

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.2142, -6.8286,
1.9741)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.2142, -6.8286, 1.9741)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.1691, -6.8193,
2.0103)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|----------------------------|
| Hex | 001F15 |
| RGB | 0, 31, 21 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 12%, 8% |
| CMY | 1.0000, 0.8784, 0.9176 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.00, 0.32, 0.88 |
| HSL | 161°, 100%, 6% |
| HSV | 161°, 100%, 12% |
| XYZ | 0.6253, 1.0341, 0.8761 |
| YIQ | 20.5910, -15.2660, -9.6820 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

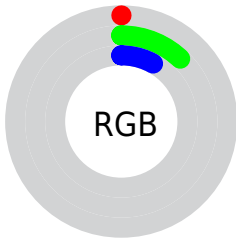
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| RYB | 0, 18, 31 |
| Decimal | 7957 |
| CIELab | 9.27, -14.35, 3.46 |
| CIELCh | 9, 14.761, 166.461 |
| Yxy | 1.0341, 0.2466, 0.4078 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278198037 (0xFF001F15) |
| YUV | 20.5910, 0.2016, -18.0583 |
| Hunter-Lab | 10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103 |

Details

The HunterLab color **10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **5.5967, 9.9759, 0.5811**, and the grayscale version is **8.5413, -0.4557, 0.4641**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.3904, -9.7834, 3.4265**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.1693, -6.8194, 2.0104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.2856, -6.3094, 1.8519**.

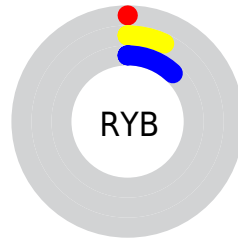
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (12%)

Blue (8%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (7%)

Blue (12%)

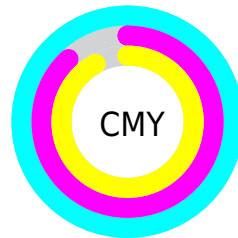


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (88%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.1691, -6.8193,
2.0103

■ 10.1691, -6.8193,
2.0103

■ 99.0610, -19.4374,
8.6704

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 24.3819, -9.7741,
3.3266

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 32.8912, -11.2458,
4.0175

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.2095, -12.6636,
4.7315

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.2720, -14.0472,
5.4698

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 63.0272, -15.4091,
6.2330


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 74.4331, -16.7578,


7.0209


 86.4543, -18.0991,
7.8335


 10.1691, -6.8193,
2.0103


 10.1691, -6.8193,
2.0103


 10.1693, -6.8194,
2.0104

 10.2856, -6.3094,
1.8519

 10.4013, -5.8072,
1.6868

 10.5165, -5.3125,
1.5151

 10.6361, -4.8054,
1.3429

 10.7722, -4.2409,
1.1844

■ 10.9252, -3.6194,
1.0413

■ 11.0952, -2.9437,
0.9144

■ 11.2821, -2.2169,
0.8043

■ 11.4857, -1.4426,
0.7115

Harmonies

Analogous

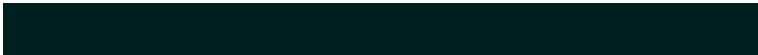
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.1693, -5.2551, 4.7466



10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103



10.1693, -6.7359, -1.5244

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.1693, -6.8194, 2.0104



10.1693, 1.5216, -8.1490



10.1693, 4.7533, 4.9635

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103



5.5967, 9.9759, 0.5811

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.1693, 7.0952, 2.3068



10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103



10.1693, 5.0570, -5.1984

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.1693, -6.8194, 2.0104



10.1693, -2.1336, -8.3041



10.1693, 7.2135, -1.1356



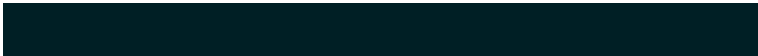
10.1693, 1.1515, 6.4516

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103



10.1693, -5.7570, -4.2633



10.1693, 7.2135, -1.1356



10.1693, 5.7349, 4.1775

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.1693, -6.8194, 2.0104



13.9984, -3.9421, 1.1952



10.2308, -7.0977, 6.1799



8.0269, -2.1829, 0.6711



54.3783, -2.9015, 2.9545



8.4820, -0.4526, 0.4608

Same Dimension

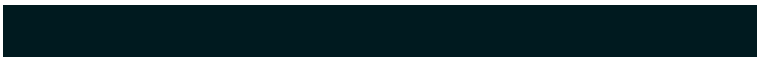
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.1693, -6.8194, 2.0104



12.8616, -8.7494, 2.8115



9.1125, -3.9381, -2.8885



6.8968, -0.7462, 0.4134



24.2101, -16.8949, 6.2106



68.0434, -48.4252, 19.4879

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.5967, 9.9759, 0.5811



7.0483, 12.4887, 1.3127



6.3520, 6.3398, 4.0250



6.6667, 0.0327, 0.3297



13.1787, 23.1180, 4.2592



36.8802, 64.2452, 15.4066

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

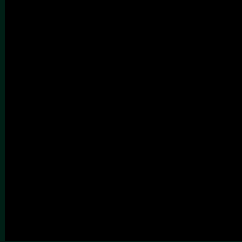
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.1691, -6.8193,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103

Protanopia

10.4503, -0.9311, 2.9277

Deuteranopia

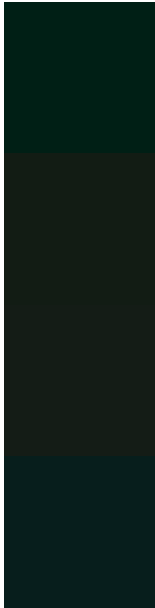
10.4308, 0.2156, 2.1166



Tritanopia

10.5070, -3.7262, -1.3018

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103

Protanomaly

10.0479, -3.5324, 2.2245

Deuteranomaly

10.1841, -2.9491, 1.8047

Tritanomaly

10.2838, -4.7789, -0.0808

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103

Achromatopsia

8.6597, -0.4621, 0.4705

Achromatomaly

9.1377, -3.3136, 0.9692

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 31, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 31, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 31, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 31, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 31, 21) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 31, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 31, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 31, 21); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 31, 21); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 31, 21) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.1691, -6.8193, 2.0103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 31, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 31,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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