

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.4117, 17.8535,
6.5485)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.4117, 17.8535,
6.5485) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.4507, 17.9182,
6.5905)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	400001
RGB	64, 0, 1
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 0%
CMY	0.7490, 1.0000, 0.9961
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.98, 0.75
HSL	359°, 100%, 13%
HSV	359°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.1198, 1.0922, 0.1278
YIQ	19.2500, 37.8230, 13.8790

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

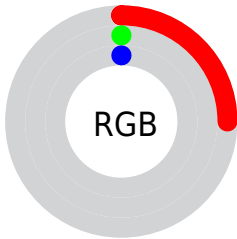
Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 1
Decimal	4194305
CIELab	9.74, 29.81, 14.96
CIELCh	10, 33.349, 26.654
Yxy	1.0922, 0.6347, 0.3270
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384385 (0xFF400001)
YUV	19.2500, -8.9972, 39.2458
Hunter-Lab	10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905

Details

The HunterLab color **10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **20.0641, -10.8185, -1.7238**, and the grayscale version is **8.1613, -0.4355, 0.4434**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.7448, 20.4240, 8.9050**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4506, 17.9179, 6.5910**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.1579, 16.0498, 6.0425**.

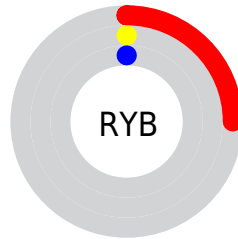
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (0%)

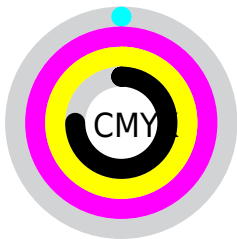
Blue (0%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (0%)

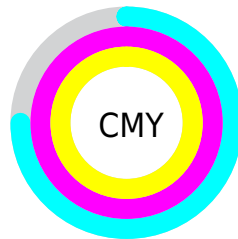


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (98%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.4507, 17.9182,
6.5905

■ 10.4507, 17.9182,
6.5905

■ 99.6606, 26.8300,
18.8377

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 24.7582, 20.7547,
8.8278

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 33.3068, 21.9695,
10.3729

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.6611, 23.0485,
11.8518

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 52.7568, 24.0047,
13.2877

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 63.5431, 24.8507,
14.6956


0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 74.9782, 25.5977,


16.0855


 87.0274, 26.2548,
17.4645


 10.4507, 17.9182,
6.5905


 10.4507, 17.9182,
6.5905


 10.4506, 17.9179,
6.5910

 11.1579, 16.0498,
6.0425

 11.8468, 14.4104,
5.5433

 12.6996, 12.5780,
4.9774

 13.7361, 10.5767,
4.3799

 14.9339, 8.5107,
3.7830

■ 16.2705, 6.4502,
3.2068

■ 17.7257, 4.4353,
2.6616

■ 19.2821, 2.4847,
2.1510

■ 20.9253, 0.6039,
1.6746

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.4510, 20.6752, -0.3585



10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905



10.4510, 9.7644, 7.3157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.4510, 17.9168, 6.5907



10.4510, -12.4052, 7.3157



10.4510, -1.4753, -28.8592

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905



20.0641, -10.8185, -1.7238

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.4510, -8.4330, -21.7856



10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905



10.4510, -14.6707, 1.4184

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.4510, 17.9168, 6.5907



10.4510, -7.0273, 7.3157



10.4510, -13.2168, -8.8142



10.4510, 7.6261, -24.2021

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905



10.4510, 3.3951, 7.3157



10.4510, -13.2168, -8.8142



10.4510, -3.9993, -27.6929

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.4510, 17.9168, 6.5907



23.0842, 6.1981, 3.6012



11.9365, 23.5409, -16.3254



11.9306, 3.5037, 1.9573



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.4510, 17.9168, 6.5907



13.7645, 23.5930, 8.7326



14.3755, 7.1595, 8.9831



11.5723, 0.1864, 0.8798



15.9349, 27.3097, 10.1359



39.8985, 68.3467, 25.6328

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4510, 17.9168, 6.5907



13.7645, 23.5930, 8.7326



12.0900, 0.5636, -16.3271



11.5723, 0.1864, 0.8798



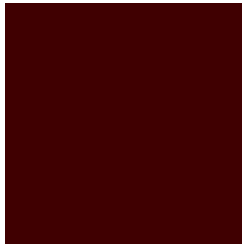
15.9349, 27.3097, 10.1359



39.8985, 68.3467, 25.6328

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

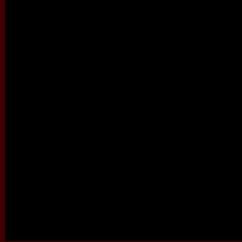
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.4507, 17.9182,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905

Protanopia

11.9399, -1.6411, 6.1879

Deuteranopia

12.0474, -0.2740, 7.4187



Tritanopia

11.0464, 15.8870, 7.0849

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905

Protanomaly

10.4504, 5.6975, 5.7246

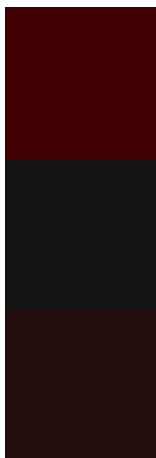
Deuteranomaly

10.7391, 6.4178, 6.7297

Tritanomaly

10.8481, 16.5206, 6.9738

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905

Achromatopsia

8.0698, -0.4306, 0.4384

Achromatomaly

8.0425, 5.7005, 2.4913

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 1)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 1)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 1) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 1) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 1) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 1) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 1)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 1); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 1); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 1) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.4507, 17.9182, 6.5905 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 1) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
1) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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