

# Converting Colors

Hex(FF4611)

Have a look what the booklet for  
Hex(FF4611) contains.

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**Color**

**Hex(F4611)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FF4611
RGB	255, 70, 17
RGB Percent	100%, 27%, 7%
CMY	0.0000, 0.7255, 0.9333
CMYK	0.00, 0.73, 0.93, 0.00
HSL	13°, 100%, 53%
HSV	13°, 93%, 100%
XYZ	43.5313, 25.6808, 3.1928
YIQ	119.2730, 127.2730, 22.7370

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

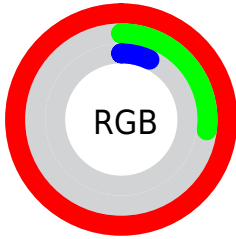
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	255, 85, 17
Decimal	16729617
CIELab	57.73, 67.60, 65.45
CIELCh	58, 94.092, 44.076
Yxy	25.6808, 0.6012, 0.3547
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294919697 (0xFFFF4611)
YUV	119.2730, -50.4206, 119.0326
Hunter-Lab	50.6762, 64.6498, 31.7378

# Details

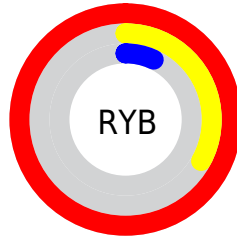
The Hex color **FF4611** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **FF3300**. The color can be described as dark washed red. A complement of this color would be **11CAFF**, and the grayscale version is **787878**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **FF8248**, and **BD0000** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **FF3900**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **FF5A2B**.

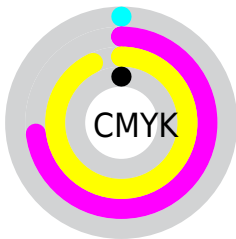
# Distribution



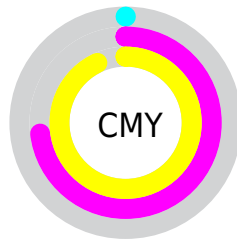
- Red (100%)
- Green (27%)
- Blue (7%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (33%)
- Blue (7%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (93%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (73%)
- Yellow (93%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color FF4611 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color FF4611 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 FF4611

 FF4611

FFFFFF

 DE2200

 FF8248

 BD0000

 FF9F62

 9C0000

 FFBC7C

 7C0000

 FFD997

 5C0001

 FFF7B3

 3F0003

 FFFFCE

 1C0001

 FFFFEB

 000000

 FF4611

 FF4611

 FF3900

 FF5A2B

 FF6E44

 FF815E

 FF9577

 FFA991

 FFBDA A

 FFD1C4

 FFE5DD

 FFF8F7

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



FF0068



FF4611



CC7700

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



FF4611



00AA5A



0089FF

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



FF4611



11CAFF

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



00A1FF



FF4611



00ACB1

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



FF4611



00A300



00ABFD



BA5DFF

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



FF4611



9F8B00



00ABFD



0093FF



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



FF4611



FFC8B8



FF11CB



805E54



000000



808080



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



FF4611



FF3900



FFBC11



807673



BF2B00



400E00

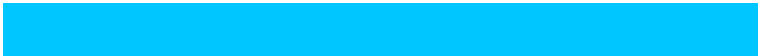


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11CAFF



00C6FF



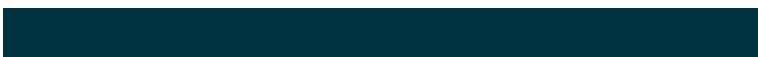
1154FF



737D80



0095BF



003240



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color FF4611 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

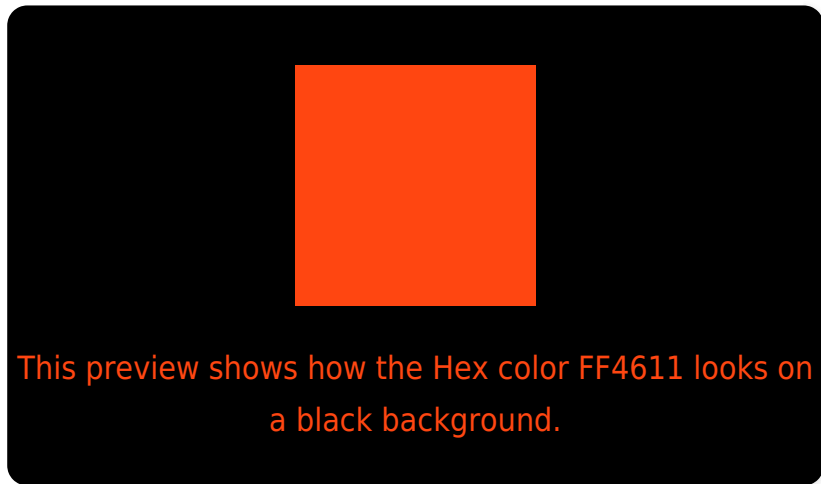
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## Hex FF4611 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color FF4611.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color FF4611.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
FF4611

**Protanopia**  
9C8B23

**Deuteranopia**  
AF8400



**Tritanopia**  
FF4345

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
FF4611

**Protanomaly**  
C0721C

**Deuteranomaly**  
CC6D06

**Tritanomaly**  
FF4432

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
FF4611

**Achromatopsia**  
777777

**Achromatomaly**  
A86552

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex FF4611 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #FF4611 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#FF4611  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #FF4611 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #FF4611
}
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex FF4611 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#FF4611 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#FF4611 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #FF4611 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #FF4611; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #FF4611; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #FF4611 }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex FF4611 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#FF4611 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#FF4611 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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