

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.7096, 18.9504,
2.1923)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.7096, 18.9504,
2.1923) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.7514, 19.0256,
2.1926)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	400018
RGB	64, 0, 24
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 9%
CMY	0.7490, 1.0000, 0.9059
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.62, 0.75
HSL	338°, 100%, 13%
HSV	338°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.2792, 1.1559, 0.9671
YIQ	21.8720, 30.4400, 21.0320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

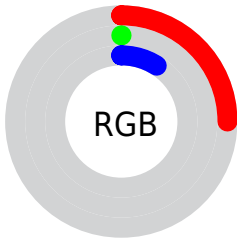
Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 24
Decimal	4194328
CIELab	10.23, 31.13, 3.80
CIELCh	10, 31.362, 6.963
Yxy	1.1560, 0.5177, 0.2626
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384408 (0xFF400018)
YUV	21.8720, 1.0491, 36.9463
Hunter-Lab	10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926

Details

The HunterLab color **10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **19.5448, -13.9607, 5.7084**, and the grayscale version is **8.9100, -0.4754, 0.4841**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.1057, 22.0746, 3.6841**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.7514, 19.0253, 2.1931**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4578, 17.2358, 1.6771**.

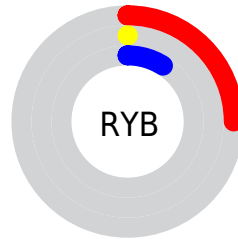
Distribution



Red (25%)

Green (0%)

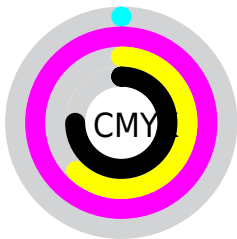
Blue (9%)



Red (25%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (9%)

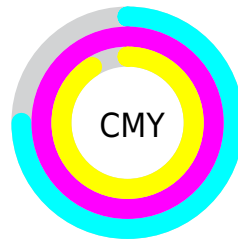


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (62%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (75%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (91%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

10.7514, 19.0256,
2.1926

10.7514, 19.0256,
2.1926

100.2959, 28.3755,
9.0753

1.5912, 85.1663,
1.1138

25.1583, 21.9494,
3.5846

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

33.7482, 23.2155,
4.3011

0.0000, NaN, NaN

43.1402, 24.3464,
5.0386

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

53.2710, 25.3542,
5.7988

0.0000, NaN, NaN


64.0901, 26.2510,
6.5825


0.0000, NaN, NaN


75.5562, 27.0475,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


7.3898


 87.6346, 27.7531,
8.2209


 10.7514, 19.0256,
2.1926


 10.7514, 19.0256,
2.1926


 10.7514, 19.0253,
2.1931

 11.4578, 17.2358,
1.6771

 12.1536, 15.6905,
1.0973

 13.0000, 13.8987,
0.6415

 14.0161, 11.8696,
0.3523

 15.1823, 9.7083,
0.2193

■ 16.4789, 7.4919,
0.2240

■ 17.8877, 5.2701,
0.3457

■ 19.3932, 3.0714,
0.5648

■ 20.9821, 0.9099,
0.8644

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.7517, 17.2654, -6.7381



10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926



10.7517, 14.4425, 7.5262

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.7517, 19.0244, 2.1929



10.7517, -8.5897, 7.5262



10.7517, -5.9207, -22.9895

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926



19.5448, -13.9607, 5.7084

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.7517, -11.1028, -12.2224



10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926



10.7517, -12.6437, 5.4585

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.7517, 19.0244, 2.1929



10.7517, -2.3535, 7.5262



10.7517, -13.5635, -1.3168



10.7517, 1.3287, -25.8809

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926



10.7517, 9.0165, 7.5262



10.7517, -13.5635, -1.3168



10.7517, -7.8763, -19.9230

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.7517, 19.0244, 2.1929



23.3063, 7.3382, 0.4257



9.0042, 19.5289, -26.0486



12.0531, 4.1296, 0.2045



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.7517, 19.0244, 2.1929



14.1196, 24.9017, 3.5309



11.1899, 15.4389, 7.1650



11.5990, 0.3306, 0.4991



16.3258, 28.7512, 4.4040



40.6861, 71.2550, 14.0524

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7517, 19.0244, 2.1929



14.1196, 24.9017, 3.5309



18.0292, -8.1301, -4.9838



11.5990, 0.3306, 0.4991



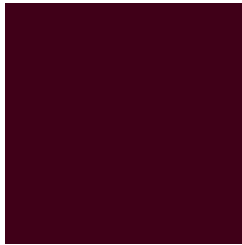
16.3258, 28.7512, 4.4040



40.6861, 71.2550, 14.0524

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

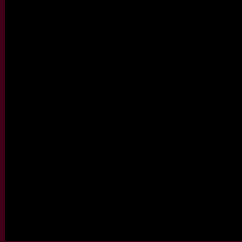
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.7514, 19.0256,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926

Protanopia

12.3790, -0.4026, 0.0049

Deuteranopia

12.1056, 0.3735, 3.9912



Tritanopia

11.5187, 15.0538, 6.0310

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926

Protanomaly

10.8200, 6.7047, -0.3188

Deuteranomaly

10.8932, 7.3828, 2.7102

Tritanomaly

11.1890, 16.4532, 4.9811

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926

Achromatopsia

8.9572, -0.4779, 0.4867

Achromatomaly

8.7707, 6.5222, 0.0389

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 24)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 24)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 24) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 24) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 24) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 24) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 24)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 24); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 24); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 24) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.7514, 19.0256, 2.1926 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 24) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
24) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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