Converting Colors

HSL(180°, 18%, 66%)

Have a look what the booklet for HSL(180°, 18%, 66%) contains.

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Color

HSL(180°, 18%, 66%)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	99B8B8
RGB	153, 184, 184
RGB Percent	60%, 72%, 72%
CMY	0.4012, 0.2788, 0.2788
CMYK	0.17, 0.00, 0.00, 0.28
HSL	180°, 18%, 66%
HSV	180°, 17%, 72%
XYZ	38.8420, 44.4413, 51.8266
YIQ	174.7310, -18.4760, -6.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

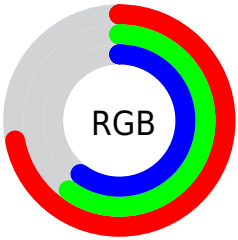
Format	Color
RYB	153, 169, 184
Decimal	10074296
CIELab	72.52, -10.52, -3.53
CIELCh	73, 11.096, 198.560
Yxy	44.4413, 0.2875, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4288264376 (0xFF99B8B8)
YUV	174.7310, 4.5696, -19.0581
Hunter-Lab	66.6643, -12.6592, 0.5714

Details

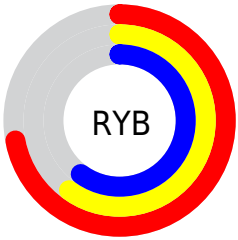
The HSL color 180°, 18%, 66% is a light color, and the websafe version is hex 99CCCC. A complement of this color would be 0°, 18%, 66%, and the grayscale version is 0°, 0%, 64%.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 0°, 52%, 88%, and 0°, 12%, 46% is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 0°, 26%, 62%, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 0°, 8%, 70%.

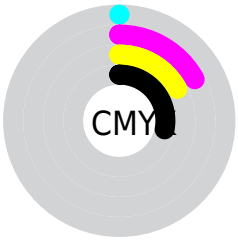
Distribution



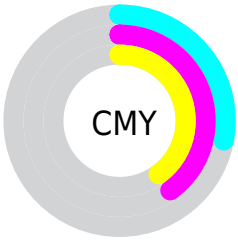
- Red (72%)
- Green (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (72%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (28%)



- Cyan (28%)
- Magenta (40%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HSL color 0°, 18%, 66% changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HSL color 0°, 18%, 66% by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

0°, 18%, 66%

0°, 0%, 100%

0°, 53%, 88%

0°, 100%, 96%

0°, 18%, 66%

360°, 13%, 56%

360°, 12%, 46%

359°, 15%, 36%

359°, 19%, 26%

358°, 26%, 18%

1°, 52%, 9%

0°, 0%, 0%

0°, 18%, 66%

0°, 26%, 62%

0°, 18%, 66%

0°, 8%, 70%

0°, 32%, 59%

0°, 38%, 55%

0°, 42%, 52%

0°, 50%, 48%

0°, 63%, 44%

0°, 77%, 41%

0°, 94%, 37%

0°, 100%, 36%

180°, 4%, 73%

180°, 20%, 77%

180°, 42%, 80%

180°, 75%, 84%

180°, 100%, 86%

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

336°, 16%, 65%

0°, 18%, 66%

18°, 20%, 64%

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

0°, 18%, 66%

113°, 10%, 61%

211°, 20%, 64%

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

17°, 23%, 71%

180°, 18%, 66%

334°, 18%, 72%

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.

180°, 18%, 66%

236°, 16%, 73%

359°, 21%, 73%

59°, 12%, 66%

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.

180°, 18%, 66%

205°, 24%, 70%

359°, 21%, 73%

27°, 21%, 69%

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.

180°, 18%, 66%

180°, 28%, 92%

120°, 18%, 66%

180°, 3%, 46%

0°, 0%, 97%

0°, 0%, 47%

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.

180°, 18%, 66%

180°, 61%, 85%

210°, 18%, 66%

180°, 5%, 34%

180°, 100%, 30%

180°, 100%, 6%

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.

300°, 18%, 66%

300°, 61%, 85%

30°, 18%, 66%

300°, 5%, 34%

300°, 100%, 30%

300°, 100%, 6%

Previews

White Background

This preview shows how the HSL color 180°, 18%, 66% looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background

This preview shows how the HSL color 180°, 18%, 66% looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the Color Contrast Checker.

HSL 180°, 18%, 66% Background

This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HSL color 180°, 18%, 66%.

This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HSL color 180°, 18%, 66%.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their article about color blindness.

Dichromacy

Original Color
180°, 18%, 66%

Protanopia
300°, 2%, 70%

Deuteranopia
316°, 13%, 71%

Tritanopia
200°, 26%, 69%

Trichromacy

Original Color
180°, 18%, 66%

Protanomaly
185°, 7%, 69%

Deuteranomaly
247°, 6%, 71%

Tritanomaly
194°, 23%, 68%

Monochromacy

Original Color
180°, 18%, 66%

Achromatopsia
0°, 0%, 69%

Achromatomaly
180°, 7%, 68%

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HSL 180°, 18%, 66% is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color hsl(180, 18%, 66%) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{
    color:hsl(180, 18%, 66%)
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our CSS Text Shadow Generator.

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel hsl(180, 18%, 66%) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px hsl(180, 18%, 66%) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HSL 180°, 18%, 66% is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid hsl(180, 18%, 66%) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:hsl(180, 18%, 66%) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel hsl(180, 18%, 66%) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px hsl(180, 18%, 66%); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px hsl(180, 18%, 66%); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px hsl(180, 18%, 66%) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HSL 180°, 18%, 66% is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{
background:hsl(180, 18%, 66%) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:hsl(180,
18%, 66%) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our online CSS compressor and optimizer based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our CSS Gradient Generator.

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