

Converting Colors

Hex(CADBDD)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(CADBDD) contains.

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Color

Hex(CADBDD)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CADBDD
RGB	202, 219, 221
RGB Percent	79%, 86%, 87%
CMY	0.2078, 0.1412, 0.1333
CMYK	0.09, 0.01, 0.00, 0.13
HSL	186°, 22%, 83%
HSV	186°, 9%, 87%
XYZ	62.7398, 68.4401, 78.3101
YIQ	214.1450, -10.7740, -2.9820

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

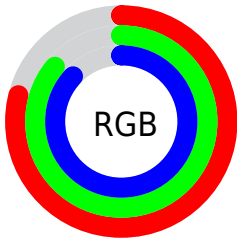
Format	Color
R_{YB}	202, 211, 221
Decimal	13294557
CIE Lab	86.23, -5.28, -2.94
CIE LCh	86, 6.043, 209.104
Yxy	68.4401, 0.2995, 0.3267
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291484637 (0xFFCADBDD)
YUV	214.1450, 3.3795, -10.6512
Hunter-Lab	82.7285, -9.4037, 1.7865

Details

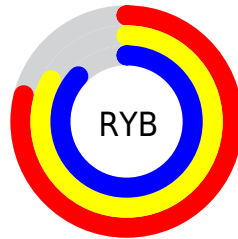
The Hex color **CADBDD** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **DDCCCA**, and the grayscale version is **D6D6D6**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **FFFFFF**, and **94A4A6** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **B4D9DD**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **E0DDDD**.

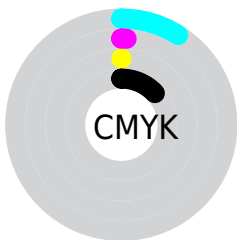
Distribution



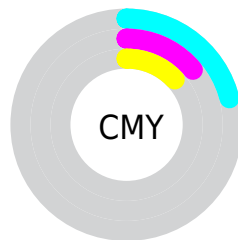
- Red (79%)
- Green (86%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (87%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (1%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (13%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color CADBDD changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color CADBDD by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ CADBDD

FFFFFF

■ CADBDD

■ AFBFC1

■ 94A4A6

■ 7A8A8C

■ 617072

■ 49585A

■ 324142

■ 1D2B2C

■ 061618

■ 000000

 CADBDD

 CADBDD

 B4D9DD

 E0DDDD

 9ED6DD

 F6E0DD

 88D4DD

 FFE2DD

 72D2DD

 FFE4DD

 5CCFDD

 FFE7DD

 45CDDD

 FFE9DD

 2FCBDD

 FFEBDD

 19C8DD

 FFEEDD

 03C6DD

 FFF0DD

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



CBDBD7



CADBDD



CCDAE1

Triad

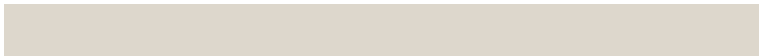
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



CADBDD



DFD5DE



DDD7CC

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



CADBDD



DDCCCA

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



E2D5CE



CADBDD



E3D4D8

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



CADBDD



D9D6E2



E4D4D2



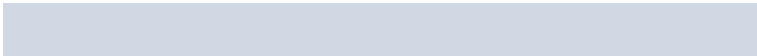
D6D9CE

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



CADBDD



D0D9E3



E4D4D2



DFD7CD

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



CADBDD



F7FEFF



CADDCC



7A7F80



000000



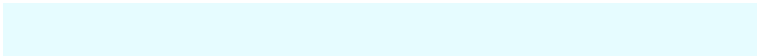
808080

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



CADBDD



E6FCFF



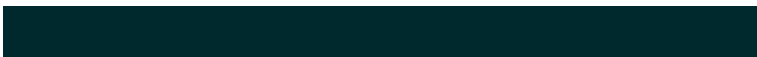
CAD2DD



636C6E



009BAD



00292E

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



DDCADB



FFE6FC



DDD5CA



6E636C



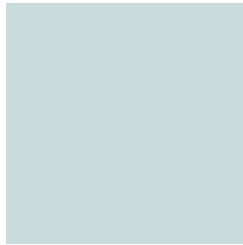
AD009B



2E0029

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color CADBDD looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

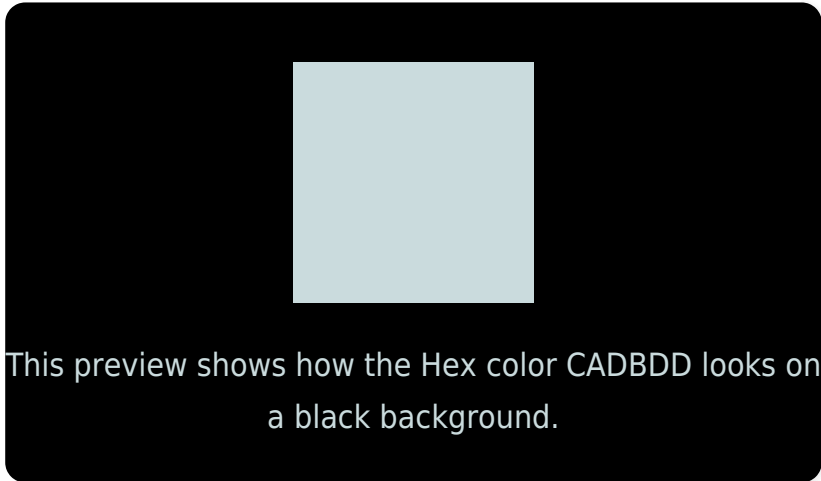
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

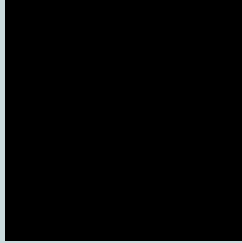
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

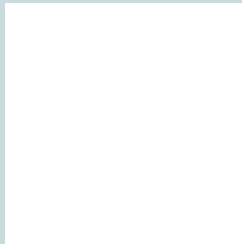
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex CADBDD Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color CADBDD.

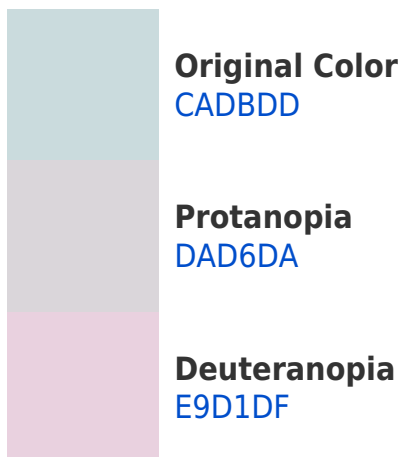


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color CADBDD.

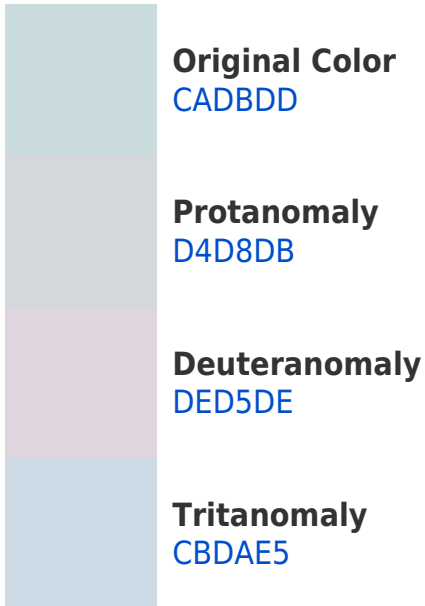
Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

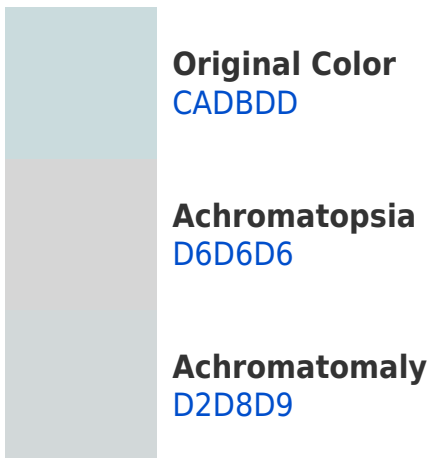
Dichromacy



Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex CADBDD is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #CADBDD looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#CADBDD  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #CADBDD colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #CADBDD
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex CADBDD is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#CADBDD }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#CADBDD }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #CADBDD colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #CADBDD; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #CADBDD; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #CADBDD }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex CADBDD is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#CADBDD }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#CADBDD }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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