Converting Colors

HSV(84°, 0%, 40%)

Have a look what the booklet for HSV(84°, 0%, 40%) contains.

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Color

HSV(0°, 0%, 40%)

Conversions

Format	Color
Hex	666666
RGB	102, 102, 102
RGB Percent	40%, 40%, 40%
CMY	0.6000, 0.6000, 0.6000
CMYK	0.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	0°, 0%, 40%
HSV	0°, 0%, 40%
XYZ	12.6291, 13.2868, 14.4694
YIQ	102.0000, -0.0000, -0.0000

Conversions Part 1

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

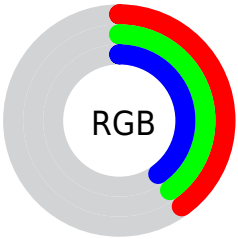
Format	Color
RYB	102, 102, 102
Decimal	6710886
CIELab	43.19, 0.00, -0.01
CIELCh	43, 0.006, 296.813
Yxy	13.2868, 0.3127, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4284900966 (0xFF666666)
YUV	102.0000, 0.0000, 0.0000
Hunter-Lab	36.4511, -1.9449, 1.9805

Details

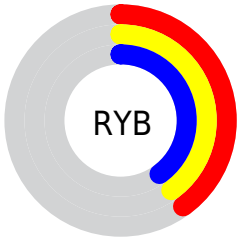
The HSV color 0°, 0%, 40% is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex 666666. A complement of this color would be 0°, 0%, 40%, and the grayscale version is 0°, 0%, 40%.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 0°, 0%, 60%, and 0°, 0%, 22% is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 0°, 0%, 40%, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 0°, 0%, 40%.

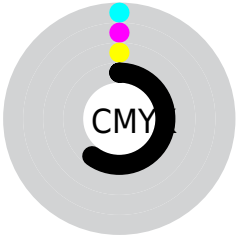
Distribution



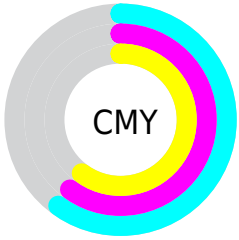
- Red (40%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (60%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HSV color 0°, 0%, 40% changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HSV color 0°, 0%, 40% by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

0°, 0%, 40%	0°, 0%, 40%
0°, 0%, 100%	185°, 0%, 31%
92°, 0%, 60%	225°, 0%, 22%
89°, 0%, 70%	239°, 0%, 13%
86°, 0%, 81%	248°, 0%, 5%
85°, 0%, 92%	0°, 0%, 0%

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

164°, 0%, 40%

0°, 0%, 40%

26°, 0%, 40%

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

121°, 0%, 40%

41°, 0%, 40%

125°, 0%, 40%

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

97°, 0%, 40%

0°, 0%, 40%

54°, 0%, 40%

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.

121°, 0%, 40%

33°, 0%, 40%

75°, 0%, 40%

145°, 0%, 40%

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.

0°, 0%, 40%

26°, 0%, 40%

75°, 0%, 40%

115°, 0%, 40%

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.

0°, 0%, 40%

0°, 0%, 52%

300°, 0%, 40%

0°, 0%, 26%

0°, 0%, 76%

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.

0°, 0%, 40%

0°, 0%, 52%

30°, 0%, 40%

0°, 0%, 20%

0°, 110%, 45%

0°, 110%, 95%

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.

180°, 0%, 40%

180°, 0%, 52%

210°, 0%, 40%

180°, 0%, 20%

180°, 110%, 45%

180°, 110%, 95%

Previews

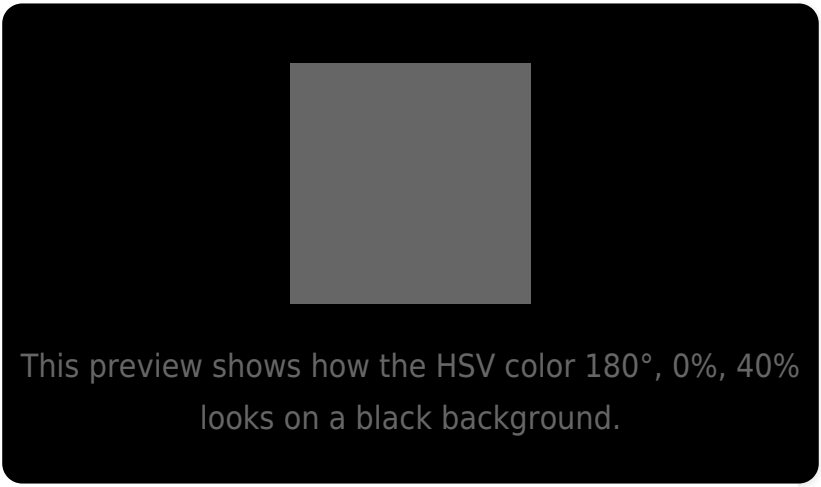
White Background

This preview shows how the HSV color 180°, 0%, 40% looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AAA ✕ Fail

Black Background



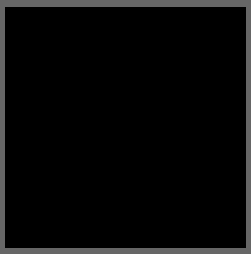
This preview shows how the HSV color 180°, 0%, 40% looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

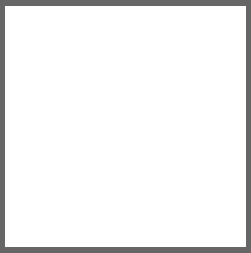
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the Color Contrast Checker.

HSV 180°, 0%, 40% Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HSV color 180°, 0%, 40%.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HSV color 180°, 0%, 40%.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their article about color blindness.

Dichromacy

Original Color
0°, 0%, 40%

Protanopia
340°, 3%, 41%

Deuteranopia
340°, 11%, 44%

Tritanopia
255°, 7%, 43%

Trichromacy

Original Color
0°, 0%, 40%

Protanomaly
330°, 2%, 40%

Deuteranomaly
338°, 7%, 42%

Tritanomaly
264°, 5%, 42%

Monochromacy

Original Color
0°, 0%, 40%

Achromatopsia
0°, 0%, 40%

Achromatomaly
0°, 0%, 40%

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HSV 180°, 0%, 40% is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(102, 102, 102) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{
    color:rgb(102, 102, 102)
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our CSS Text Shadow Generator.

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 102, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(102, 102, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HSV 180°, 0%, 40% is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(102, 102, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(102, 102, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(102, 102, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 102, 102); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 102, 102); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(102, 102, 102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HSV 180°, 0%, 40% is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{
background:rgb(102, 102, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color:rgb(102,
102, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our online CSS compressor and optimizer based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our CSS Gradient Generator.

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