

Converting Colors

Hex(F4B687)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(F4B687) contains.

Hex(F4B687)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

Hex(F4B687)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	F4B687
RGB	244, 182, 135
RGB Percent	96%, 71%, 53%
CMY	0.0431, 0.2863, 0.4706
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.45, 0.04
HSL	26°, 83%, 74%
HSV	26°, 45%, 96%
XYZ	58.4093, 54.4383, 30.3508
YIQ	195.1800, 52.0390, -1.4730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

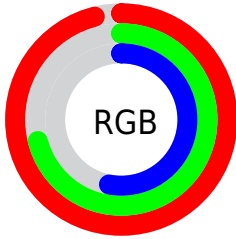
Format	Color
R_{YB}	244, 218, 135
Decimal	16037511
CIE _{Lab}	78.72, 16.83, 32.66
CIE _{LCh}	79, 36.740, 62.732
Yxy	54.4383, 0.4079, 0.3802
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294227591 (0xFFF4B687)
YUV	195.1800, -29.6687, 42.8151
Hunter-Lab	73.7823, 12.1895, 27.2583

Details

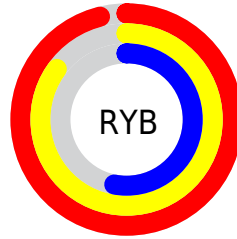
The Hex color **F4B687** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCC99**. A complement of this color would be **87C5F4**, and the grayscale version is **C3C3C3**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **FFEEBD**, and **B98155** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **F4A86F**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **F4C49F**.

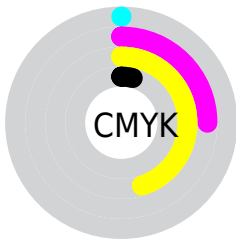
Distribution



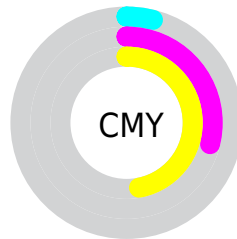
- Red (96%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (85%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color F4B687 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color F4B687 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 F4B687

 F4B687

FFFFFF

 D69B6D

 FFEEBD

 B98155

 FFFFD9

 9D683D

 FFFFF5

 815026

 66380F

 4C2200

 320E00

 180001

 000000

 F4B687

 F4B687

 F4A86F

 F4C49F

 F49A56

 F4D2B8

 F48C3E

 F4E0D0

 F47E25

 F4EEE9

 F4710D

 F4FBFF

 F46900

 F4FFFF

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



FFACA0



F4B687



D7C27E

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



F4B687



62D5C5



CBB9FC

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



F4B687



87C5F4

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



99C5FF



F4B687



4BD4E7

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



F4B687



8AD3A2



65CFFF



F1AEE3

Rectangle

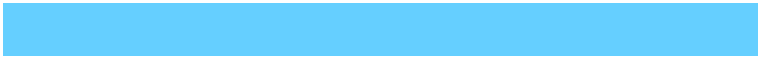
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



F4B687



BFC983



65CFFF



BCBDFE

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



F4B687



FFECDE



F487C7



80746B



000000



808080

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



F4B687



FFB175



F4EB87



7A736E



BA5000



3B1900

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87C5F4



75C4FF



8790F4



6E757A



006ABA



00213B

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color F4B687 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

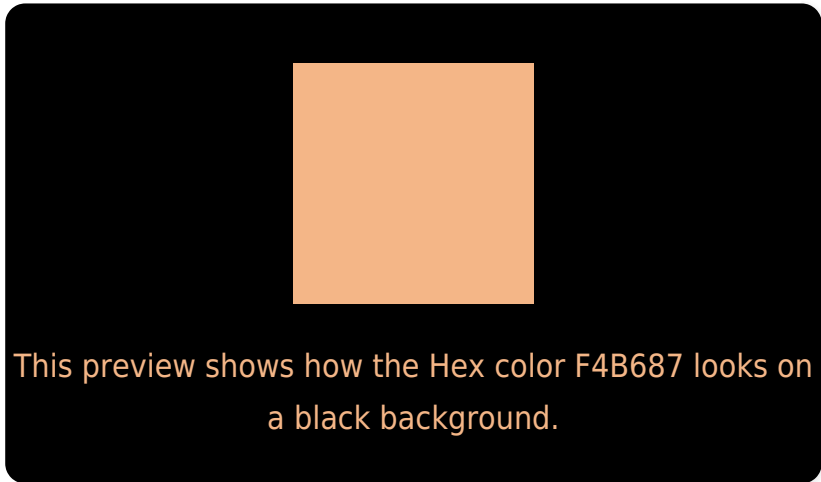
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

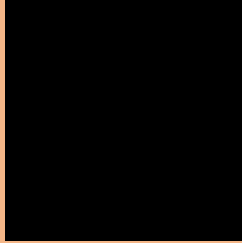
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex F4B687 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color F4B687.

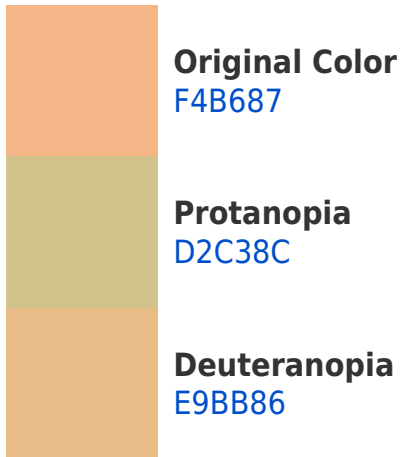


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color F4B687.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

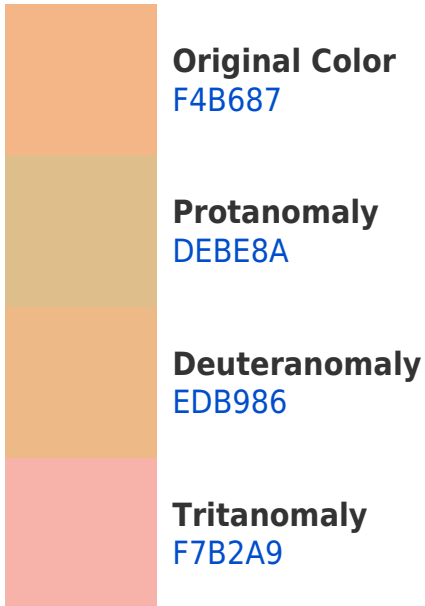
Dichromacy



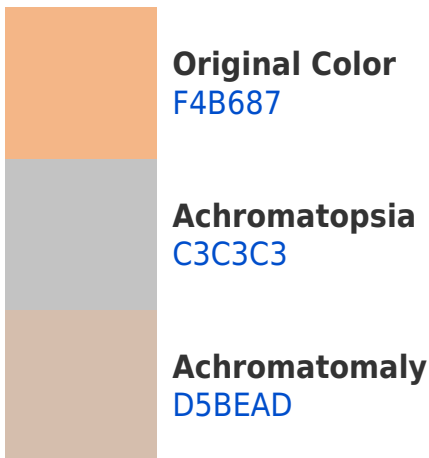


Tritanopia
F9AFBC

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex F4B687 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #F4B687 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#F4B687  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #F4B687 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #F4B687
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex F4B687 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#F4B687 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#F4B687 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #F4B687 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #F4B687; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #F4B687; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #F4B687 }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex F4B687 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#F4B687 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#F4B687 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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