

Converting Colors

HSL(310°, 35%, 97%)

Have a look what the booklet for
HSL(310°, 35%, 97%) contains.

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Color

HSL(312°, 33%, 97%)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FAF5F9
RGB	250, 245, 249
RGB Percent	98%, 96%, 98%
CMY	0.0201, 0.0399, 0.0241
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.00, 0.02
HSL	312°, 33%, 97%
HSV	312°, 2%, 98%
XYZ	89.0568, 92.3312, 102.6398
YIQ	246.9510, 1.6960, 2.3040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

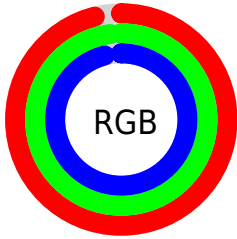
Format	Color
R _Y B	250, 245, 249
Decimal	16446969
CIE Lab	96.96, 2.39, -1.35
CIE LCh	97, 2.745, 330.521
Yxy	92.3312, 0.3135, 0.3251
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294637049 (0xFFFAF5F9)
YUV	246.9510, 1.0102, 2.6740
Hunter-Lab	96.0891, -2.7196, 3.9304

Details

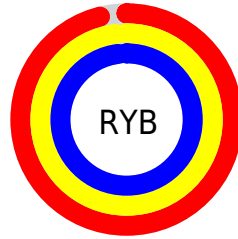
The HSL color 312° , 33%, 97% is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 132° , 33%, 97%, and the grayscale version is 0° , 0%, 97%.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 0° , 0%, 100%, and 132° , 4%, 75% is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 132° , 75%, 92%, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 300° , 100%, 99%.

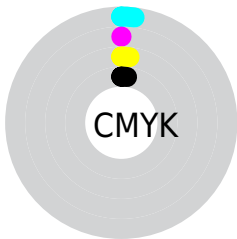
Distribution



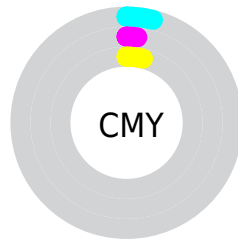
- Red (96%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (96%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (98%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HSL color 132°, 33%, 97% changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HSL color 132°, 33%, 97% by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

132°, 33%, 97%

132°, 33%, 97%

0°, 0%, 100%

132°, 7%, 86%

132°, 4%, 75%

132°, 3%, 64%

132°, 2%, 54%

132°, 2%, 44%

132°, 2%, 34%

132°, 3%, 25%

133°, 4%, 17%

133°, 8%, 9%

132°, 33%, 97%

132°, 33%, 97%

132°, 75%, 92%

300°, 100%, 99%

132°, 84%, 87%

132°, 89%, 82%

132°, 91%, 77%

132°, 93%, 73%

132°, 94%, 68%

132°, 95%, 63%

132°, 95%, 58%

132°, 96%, 53%

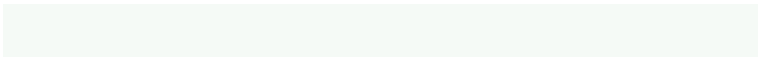
Harmonies

Analogous

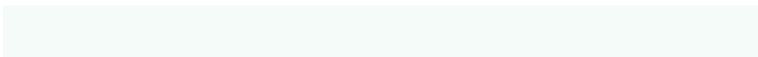
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



76°, 31%, 97%



132°, 33%, 97%



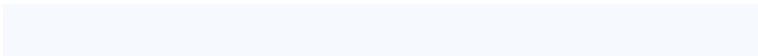
166°, 43%, 97%

Triad

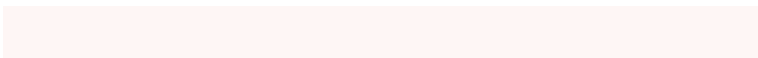
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



132°, 33%, 97%



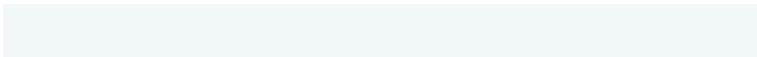
219°, 76%, 98%



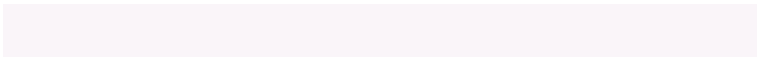
7°, 90%, 98%

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166°, 34%, 96%



312°, 33%, 97%



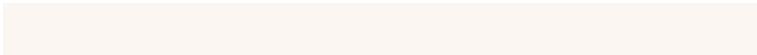
76°, 25%, 96%

Square

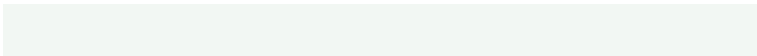
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



312°, 33%, 97%



23°, 55%, 97%



132°, 25%, 96%



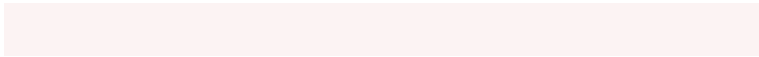
202°, 53%, 96%

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



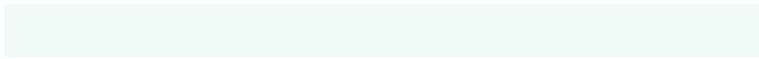
312°, 33%, 97%



1°, 59%, 97%



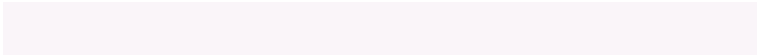
132°, 25%, 96%



181°, 36%, 96%

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



312°, 33%, 97%

312°, 100%, 100%



251°, 33%, 97%



312°, 1%, 50%



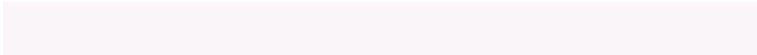
0°, 0%, 0%



0°, 0%, 50%

Same Dimension

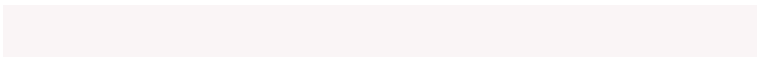
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



312°, 33%, 97%



312°, 100%, 99%



341°, 33%, 97%



312°, 1%, 49%



312°, 100%, 37%



312°, 100%, 12%

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



312°, 33%, 97%



312°, 100%, 99%



161°, 33%, 97%



312°, 1%, 49%



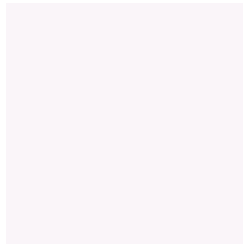
312°, 100%, 37%



312°, 100%, 12%

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HSL color 312°, 33%, 97% looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

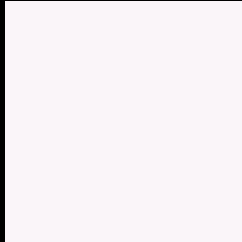
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HSL color 312°, 33%, 97% looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

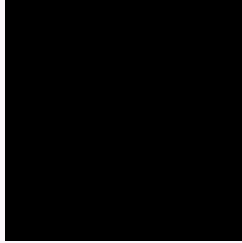
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

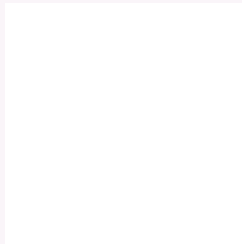
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HSL 312°, 33%, 97% Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HSL color 312°, 33%, 97%.

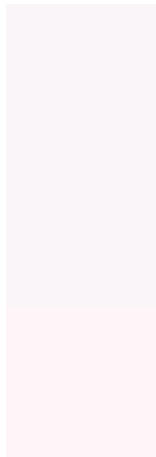


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HSL color 312°, 33%, 97%.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


312°, 33%, 97%

Protanopia

312°, 33%, 97%

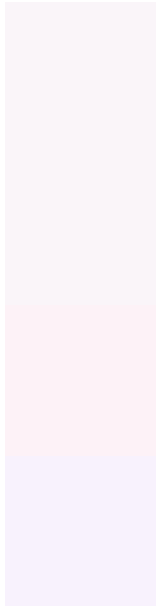
Deuteranopia

335°, 100%, 98%



Tritanopia
267°, 100%, 98%

Trichromacy



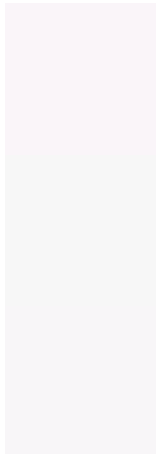
Original Color
312°, 33%, 97%

Protanomaly
312°, 33%, 97%

Deuteranomaly
333°, 69%, 97%

Tritanomaly
273°, 69%, 97%

Monochromacy



Original Color
312°, 33%, 97%

Achromatopsia
0°, 0%, 97%

Achromatomaly
300°, 12%, 97%

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HSL 312°, 33%, 97% is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `hsl(312, 33%, 97%)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:hsl(312, 33%, 97%)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel hsl(312, 33%, 97%) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px hsl(312, 33%, 97%) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HSL 312°, 33%, 97% is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid hsl(312, 33%, 97%) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:hsl(312, 33%, 97%) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `hsl(312, 33%, 97%)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px hsl(312, 33%, 97%); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px hsl(312, 33%, 97%);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px hsl(312, 33%,  
97%) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HSL 312°, 33%, 97% is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background:hsl(312, 33%, 97%) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:hsl(312,  
33%, 97%) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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