

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.0681, 24.4474,
-49.3496)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.0681, 24.4474,
-49.3496) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.0627, 24.4002,
-49.0593)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F0059
RGB	31, 0, 89
RGB Percent	12%, 0%, 35%
CMY	0.8784, 1.0000, 0.6510
CMYK	0.65, 1.00, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	261°, 100%, 17%
HSV	261°, 100%, 35%
XYZ	2.3683, 1.0126, 9.5218
YIQ	19.4150, -10.0930, 34.2510

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

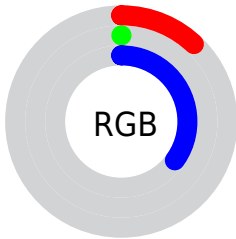
Format	Color
R_{YB}	31, 0, 89
Decimal	2031705
CIE Lab	9.10, 37.87, -45.50
CIE LCh	9, 59.199, 309.766
Yxy	1.0126, 0.1836, 0.0785
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280221785 (0xFF1F0059)
YUV	19.4150, 34.3054, 10.1600
Hunter-Lab	10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593

Details

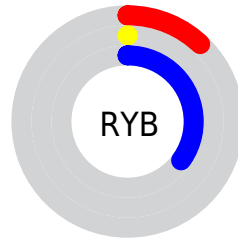
The HunterLab color **10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **28.3624, -16.1704, 17.1937**, and the grayscale version is **8.0964, -0.4320, 0.4399**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.2028, 27.6830, -45.3814**, and **4.8197, 8.2495, -23.8324** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0629, 24.4005, -49.0580**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4200, 21.5247, -41.6551**.

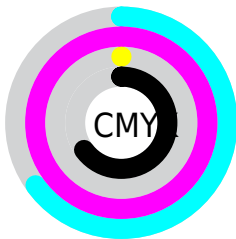
Distribution



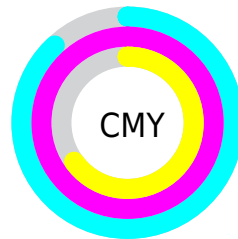
- Red (12%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (65%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (88%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.0627, 24.4002,
-49.0593

10.0627, 24.4002,
-49.0593

98.8336, 36.1228,
-49.3466

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

24.2395, 27.7256,
-45.3710

0.0000, NaN, -NF

32.7337, 29.2783,
-45.4562

0.0000, NaN, NaN

42.0384, 30.7030,
-45.9128

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

52.0883, 32.0024,
-46.5388

0.0000, NaN, NaN

62.8316, 33.1850,
-47.2362

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

74.2263, 34.2603,

-47.9536

■ 86.2370, 35.2369,
-48.6625

■ 10.0627, 24.4002,
-49.0593

■ 10.0627, 24.4002,
-49.0593

■ 10.0629, 24.4005,
-49.0580

■ 11.4200, 21.5247,
-41.6551

■ 12.8549, 19.1050,
-35.3361

■ 14.5934, 16.3702,
-29.1197

■ 16.5796, 13.5578,
-23.3449

■ 18.7639, 10.7914,
-18.1128

■ 21.1080, 8.1174,
-13.3987

■ 23.5832, 5.5433,
-9.1322

■ 26.1682, 3.0606,
-5.2356

■ 28.8469, 0.6555,
-1.6387

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.0629, 4.6720, -77.0848



10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593



10.0629, 41.5788, -13.7261

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.0629, 24.4005, -49.0580



10.0629, 11.1074, 7.0441



10.0629, -17.6101, -5.1059

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593



28.3624, -16.1704, 17.1937

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.0629, -17.6101, 7.0441



10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593



10.0629, -4.9805, 7.0441

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.0629, 24.4005, -49.0580



10.0629, 31.3422, 7.0441



10.0629, -17.0296, 7.0441



10.0629, -17.6101, -35.7883

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593



10.0629, 45.6296, 0.4382



10.0629, -17.0296, 7.0441



10.0629, -17.6101, 0.6561

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.0629, 24.4005, -49.0580



30.5103, 7.5576, -12.4404



19.7068, -3.8324, -16.3588



14.9141, 4.2541, -6.9960



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.0629, 24.4005, -49.0580



12.9716, 31.7121, -65.2433



14.7775, 30.1877, -28.2857



14.4594, 0.1777, -0.5973



12.0941, 29.5060, -60.3580



27.8505, 69.1482, -148.3070

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.5863, 28.6517, -5.1201



20.3294, 37.2986, -6.1173



26.9165, -22.1245, 16.1985



14.6261, 0.6685, 0.2054



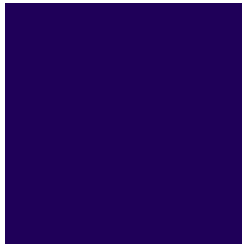
18.8986, 34.6903, -5.8180



44.5982, 81.5235, -11.0858

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

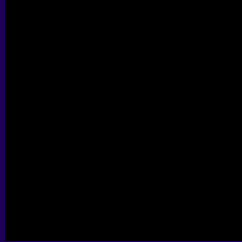
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593.

-49.0593.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593

Protanopia

11.0749, 1.7147, -17.5441

Deuteranopia

11.0811, -1.5144, -10.5813



Tritanopia

11.2758, -5.6362, -1.9268

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593

Protanomaly

9.8572, 10.3478, -30.6216

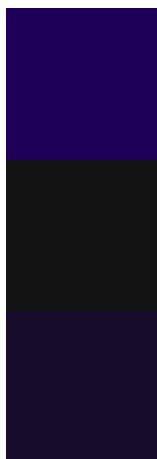
Deuteranomaly

9.7628, 7.4575, -24.2253

Tritanomaly

9.5958, 3.9392, -16.3507

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593

Achromatopsia

8.0698, -0.4306, 0.4384

Achromatomaly

7.9180, 7.3218, -12.8357

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 0, 89)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 0, 89)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 0, 89) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 0, 89) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 0, 89) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 0, 89) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 0, 89)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 0, 89); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 0, 89); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 0, 89) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.0627, 24.4002, -49.0593 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 0, 89) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 0,  
89) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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