

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.0962, -7.8889,  
2.0167)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(10.0962, -7.8889, 2.0167)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(10.4267, -7.0871,  
2.2666)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	002015
RGB	0, 32, 21
RGB Percent	0%, 13%, 8%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8745, 0.9176
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.34, 0.87
HSL	159°, 100%, 6%
HSV	159°, 100%, 13%
XYZ	0.6519, 1.0872, 0.8849
YIQ	21.1780, -15.5410, -10.2050

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

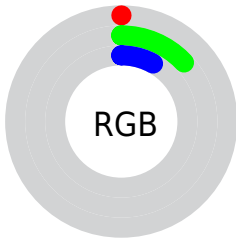
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	0, 19, 32
Decimal	8213
CIELab	9.70, -15.10, 4.06
CIELCh	10, 15.633, 164.939
Yxy	1.0872, 0.2484, 0.4143
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278198293 (0xFF002015)
YUV	21.1780, -0.0878, -18.5731
Hunter-Lab	10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666

# Details

The HunterLab color **10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **5.7556, 10.2757, 0.4646**, and the grayscale version is **8.7163, -0.4651, 0.4736**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.6691, -10.1481, 3.7210**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4269, -7.0873, 2.2667**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.5453, -6.5650, 2.0867**.

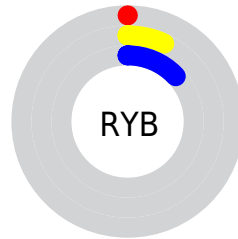
# Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (13%)

Blue (8%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Blue (13%)

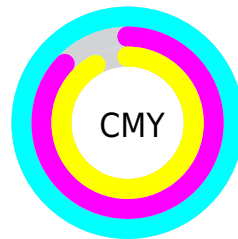


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (34%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (87%)

Yellow (92%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 10.4267, -7.0871,  
2.2666

■ 10.4267, -7.0871,  
2.2666

■ 99.6094, -20.2077,  
9.2711

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 24.7261, -10.2457,  
3.6898

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 33.2713, -11.7700,  
4.4231

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.6225, -13.2360,  
5.1755

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7154, -14.6641,  
5.9492

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 63.4990, -16.0677,  
6.7454


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 74.9317, -17.4556,


7.5644


 86.9784, -18.8341,  
8.4063


 10.4267, -7.0871,  
2.2666


 10.4267, -7.0871,  
2.2666


 10.4269, -7.0873,  
2.2667

 10.5453, -6.5650,  
2.0867

 10.6631, -6.0500,  
1.8987

 10.7806, -5.5419,  
1.7028

 10.9043, -5.0144,  
1.5067

 11.0456, -4.4248,  
1.3242

■ 11.2048, -3.7752,  
1.1567

■ 11.3818, -3.0684,  
1.0052

■ 11.5766, -2.3079,  
0.8704

■ 11.7889, -1.4974,  
0.7529

# Harmonies

## Analogous

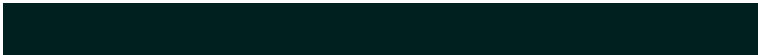
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4269, -5.3931, 5.0511



10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666



10.4269, -7.0908, -1.4415

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4269, -7.0872, 2.2667



10.4269, 1.4452, -8.9307



10.4269, 5.2925, 5.0418

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666



5.7556, 10.2757, 0.4646

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4269, 7.7120, 2.2540



10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666



10.4269, 5.2789, -5.8407

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4269, -7.0872, 2.2667



10.4269, -2.4327, -8.9237



10.4269, 7.7067, -1.4588



10.4269, 1.4616, 6.6533

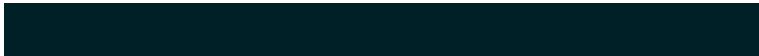


# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666



10.4269, -6.1340, -4.3933



10.4269, 7.7067, -1.4588



10.4269, 6.3211, 4.2112

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4269, -7.0872, 2.2667



13.9927, -3.9751, 1.2778



10.5147, -7.2436, 6.3522



8.0237, -2.2010, 0.7164



54.3783, -2.9015, 2.9545



8.4820, -0.4526, 0.4608



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4269, -7.0872, 2.2667



12.8459, -8.8451, 3.0378



9.4731, -4.1929, -2.7891



6.8961, -0.7499, 0.4229



24.1785, -17.0888, 6.6689



67.9504, -48.9962, 20.8366



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.7556, 10.2757, 0.4646



7.0646, 12.5482, 1.0784



6.4133, 6.8067, 4.0708



6.6674, 0.0363, 0.3201



13.2074, 23.2233, 3.8423

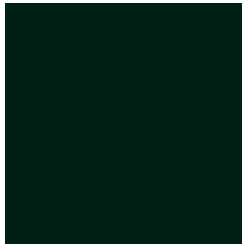


36.9536, 64.5153, 14.3343



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

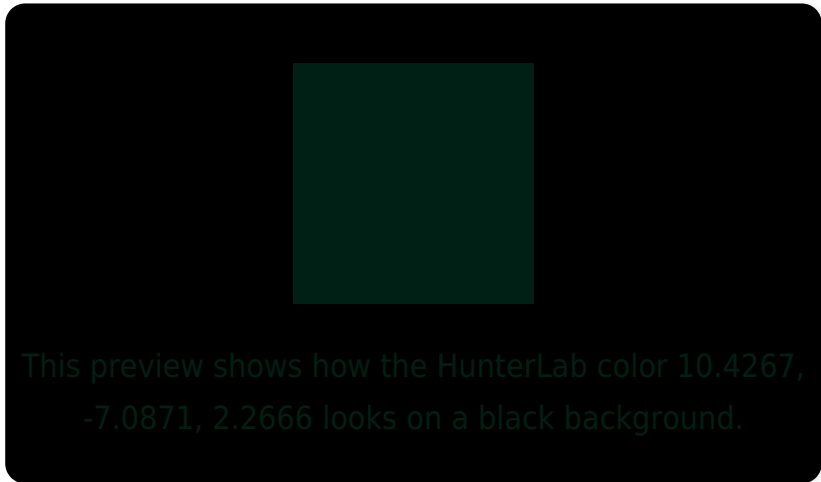
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

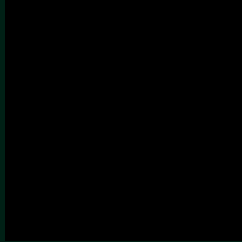
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

## HunterLab 10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.4267, -7.0871,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666

### Protanopia

10.7403, -1.0422, 3.1989

### Deuteranopia

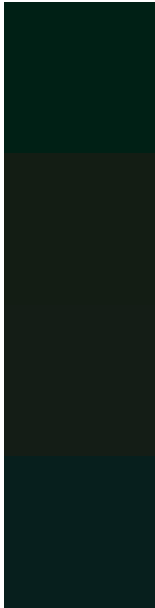
10.7185, 0.1011, 2.4077



**Tritanopia**

10.7746, -3.9040, -1.3467

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666

## Protanomaly

10.3329, -3.6719, 2.5053

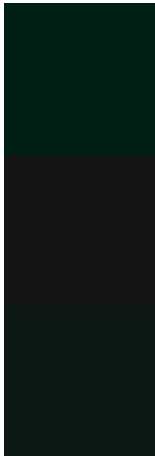
## Deuteranomaly

10.4182, -3.2798, 2.0424

## Tritanomaly

10.5539, -4.9493, -0.1135

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666

## Achromatopsia

8.6597, -0.4621, 0.4705

## Achromatomaly

9.1377, -3.3136, 0.9692

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 32, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 32, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 32, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 32, 21) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 32, 21) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 32, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 32, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 32, 21); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 32, 21); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 32, 21) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.4267, -7.0871, 2.2666 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 32, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 32,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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