

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.5698, -2.0208,
-0.4210)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.5698, -2.0208,
-0.4210) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.6391, -2.1263,
-0.3266)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	151D1E
RGB	21, 29, 30
RGB Percent	8%, 11%, 12%
CMY	0.9176, 0.8863, 0.8824
CMYK	0.30, 0.03, 0.00, 0.88
HSL	187°, 18%, 10%
HSV	187°, 30%, 12%
XYZ	0.9830, 1.1319, 1.3950
YIQ	26.7220, -5.0890, -1.3850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	21, 25, 30
Decimal	1383710
CIE _{Lab}	10.05, -3.33, -1.89
CIE _{LCh}	10, 3.829, 209.626
Yxy	1.1320, 0.2801, 0.3225
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279573790 (0xFF151D1E)
YUV	26.7220, 1.6161, -5.0182
Hunter-Lab	10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266

Details

The HunterLab color **10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **9.5079, 1.3412, 1.4578**, and the grayscale version is **10.3805, -0.5539, 0.5640**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **24.9382, -3.0738, -0.0897**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4157, -2.5453, -0.6185**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.8772, -1.6621, -0.0220**.

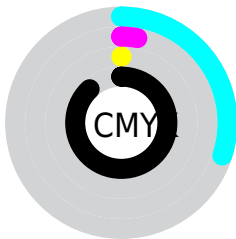
Distribution



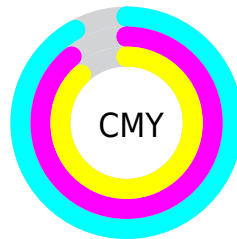
- Red (8%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (8%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (3%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (88%)



- Cyan (92%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.6391, -2.1263,
-0.3266

■ 10.6391, -2.1263,
-0.3266

■ 100.0589, -8.7103,
3.5960

■ 0.7103, -1.2429,
-11.0072

■ 25.0089, -3.4346,
0.1789

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 33.5834, -4.1163,
0.5290

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 42.9614, -4.8212,
0.9325

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.0791, -5.5503,
1.3838

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 63.8860, -6.3039,
1.8788

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.3406, -7.0820,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.4142

■ 87.4081, -7.8843,
2.9873

■ 10.6391, -2.1263,
-0.3266

■ 10.6391, -2.1263,
-0.3266

■ 10.4157, -2.5453,
-0.6185

■ 10.8772, -1.6621,
-0.0220

■ 10.2067, -2.9162,
-0.8970

■ 11.1290, -1.1550,
0.2935

■ 10.0124, -3.2369,
-1.1608

■ 11.3945, -0.6079,
0.6191

■ 9.8320, -3.5090,
-1.4102

■ 11.6731, -0.0238,
0.9536

■ 9.6529, -3.7796,
-1.6627

■ 11.9644, 0.5945,
1.2959

■ 9.4713, -4.0629,
-1.9242

■ 12.2681, 1.2443,
1.6450

■ 9.2871, -4.3602,
-2.1954

■ 12.5836, 1.9228,
2.0001

■ 9.2871, -4.3603,
-2.1955

■ 12.9104, 2.6275,
2.3604

■ 13.2482, 3.3562,
2.7251

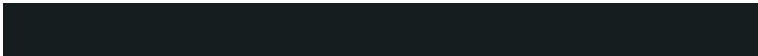
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.6393, -2.3527, 0.5906



10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266



10.6393, -1.4860, -1.0507

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.6393, -2.1265, -0.3264



10.6393, 1.0724, -0.3480



10.6393, -0.5562, 2.1912

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266



9.5079, 1.3412, 1.4578

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.6393, 0.3817, 1.9860



10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266



10.6393, 1.3421, 0.5677

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.6393, -2.1265, -0.3264



10.6393, 0.3601, -1.0639



10.6393, 1.0851, 1.4115



10.6393, -1.4659, 1.9958

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266



10.6393, -0.8988, -1.2979



10.6393, 1.0851, 1.4115



10.6393, -0.2337, 2.1668

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.6393, -2.1265, -0.3264



13.6869, -1.3976, 0.3739



10.7030, -3.4300, 2.3581



8.2928, -0.8427, 0.2289



54.3783, -2.9015, 2.9545



8.4820, -0.4526, 0.4608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.6393, -2.1265, -0.3264



12.8355, -3.0621, -0.7128



9.6513, -0.5630, -1.6086



6.8718, -0.6327, 0.2266



22.3149, -10.0921, -6.1057



62.1311, -27.5184, -18.2542

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.4926, 2.6696, -1.3646



11.0539, 4.4701, -2.3754



10.4251, -0.2807, 2.3839



6.6849, 0.1314, 0.0700



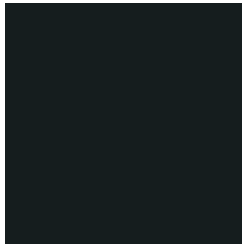
14.5260, 27.9439, -14.3940



40.7984, 78.3107, -39.0800

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

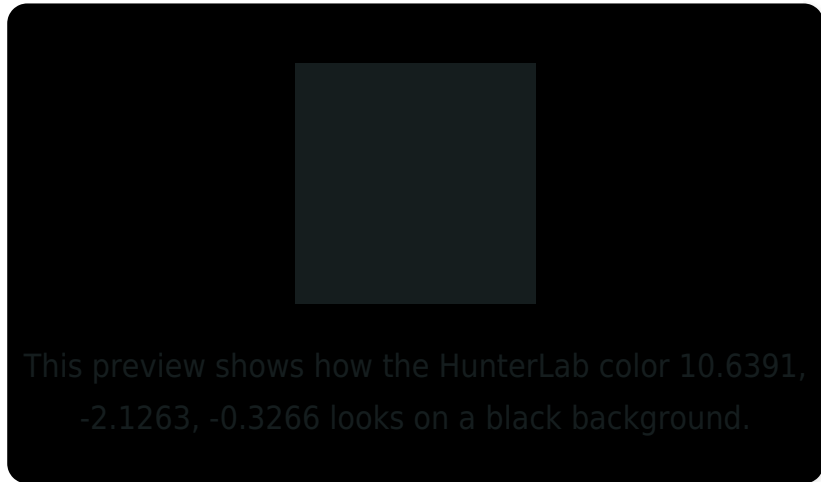
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

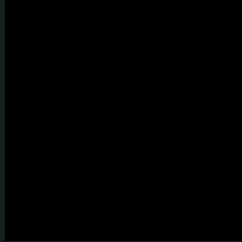
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

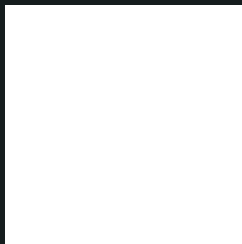
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266.



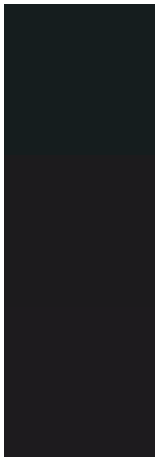
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266.

-0.3266.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266

Protanopia

10.5804, -0.0828, 0.0044

Deuteranopia

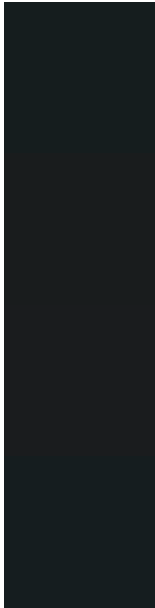
10.6715, 0.2758, -0.2437



Tritanopia

10.6634, -1.9894, -0.6718

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266

Protanomaly

10.6108, -1.1084, 0.0238

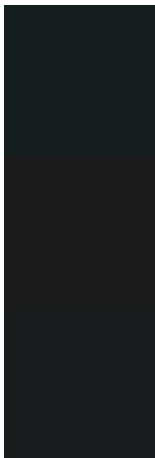
Deuteranomaly

10.6951, -0.7649, -0.2323

Tritanomaly

10.6634, -1.9894, -0.6718

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266

Achromatopsia

10.4690, -0.5586, 0.5688

Achromatomaly

10.5878, -1.2355, 0.3505

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(21, 29, 30)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(21, 29, 30)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(21, 29, 30) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(21, 29, 30) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(21, 29, 30) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(21, 29, 30) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(21, 29, 30)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(21, 29, 30); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 29, 30);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(21, 29, 30)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.6391, -2.1263, -0.3266 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(21, 29, 30) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(21, 29,  
30) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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