

# Converting Colors

Hex(E8E8D4)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(E8E8D4) contains.

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# **Color**

**Hex(E8E8D4)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	E8E8D4
RGB	232, 232, 212
RGB Percent	91%, 91%, 83%
CMY	0.0902, 0.0902, 0.1686
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.09, 0.09
HSL	60°, 30%, 87%
HSV	60°, 9%, 91%
XYZ	74.0190, 79.6225, 73.7548
YIQ	229.7200, 6.4200, -6.2200

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

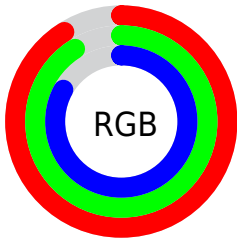
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">212, 232, 212</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">15263956</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">91.52, -3.41, 9.72</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">92, 10.306, 109.340</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">79.6225, 0.3255, 0.3501</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4293454036 (0xFFE8E8D4)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">229.7200, -8.7360, 1.9996</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">89.2314, -8.0862, 13.4555</a>

# Details

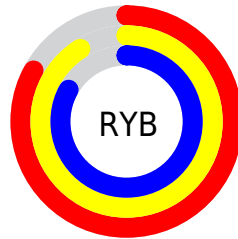
The Hex color **E8E8D4** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **D4D4E8**, and the grayscale version is **E6E6E6**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **FFFFFF**, and **B0B09D** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **E8E8BD**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **E8E8EB**.

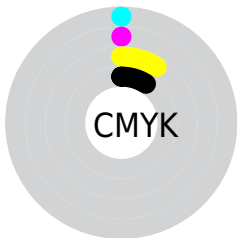
# Distribution



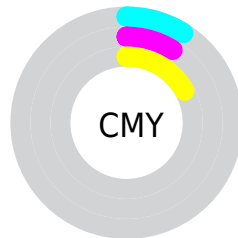
- Red (91%)
- Green (91%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (83%)
- Yellow (91%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (9%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (17%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color E8E8D4 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color E8E8D4 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 E8E8D4

FFFFFF

 E8E8D4

 CCCC88

 B0B09D

 969683

 7C7C6A

 636352

 4B4B3B

 343525

 1F1F11

 000800

 E8E8D4

 E8E8D4

 E8E8BD

 E8E8EB

 E8E8A6

 E8E8FF

 E8E88E

 E8E877

 E8E860

 E8E849

 E8E832

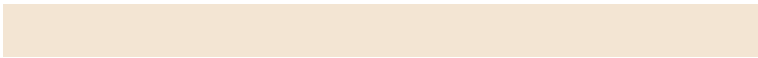
 E8E81A

 E8E803

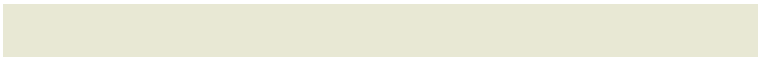
# Harmonies

## Analogous

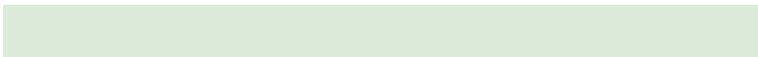
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



F3E5D3



E8E8D4



DDEBDA

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



E8E8D4



D0EBF5



F9E0EB

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



E8E8D4



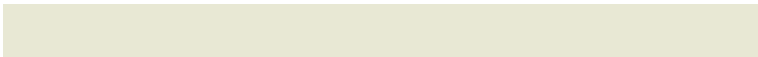
D4D4E8

# Split Complementary

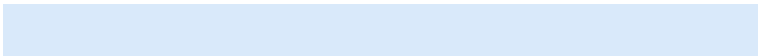
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



F0E2F4



E8E8D4



D9E9FA

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



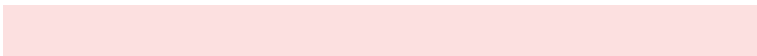
E8E8D4



CFEDED



E4E5F9



FCE0E0

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



E8E8D4



D6ECDF



E4E5F9



F7E1EE



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



E8E8D4



FFFFFF7



E8D4D4



80807A



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



E8E8D4



FFFFE6



DEE8D4



737367



B3B300



333300



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



D4D4E8



E6E6FF



DED4E8



676773



0000B3

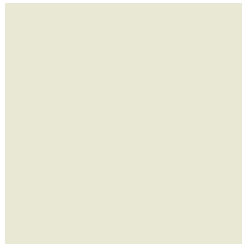


000033



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color E8E8D4 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

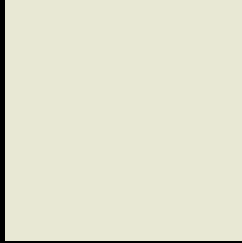
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the Hex color E8E8D4 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

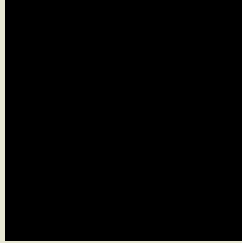
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

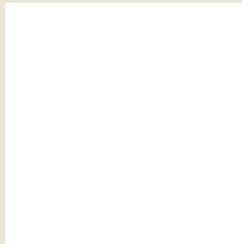
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex E8E8D4 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color E8E8D4.

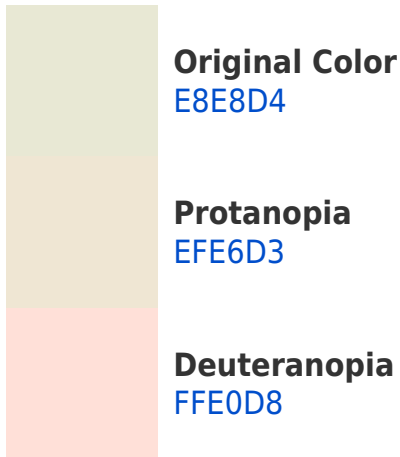


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color E8E8D4.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

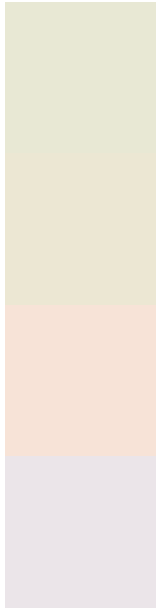
## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
EDE3F5

# Trichromacy



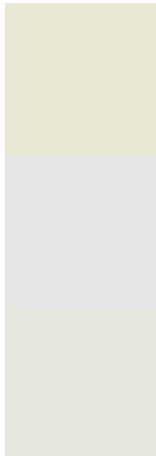
**Original Color**  
E8E8D4

**Protanomaly**  
ECE7D3

**Deuteranomaly**  
F7E3D7

**Tritanomaly**  
EBE5E9

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
E8E8D4

**Achromatopsia**  
E6E6E6

**Achromatomaly**  
E7E7DF

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex E8E8D4 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #E8E8D4 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#E8E8D4  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #E8E8D4 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #E8E8D4
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex E8E8D4 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#E8E8D4 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#E8E8D4 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #E8E8D4 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #E8E8D4; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #E8E8D4; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #E8E8D4 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex E8E8D4 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#E8E8D4 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#E8E8D4 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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