

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.2773, 24.3216,
-60.5200)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.2773, 24.3216,
-60.5200) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.2676, 23.9985,
-59.9785)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0D0462
RGB	13, 4, 98
RGB Percent	5%, 2%, 38%
CMY	0.9490, 0.9843, 0.6157
CMYK	0.87, 0.96, 0.00, 0.62
HSL	246°, 92%, 20%
HSV	246°, 96%, 38%
XYZ	2.4140, 1.0542, 11.6315
YIQ	17.4070, -24.8100, 31.1420

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

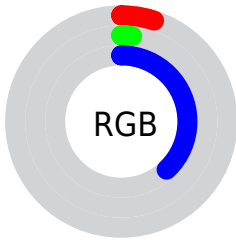
Format	Color
RYB	13, 4, 98
Decimal	853090
CIELab	9.44, 37.34, -51.04
CIElCh	9, 63.243, 306.186
Yxy	1.0542, 0.1599, 0.0698
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279043170 (0xFF0D0462)
YUV	17.4070, 39.7323, -3.8649
Hunter-Lab	10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785

Details

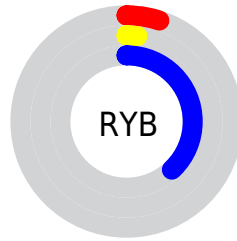
The HunterLab color **10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **32.9658, -11.6199, 19.9035**, and the grayscale version is **7.4987, -0.4001, 0.4074**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.5351, 27.0964, -54.1344**, and **5.6314, 9.7703, -28.1300** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.7081, 25.7087, -64.1395**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.6601, 20.7280, -51.2094**.

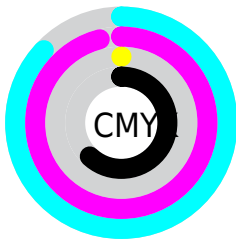
Distribution



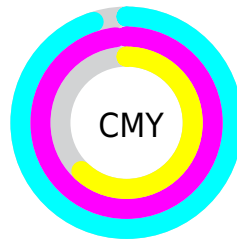
- Red (5%)
- Green (2%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (5%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Blue (38%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (62%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (98%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.2676, 23.9985,
-59.9785

■ 10.2676, 23.9985,
-59.9785

■ 99.2707, 35.5315,
-57.6310

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 24.5134, 27.3026,
-54.1348

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 33.0364, 28.8314,
-53.8681

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.3674, 30.2309,
-54.1468

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.4415, 31.5052,
-54.6948

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.2076, 32.6633,
-55.3760

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.6237, 33.7146,

-56.1173

■ 86.6548, 34.6680,
-56.8771

■ 10.2676, 23.9985,
-59.9785

■ 10.2676, 23.9985,
-59.9785

■ 9.7081, 25.7087,
-64.1395

■ 11.6601, 20.7280,
-51.2094

■ 13.4378, 17.3962,
-42.3992

■ 15.6034, 14.0919,
-34.0464

■ 18.0647, 11.0331,
-26.6009

■ 20.7529, 8.2601,
-20.0805

■ 23.6192, 5.7435,
-14.3521

■ 26.6295, 3.4365,
-9.2584

■ 29.7597, 1.2943,
-4.6611

■ 32.9919, -0.7201,
-0.4493

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2676, 2.9062, -88.3618



10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785



10.2676, 44.1461, -19.0708

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2676, 24.0000, -59.9786



10.2676, 14.6787, 7.1873



10.2676, -17.9683, -3.0364

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785



32.9658, -11.6199, 19.9035

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2676, -17.9683, 7.1873



10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785



10.2676, -3.6007, 7.1873

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2676, 24.0000, -59.9786



10.2676, 36.8685, 7.1873



10.2676, -16.5550, 7.1873



10.2676, -17.9683, -34.8798

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785



10.2676, 50.1652, -1.5374



10.2676, -16.5550, 7.1873



10.2676, -17.9683, 2.3181

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2676, 24.0000, -59.9786



33.6600, 5.7245, -14.8277



28.7195, -13.4343, -6.3937



15.8423, 3.2282, -8.1953



72.2857, -3.8570, 3.9274



22.5557, -1.2035, 1.2255

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2676, 24.0000, -59.9786



12.7481, 33.9536, -85.7303



13.7597, 28.3519, -40.8162



15.8941, -0.0687, -0.8210



11.1526, 29.6283, -74.4140



25.4074, 68.2016, -174.9808

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



18.4514, 34.2979, -18.3919



24.0723, 46.3930, -24.5107



30.4324, -21.6255, 18.1501



16.2010, 0.9501, -0.2281



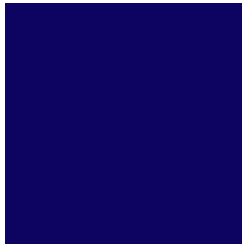
20.9910, 40.4653, -21.4563



48.4439, 93.2730, -48.6281

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

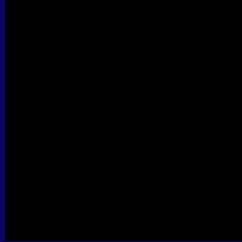
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785

Protanopia

11.0257, 1.4547, -16.9214

Deuteranopia

11.0811, -1.5144, -10.5813



Tritanopia

11.2490, -5.7949, -1.5508

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785

Protanomaly

10.1340, 9.5454, -31.4917

Deuteranomaly

9.9913, 7.6149, -27.1206

Tritanomaly

9.7496, 3.6763, -18.2713

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785

Achromatopsia

7.4869, -0.3995, 0.4068

Achromatomaly

7.5522, 6.5972, -15.5230

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 4, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 4, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 4, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 4, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 4, 98) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 4, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(13, 4, 98)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 4, 98); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 4, 98); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 4, 98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.2676, 23.9985, -59.9785 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 4, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 4,  
98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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