

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.4975, 18.1711,
5.2807)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.4975, 18.1711,
5.2807) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.5343, 18.2275,
5.3557)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	400009
RGB	64, 0, 9
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 4%
CMY	0.7490, 1.0000, 0.9647
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.86, 0.75
HSL	352°, 100%, 13%
HSV	352°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.1637, 1.1097, 0.3586
YIQ	20.1620, 35.2550, 16.3670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 9
Decimal	4194313
CIELab	9.87, 30.18, 11.90
CIElCh	10, 32.438, 21.513
Yxy	1.1098, 0.5957, 0.3055
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384393 (0xFF400009)
YUV	20.1620, -5.5029, 38.4459
Hunter-Lab	10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557

Details

The HunterLab color **10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **19.8561, -12.0664, 1.2301**, and the grayscale version is **8.4206, -0.4493, 0.4575**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.8328, 20.8283, 7.6248**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.5342, 18.2273, 5.3561**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.2342, 16.3533, 4.9210**.

Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (0%)

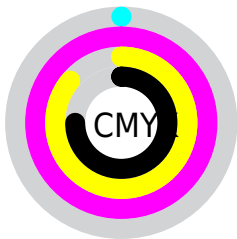
Blue (4%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (4%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (86%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (96%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.5343, 18.2275,
5.3557

10.5343, 18.2275,
5.3557

99.8377, 27.2637,
16.2753

0.0000, INF, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

24.8696, 21.0890,
7.5627

0.0000, NaN, NaN

33.4297, 22.3184,
8.8676

0.0000, NaN, NaN

42.7945, 23.4121,
10.1325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

52.9001, 24.3829,
11.3741

0.0000, NaN, NaN


63.6955, 25.2434,
12.6032


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN


75.1393, 26.0043,


13.8267


 87.1966, 26.6752,
15.0495


 10.5343, 18.2275,
5.3557


 10.5343, 18.2275,
5.3557


 10.5342, 18.2273,
5.3561

 11.2342, 16.3533,
4.9210

 11.9304, 14.7613,
4.3207

 12.7868, 12.9635,
3.7090

 13.8212, 10.9718,
3.1474

 15.0122, 8.8896,
2.6545

■ 16.3381, 6.7888,
2.2365

■ 17.7795, 4.7126,
1.8919

■ 19.3197, 2.6831,
1.6143

■ 20.9449, 0.7089,
1.3964

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.5346, 19.7244, -1.8594



10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557



10.5346, 11.0056, 7.3742

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.5346, 18.2262, 5.3559



10.5346, -11.3330, 7.3742



10.5346, -2.7669, -27.1813

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557



19.8561, -12.0664, 1.2301

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.5346, -9.1807, -18.9021



10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557



10.5346, -14.1010, 2.5591

Square

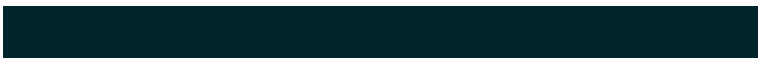
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.5346, 18.2262, 5.3559



10.5346, -5.7508, 7.3742



10.5346, -13.3132, -6.4464



10.5346, 5.7879, -24.6703

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557



10.5346, 4.8525, 7.3742



10.5346, -13.3132, -6.4464



10.5346, -5.0850, -25.4293

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.5346, 18.2262, 5.3559



23.1576, 6.5759, 2.5485



10.7965, 21.9158, -19.6004



11.9709, 3.7103, 1.3784



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.5346, 18.2262, 5.3559



13.8487, 23.9051, 7.4862



12.9588, 10.5049, 8.1686



11.5815, 0.2360, 0.7488



16.0206, 27.6273, 8.8672



40.0164, 68.7838, 23.8851

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.5346, 18.2262, 5.3559



13.8487, 23.9051, 7.4862



14.1349, -2.7712, -11.6842



11.5815, 0.2360, 0.7488



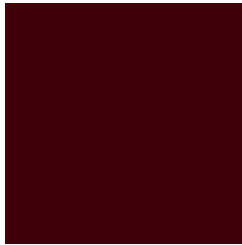
16.0206, 27.6273, 8.8672



40.0164, 68.7838, 23.8851

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

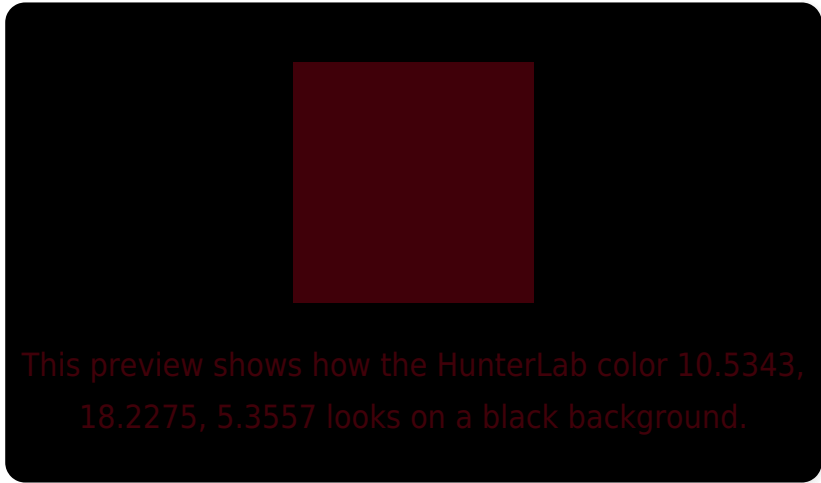
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

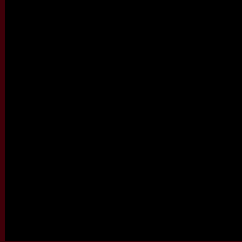
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557.

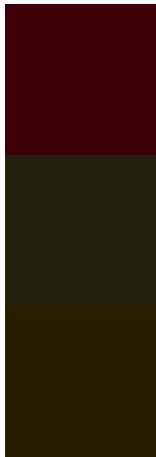


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.5343, 18.2275,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557

Protanopia

12.0108, -1.2485, 5.1482

Deuteranopia

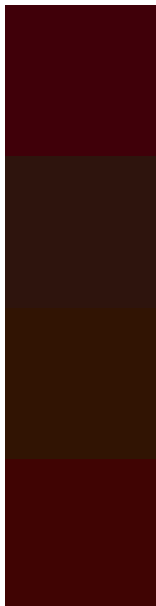
12.0474, -0.2740, 7.4187



Tritanopia

11.0464, 15.8870, 7.0849

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557

Protanomaly

10.5367, 6.1169, 4.4571

Deuteranomaly

10.7697, 6.5651, 6.2769

Tritanomaly

10.8784, 16.6386, 6.5250

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557

Achromatopsia

8.3639, -0.4463, 0.4544

Achromatomaly

8.3685, 5.9384, 1.7875

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 9)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 9)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 9) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 9) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 9) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 9) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 9)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 9); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 9); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 9) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.5343, 18.2275, 5.3557 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 9) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
9) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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