

Converting Colors

Hex(FFB1D1)

Have a look what the booklet for
Hex(FFB1D1) contains.

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Color

Hex(FFB1D1)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFB1D1
RGB	255, 177, 209
RGB Percent	100%, 69%, 82%
CMY	0.0000, 0.3059, 0.1804
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	335°, 100%, 85%
HSV	335°, 31%, 100%
XYZ	68.4708, 57.3077, 67.7743
YIQ	203.9700, 36.2160, 26.4880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

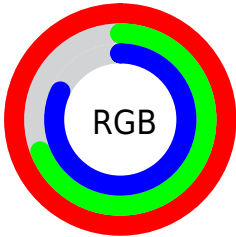
Format	Color
R_{YB}	255, 177, 209
Decimal	16757201
CIE _{Lab}	80.35, 32.91, -4.64
CIE _{LCh}	80, 33.235, 351.975
Yxy	57.3077, 0.3538, 0.2961
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294947281 (0xFFFFB1D1)
YUV	203.9700, 2.4798, 44.7533
Hunter-Lab	75.7019, 28.9713, -0.0898

Details

The Hex color **FFB1D1** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FF99CC**. A complement of this color would be **B1FFDF**, and the grayscale version is **CCCCCC**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **FFE9FF**, and **C57B9B** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **FF97C2**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **FFCBE0**.

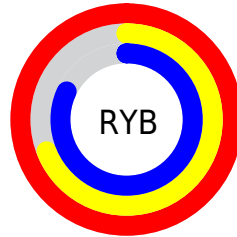
Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (69%)

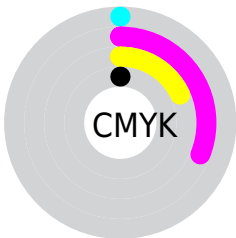
Blue (82%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (82%)

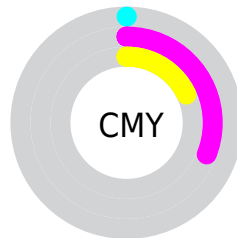


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (18%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the Hex color FFB1D1 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the Hex color FFB1D1 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 FFB1D1

 FFB1D1

FFFFFF

 E296B5

 FFE9FF

 C57B9B

 A96281

 8E4968

 733150

 591839

 400023

 2C000E

 000000

 #FFB1D1

 #FFB1D1

 #FF97C2

 #FFCBE0

 #FF7EB3

 #FFE4EF

 #FF64A4

#FFFEFE

 #FF4B95

FFFFFF

 #FF3186

 #FF1877

 #FF0069

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



E7B8EE



FFB1D1



FFB1B2

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



FFB1D1



C6CD8D



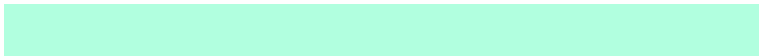
6DD4F7

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



FFB1D1



B1FFDF

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66D8DD



FFB1D1



A2D4A0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



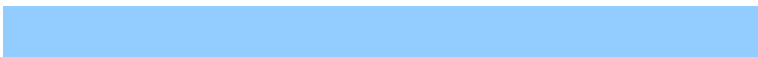
FFB1D1



E5C38A



7FD8BE



93CDFE

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



FFB1D1



FFB59F



7FD8BE



66D6F0

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



FFB1D1



FFE8F1



DEB1FF



807177



000000



808080

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



FFB1D1



FFA1C7



FFB8B1



807378



BF004E



40001A

Inverse Universe

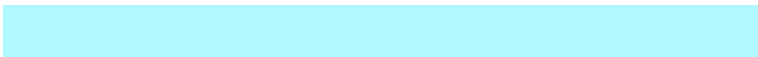
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



FFB1D1



FFA1C7



B1F9FF



807378



BF004E



40001A

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the Hex color FFB1D1 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

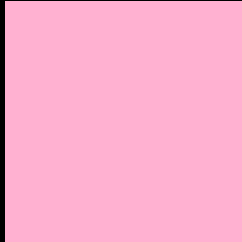
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the Hex color FFB1D1 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

Hex FFB1D1 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the Hex color FFB1D1.

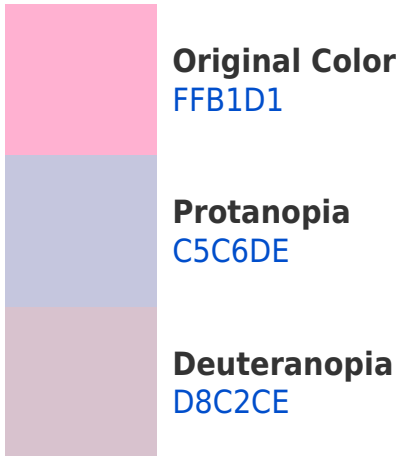


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the Hex color FFB1D1.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
FDB4C1

Trichromacy



Original Color
FFB1D1



Protanomaly
DABED9



Deuteranomaly
E6BCCF

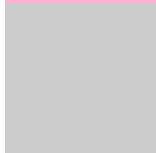


Tritanomaly
FEB3C7

Monochromacy



Original Color
FFB1D1



Achromatopsia
CCCCCC



Achromatomaly
DFC2CE

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to Hex FFB1D1 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color #FFB1D1 looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:#FFB1D1  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel #FFB1D1 colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px #FFB1D1
}
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to Hex FFB1D1 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid
#FFB1D1 }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:#FFB1D1 }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel #FFB1D1 colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #FFB1D1; -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px  
4px 4px #FFB1D1; box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px #FFB1D1 }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to Hex FFB1D1 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:#FFB1D1 }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:#FFB1D1 }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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