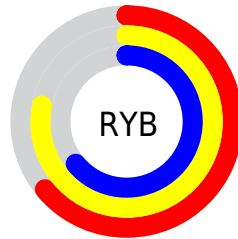
The Hex color **C6C6A3** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **A3A3C6**, and the grayscale version is **C2C2C2**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **FFFFDA**, and **90906F** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **C6C68F**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **C6C6B7**.

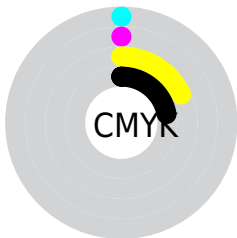
# Distribution



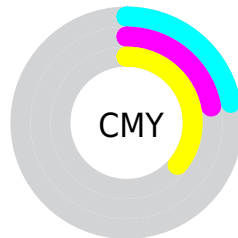
- Red (78%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (64%)



- Red (64%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (64%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (22%)



- Cyan (22%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (36%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color C6C6A3 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color C6C6A3 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





C6C6A3



C6C6A3

FFFFFF



ABAB89



FFFDA



90906F



FFFFF7



767757



5D5E3F



454629



2E3014



1B1B00



000000



C6C6A3



C6C6A3

 C6C68F

 C6C6B7

 C6C67B

 C6C6CB

 C6C668

 C6C6DE

 C6C654

 C6C6F2

 C6C640

 C6C6FF

 C6C62C

 C6C618

 C6C605

 C6C600

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



D8C0A2



C6C6A3



B2CBAD

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



C6C6A3



99CCDD



E3B8CB

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



C6C6A3



A3A3C6

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



D4BCDB



C6C6A3



A8C7E5

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



C6C6A3



97CECE



BEC2E4



E8B8BA

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



C6C6A3



A6CDB7



BEC2E4



DFB9D1

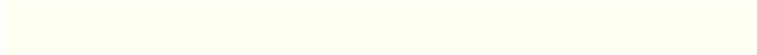


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



C6C6A3



FFFFF2



C6A3A3



808078



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



C6C6A3



FFFFC9



B5C6A3



63635A



A3A300



242400



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



A3A3C6



C9C9FF



B5A3C6



5A5A63



0000A3

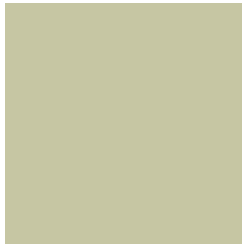


000024



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color C6C6A3 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

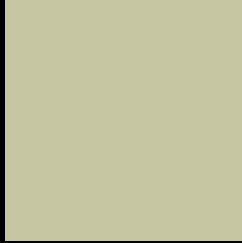
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Hex color C6C6A3 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

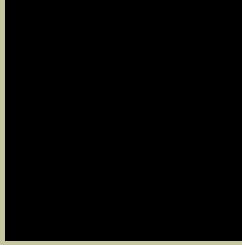
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

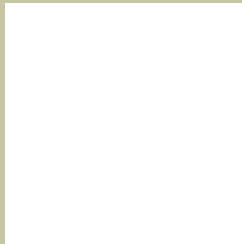
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex C6C6A3 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color C6C6A3.

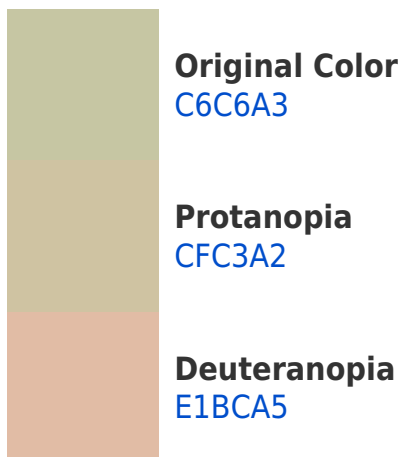


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color C6C6A3.

# Color Blindness Simulation

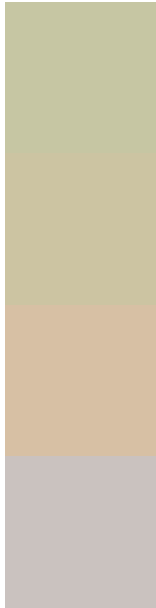
Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
C6C6A3

**Protanomaly**  
CCC4A2

**Deuteranomaly**  
D7C0A4

**Tritanomaly**  
CAC2BF

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
C6C6A3

**Achromatopsia**  
C2C2C2

**Achromatomaly**  
C3C3B7

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex C6C6A3 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #C6C6A3 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#C6C6A3  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #C6C6A3 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #C6C6A3  
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex C6C6A3 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid  
#C6C6A3 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#C6C6A3 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #C6C6A3 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #C6C6A3; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #C6C6A3; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #C6C6A3 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex C6C6A3 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#C6C6A3 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#C6C6A3 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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