

# Converting Colors

HSV(21°, 88%, 100%)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HSV(21°, 88%, 100%) contains.

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# Color

**HSV(21°, 88%, 100%)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	FF6D1F
RGB	255, 109, 31
RGB Percent	100%, 43%, 12%
CMY	0.0000, 0.5720, 0.8800
CMYK	0.00, 0.57, 0.88, 0.00
HSL	21°, 100%, 56%
HSV	21°, 88%, 100%
XYZ	46.9657, 32.3240, 5.0326
YIQ	143.7620, 112.0540, 6.6940

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

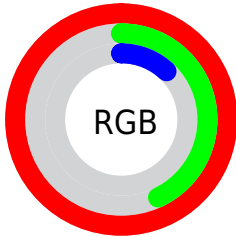
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	255, 151, 31
Decimal	16739615
CIE Lab	63.61, 52.15, 65.48
CIE LCh	64, 83.709, 51.469
Yxy	32.3240, 0.5570, 0.3833
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294929695 (0xFFFF6D1F)
YUV	143.7620, -55.5917, 97.5557
Hunter-Lab	56.8542, 47.9590, 34.5497

# Details

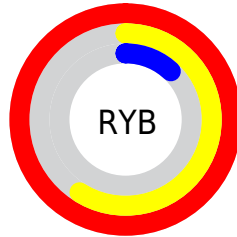
The HSV color  $21^\circ, 88\%, 100\%$  is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex  $\text{FF6600}$ . The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be  $201^\circ, 88\%, 100\%$ , and the grayscale version is  $0^\circ, 0\%, 57\%$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $28^\circ, 67\%, 100\%$ , and  $17^\circ, 100\%, 75\%$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $21^\circ, 88\%, 100\%$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $21^\circ, 88\%, 100\%$ .

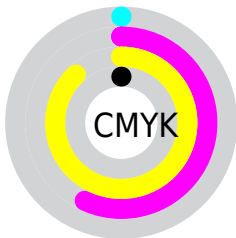
# Distribution



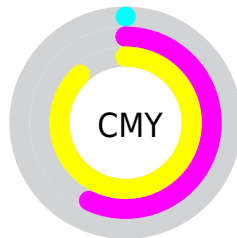
- Red (100%)
- Green (43%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Black (0%)





















- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (57%)
- Yellow (88%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HSV color 21°, 88%, 100% changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HSV color 21°, 88%, 100% by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 21°, 88%, 100%	 21°, 88%, 100%
 0°, 0%, 100%	 22°, 100%, 87%
 28°, 67%, 100%	 17°, 100%, 75%
 34°, 56%, 100%	 8°, 100%, 62%
 43°, 46%, 100%	 0°, 100%, 50%
 57°, 35%, 100%	 0°, 100%, 38%
 60°, 24%, 100%	 359°, 100%, 26%
 60°, 13%, 100%	 358°, 100%, 15%
 60°, 1%, 100%	 0°, 0%, 0%

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



349°, 72%, 100%



21°, 88%, 100%



42°, 100%, 80%

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



21°, 88%, 100%



162°, 100%, 73%



222°, 63%, 100%

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



21°, 88%, 100%



201°, 88%, 100%

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200°, 100%, 100%



21°, 88%, 100%



186°, 100%, 81%

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



21°, 88%, 100%



137°, 100%, 70%



197°, 100%, 100%



289°, 58%, 97%

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



21°, 88%, 100%



60°, 100%, 63%



197°, 100%, 100%



204°, 100%, 100%

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



21°, 88%, 100%



21°, 26%, 100%



321°, 88%, 100%



21°, 31%, 50%



21°, 0%, 0%



21°, 0%, 50%





# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



21°, 88%, 100%



21°, 106%, 100%



51°, 88%, 100%



21°, 10%, 50%



21°, 110%, 75%



21°, 110%, 25%

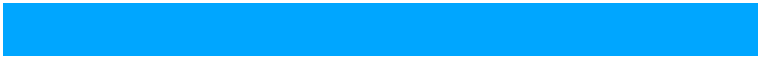


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



201°, 88%, 100%



201°, 106%, 100%



231°, 88%, 100%



201°, 10%, 50%



201°, 110%, 75%

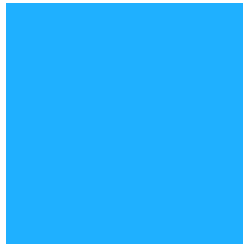


201°, 110%, 25%



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HSV color 201°, 88%, 100% looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

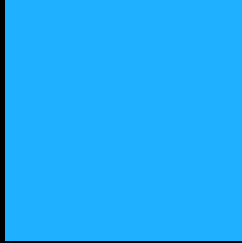
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the HSV color 201°, 88%, 100% looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

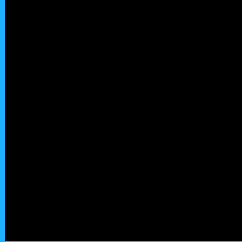
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

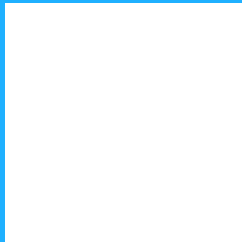
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

**HSV 201°, 88%, 100%**

## **Background**



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HSV color 201°, 88%, 100%.



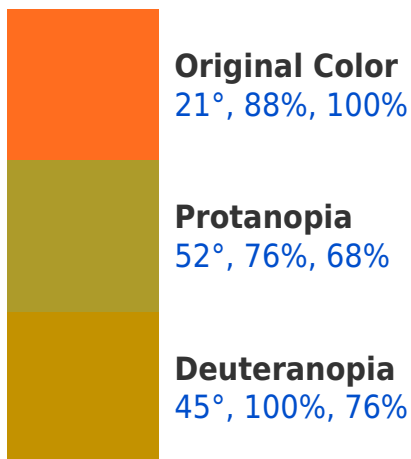
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HSV color 201°, 88%, 100%.



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

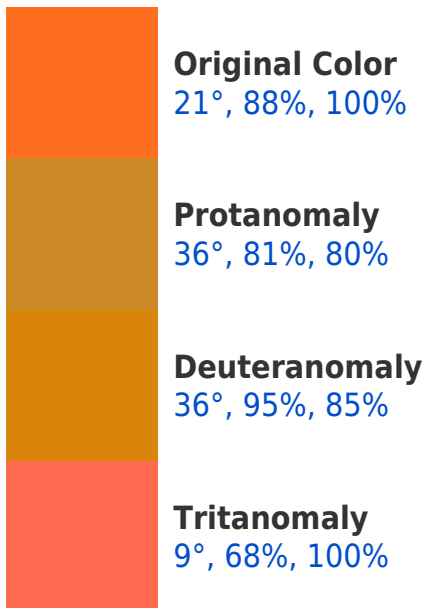
## Dichromacy



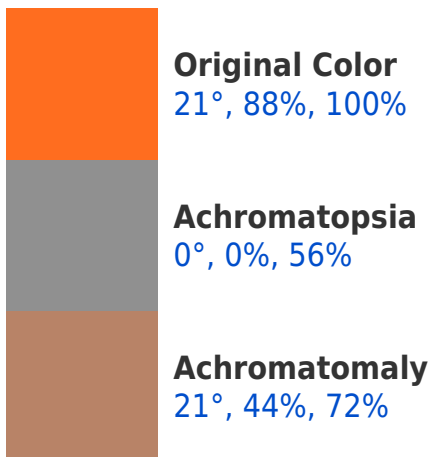


**Tritanopia**  
358°, 59%, 100%

# Trichromacy



# Monochromacy



# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HSV 201°, 88%, 100% is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 176, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
  color:rgb(31, 176, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 176, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 176, 255) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HSV 201°, 88%, 100% is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 176, 255) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 176, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 176, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 176, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 176, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 176,  
255) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HSV 201°, 88%, 100% is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 176, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 176,  
255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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