

Converting Colors

HunterLab(1.8553, 3.6477,
-2.4471)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(1.8553, 3.6477, -2.4471)
contains.

HunterLab(1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(1.8595, 3.6559,
-2.4526)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	040004
RGB	4, 0, 4
RGB Percent	2%, 0%, 2%
CMY	0.9843, 1.0000, 0.9843
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.00, 0.98
HSL	300°, 100%, 1%
HSV	300°, 100%, 2%
XYZ	0.0720, 0.0346, 0.1177
YIQ	1.6520, 1.1000, 2.0920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	4, 0, 4
Decimal	262148
CIE _{Lab}	0.31, 1.60, -1.15
CIE _{LCh}	0, 1.970, 324.439
Yxy	0.0346, 0.3209, 0.1542
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278452228 (0xFF040004)
YUV	1.6520, 1.1576, 2.0592
Hunter-Lab	1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526

Details

The HunterLab color **1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **2.9468, -2.5268, 1.7715**, and the grayscale version is **2.2311, -0.1190, 0.1212**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **17.4835, 0.2342, 0.1562**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **2.0800, 2.9104, -1.9416**.

Distribution



Red (2%)

Green (0%)

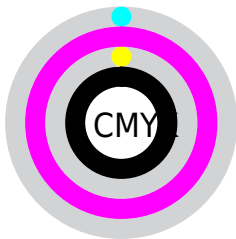
Blue (2%)



Red (2%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (2%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (98%)



Cyan (98%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (98%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 1.8595, 3.6559,
-2.4526

■ 1.8595, 3.6559,
-2.4526

■ 87.7382, -3.1191,
3.7071

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 17.5144, -0.0134,
0.3212

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 25.2266, -0.3084,
0.6621

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 33.8235, -0.6625,
1.0590

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.2220, -1.0682,
1.5055

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.3587, -1.5204,
1.9968

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.1834, -2.0149,

2.5294

■ 75.6547, -2.5487,
3.1003

■ 1.8595, 3.6559,
-2.4526

■ 2.0800, 2.9104,
-1.9416

■ 2.2792, 2.3293,
-1.5429

■ 2.4623, 1.8537,
-1.2161

■ 2.6327, 1.4509,
-0.9391

■ 2.7928, 1.1011,
-0.6984

■ 2.9441, 0.7916,
-0.4852

■ 3.0881, 0.5136,
-0.2935

■ 3.2256, 0.2608,
-0.1192

■ 3.3575, 0.0288,
0.0410

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



1.8595, 1.8104, -3.8964



1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526



1.8595, 4.4950, -0.3243

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



1.8595, 3.6558, -2.4525



1.8595, 0.3480, 1.3017



1.8595, -3.2542, -1.7155

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526



2.9468, -2.5268, 1.7715

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



1.8595, -3.2542, 0.5267



1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526



1.8595, -2.0091, 1.3017

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



1.8595, 3.6558, -2.4525



1.8595, 2.5852, 1.3017



1.8595, -3.2542, 1.3017



1.8595, -2.7839, -3.4709

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526



1.8595, 4.3709, 1.1961



1.8595, -3.2542, 1.3017



1.8595, -3.2542, -0.9937

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



1.8595, 3.6558, -2.4525



3.4869, 0.5799, -0.3314



0.9363, 2.5395, -6.6521



2.3973, 0.5405, -0.3243



47.2667, -2.5220, 2.5681



2.7821, -0.1484, 0.1512

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



1.8595, 3.6558, -2.4525



2.0997, 4.1280, -2.7693



1.7377, 3.2280, -0.8323



2.6807, 0.0230, 0.0327



12.5123, 24.5996, -16.5025



39.1520, 76.9740, -51.6372

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



1.8595, 3.6558, -2.4525



2.0997, 4.1280, -2.7693



3.0202, -2.0717, 0.6973



2.6807, 0.0230, 0.0327



12.5123, 24.5996, -16.5025



39.1520, 76.9740, -51.6372

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

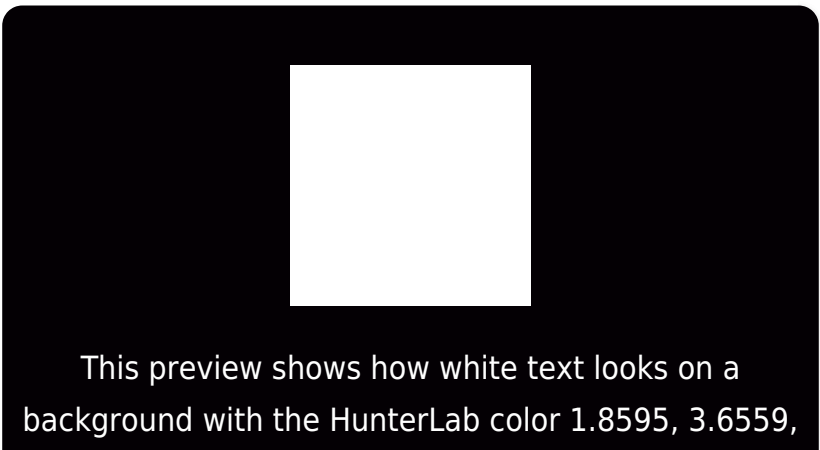
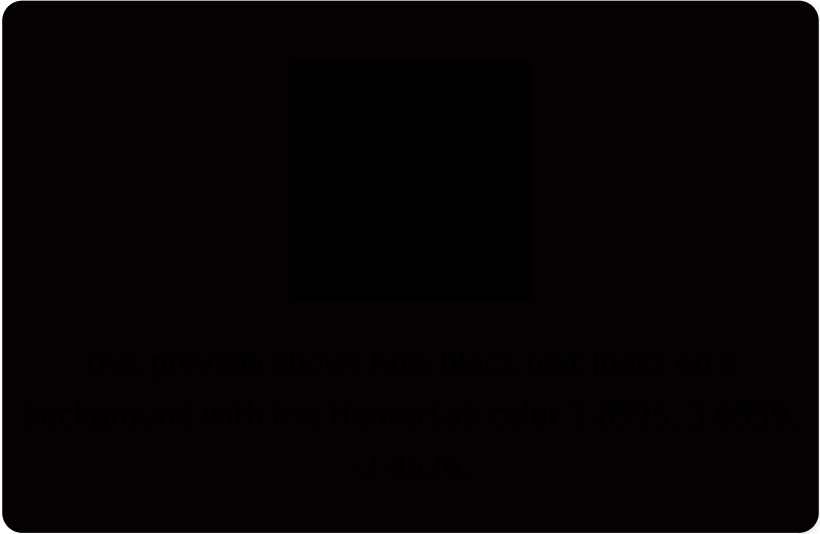
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526 Background



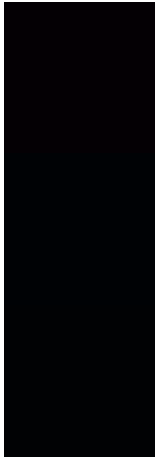
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 1.8595, 3.6559,

-2.4526.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526

Protanopia

2.3318, -0.3220, -2.2195

Deuteranopia

2.4215, -0.0992, -1.3221



Tritanopia

2.7131, 0.6952, 0.4289

Trichromacy



Original Color

1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526

Protanomaly

1.9778, 1.1203, -3.0658

Deuteranomaly

2.0828, 1.3090, -1.9635

Tritanomaly

2.3258, 1.8669, -0.7302

Monochromacy



Original Color

1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526

Achromatopsia

2.4638, -0.1315, 0.1339

Achromatomaly

2.1827, 1.4831, -0.9692

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(4, 0, 4)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(4, 0, 4)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(4, 0, 4) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(4, 0, 4) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(4, 0, 4) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(4, 0, 4) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(4, 0, 4)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(4, 0, 4); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 0, 4); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(4, 0, 4) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 1.8595, 3.6559, -2.4526 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(4, 0, 4) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(4, 0, 4)  
}
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor