

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.3090, -0.2072,
-0.9488)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.3090, -0.2072,
-0.9488) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.2195, -0.1099,
-1.2255)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	191A1F
RGB	25, 26, 31
RGB Percent	10%, 10%, 12%
CMY	0.9020, 0.8980, 0.8784
CMYK	0.19, 0.16, 0.00, 0.88
HSL	230°, 11%, 11%
HSV	230°, 19%, 12%
XYZ	1.0176, 1.0444, 1.4443
YIQ	26.2710, -2.2010, 1.3430

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

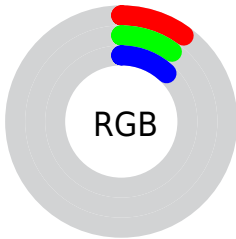
Format	Color
RYB	25, 26, 31
Decimal	1645087
CIELab	9.36, 0.91, -3.63
CIELCh	9, 3.738, 284.059
Yxy	1.0444, 0.2902, 0.2979
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279835167 (0xFF191A1F)
YUV	26.2710, 2.3314, -1.1147
Hunter-Lab	10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255

Details

The HunterLab color **10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **11.3579, -0.9417, 2.1812**, and the grayscale version is **10.2400, -0.5464, 0.5564**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.4810, -0.6829, -1.0484**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **9.4757, 0.1975, -2.2690**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9804, -0.3878, -0.2404**.

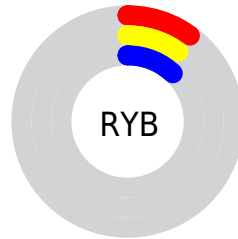
Distribution



Red (10%)

Green (10%)

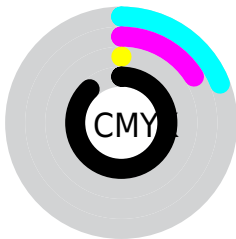
Blue (12%)



Red (10%)

Yellow (10%)

Blue (12%)

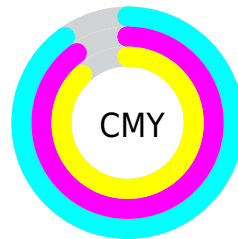


Cyan (19%)

Magenta (16%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (88%)



Cyan (90%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.2195, -0.1099,
-1.2255

■ 10.2195, -0.1099,
-1.2255

■ 99.1686, -4.3733,
1.8322

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 24.4494, -0.7252,
-0.9682

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 32.9657, -1.1198,
-0.7246

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.2905, -1.5627,
-0.4194

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.3590, -2.0495,
-0.0598

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.1198, -2.5764,
0.3489

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.5309, -3.1409,

0.8026

■ 86.5572, -3.7404,
1.2979

■ 10.2195, -0.1099,
-1.2255

■ 10.2195, -0.1099,
-1.2255

■ 9.4757, 0.1975,
-2.2690

■ 10.9804, -0.3878,
-0.2404

■ 8.7501, 0.5407,
-3.3826

■ 11.7561, -0.6402,
0.6950

■ 8.0453, 0.9262,
-4.5796

■ 12.5457, -0.8711,
1.5890

■ 7.3642, 1.3623,
-5.8752

■ 13.3480, -1.0838,
2.4479

■ 6.7102, 1.8574,
-7.2869

■ 14.1622, -1.2807,
3.2772

■ 6.0688, 2.3646,
-8.8838

■ 14.9874, -1.4640,
4.0813

■ 5.4049, 2.9123,
-10.8389

■ 15.8230, -1.6356,
4.8640

■ 4.6481, 3.6839,
-13.6069

■ 16.6684, -1.7969,
5.6285

■ 4.5950, 3.7459,
-13.8298

■ 17.5231, -1.9493,
6.3774

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.2197, -1.0299, -1.2084



10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255



10.2197, 0.7209, -0.7362

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.2197, -0.1101, -1.2253



10.2197, 0.7643, 1.6652



10.2197, -2.2008, 1.0103

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255



11.3579, -0.9417, 2.1812

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.2197, -1.7538, 1.7004



10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255



10.2197, -0.0526, 2.0687

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.2197, -0.1101, -1.2253



10.2197, 1.2378, 0.9589



10.2197, -0.9744, 2.0816



10.2197, -2.2150, 0.1366

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255



10.2197, 1.1037, -0.2121



10.2197, -0.9744, 2.0816



10.2197, -2.0969, 1.2693

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.2197, -0.1101, -1.2253



14.1874, -0.5859, 0.0414



11.3132, -2.0641, 0.5328



8.1425, -0.3438, 0.0551



54.3783, -2.9015, 2.9545



8.4820, -0.4526, 0.4608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.2197, -0.1101, -1.2253



12.4224, 0.0699, -2.2696



10.1285, 0.6799, -1.3355



6.6456, -0.2596, -0.0424



9.2614, 13.8467, -41.4671



23.7748, 46.9295, -131.0237

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.3013, 1.0192, 0.7404



12.5653, 1.9002, 0.9933



11.4579, -1.7465, 2.2706



6.6618, 0.0061, 0.3995



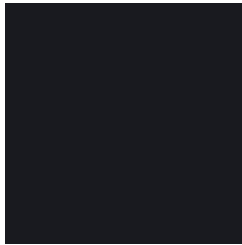
13.0151, 22.5157, 6.6514



36.4948, 62.8220, 21.0746

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

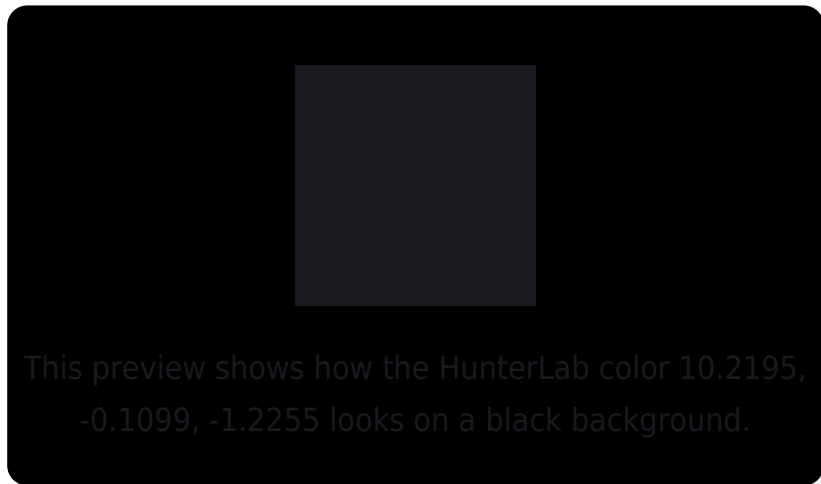
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

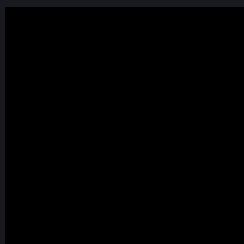
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

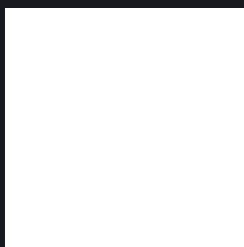
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255.



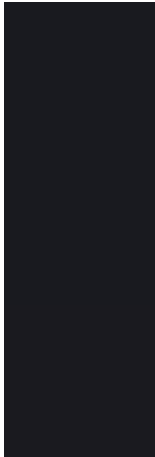
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255.

-1.2255.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255

Protanopia

10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255

Deuteranopia

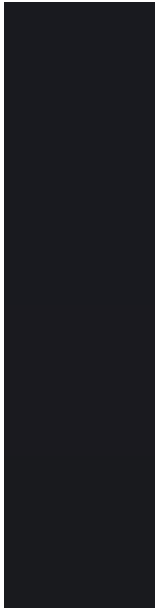
10.2827, 0.1063, -1.1366



Tritanopia

10.1694, -0.3831, -0.5174

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255

Protanomaly

10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255

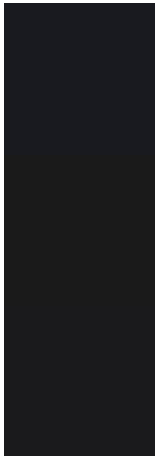
Deuteranomaly

10.2827, 0.1063, -1.1366

Tritanomaly

10.1941, -0.2483, -0.8667

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255

Achromatopsia

10.1636, -0.5423, 0.5522

Achromatomaly

10.2090, -0.2939, -0.0947

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(25, 26, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(25, 26, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 26, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(25, 26, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(25, 26, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(25, 26, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(25, 26, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(25, 26, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 26, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(25, 26, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.2195, -0.1099, -1.2255 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(25, 26, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(25, 26,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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