

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.0888, 2.3832,
-11.2148)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.0888, 2.3832,
-11.2148) contains.

HunterLab(10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(10.0136, 2.6820,
-11.6498)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	111832
RGB	17, 24, 50
RGB Percent	7%, 9%, 20%
CMY	0.9333, 0.9059, 0.8039
CMYK	0.66, 0.52, 0.00, 0.80
HSL	227°, 49%, 13%
HSV	227°, 66%, 20%
XYZ	1.1335, 1.0027, 3.1514
YIQ	24.8710, -12.5180, 6.6020

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

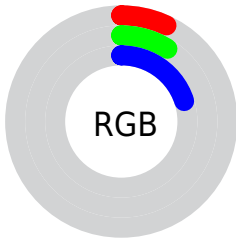
Format	Color
RYB	17, 23, 50
Decimal	1120306
CIELab	9.01, 6.42, -18.28
CIELCh	9, 19.371, 289.342
Yxy	1.0028, 0.2144, 0.1896
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279310386 (0xFF111832)
YUV	24.8710, 12.3886, -6.9029
Hunter-Lab	10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498

Details

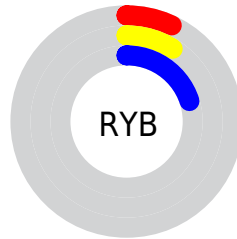
The HunterLab color **10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000033**. A complement of this color would be **15.6411, -1.3461, 7.6039**, and the grayscale version is **9.7871, -0.5222, 0.5318**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.0492, 3.1342, -13.0076**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.0051, 3.6388, -14.2555**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.0839, 1.8683, -9.2793**.

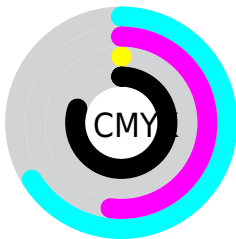
Distribution



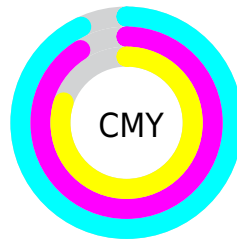
- Red (7%)
- Green (9%)
- Blue (20%)



- Red (7%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (20%)



- Cyan (66%)
- Magenta (52%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (80%)



- Cyan (93%)
- Magenta (91%)
- Yellow (80%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.0136, 2.6820,
-11.6498

■ 10.0136, 2.6820,
-11.6498

■ 98.7282, 1.3147,
-13.9245

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 24.1735, 2.9134,
-12.5104

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 32.6608, 2.8762,
-12.9110

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 41.9592, 2.7612,
-13.2448

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.0032, 2.5795,
-13.5089

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 62.7410, 2.3387,
-13.7052

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.1305, 2.0446,

-13.8374

■ 86.1363, 1.7021,
-13.9093

■ 10.0136, 2.6820,
-11.6498

■ 10.0136, 2.6820,
-11.6498

■ 9.0051, 3.6388,
-14.2555

■ 11.0839, 1.8683,
-9.2793

■ 8.0601, 4.7291,
-17.1482

■ 12.2060, 1.1755,
-7.1161

■ 7.1455, 5.8430,
-20.5337

■ 13.3724, 0.5833,
-5.1292

■ 6.7872, 6.2929,
-22.0681

■ 14.5773, 0.0745,
-3.2898

■ 15.8161, -0.3651,
-1.5727

■ 17.0852, -0.7473,
0.0428

■ 18.3815, -1.0814,
1.5742

■ 19.7025, -1.3750,
3.0357

■ 21.0464, -1.6344,
4.4391

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.0138, -2.1727, -12.3502



10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498



10.0138, 7.4016, -6.9533

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.0138, 2.6821, -11.6495



10.0138, 6.1570, 6.6592



10.0138, -8.9004, 2.0591

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498



15.6411, -1.3461, 7.6039

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.0138, -7.0110, 5.8006



10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498



10.0138, 1.2156, 7.0096

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



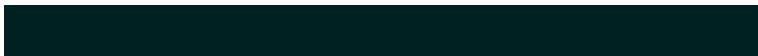
10.0138, 2.6821, -11.6495



10.0138, 9.6528, 3.2320



10.0138, -3.4082, 7.0096



10.0138, -8.5700, -2.7905

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498



10.0138, 9.5546, -3.0407



10.0138, -3.4082, 7.0096



10.0138, -8.5038, 3.4050

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.0138, 2.6821, -11.6495



19.1886, -0.1937, -3.0518



16.0428, -7.9905, 1.3521



10.4797, -0.0879, -1.7469



59.5560, -3.1778, 3.2358



12.3795, -0.6605, 0.6726

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.0138, 2.6821, -11.6495



10.5451, 5.5511, -20.4677



9.2493, 7.1888, -13.5184



9.4149, -0.3729, -0.1766



10.9034, 14.4039, -44.7222



26.3601, 45.0682, -130.2371

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7005, 9.3115, 1.9683



12.0238, 14.7755, 3.3878



16.6912, -6.2985, 8.2908



9.4220, 0.1522, 0.5437



14.7750, 25.6193, 7.0931



38.6141, 66.6380, 20.9961

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

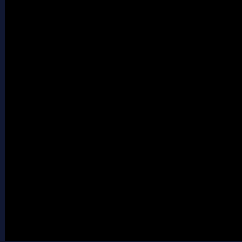
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498.

-11.6498.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498

Protanopia

9.9617, 1.5219, -12.4758

Deuteranopia

9.6749, -1.0176, -9.8961



Tritanopia

9.8877, -4.9068, -1.7664

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498

Protanomaly

10.0620, 1.8485, -12.2225

Deuteranomaly

9.6913, 0.2768, -10.4763

Tritanomaly

9.8108, -2.3063, -5.0768

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498

Achromatopsia

9.8596, -0.5261, 0.5357

Achromatomaly

9.9062, 0.0929, -2.9520

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(17, 24, 50)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(17, 24, 50)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(17, 24, 50) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(17, 24, 50) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(17, 24, 50) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(17, 24, 50) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(17, 24, 50)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(17, 24, 50); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 24, 50);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(17, 24, 50)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.0136, 2.6820, -11.6498 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(17, 24, 50) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(17, 24,  
50) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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