

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.7493, 19.0956,
1.6200)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.7493, 19.0956,
1.6200) contains.

HunterLab(10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(10.7915, 19.1719,
1.6160)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	40001A
RGB	64, 0, 26
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 10%
CMY	0.7490, 1.0000, 0.8980
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.59, 0.75
HSL	336°, 100%, 13%
HSV	336°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.3008, 1.1646, 1.0808
YIQ	22.1000, 29.7980, 21.6540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

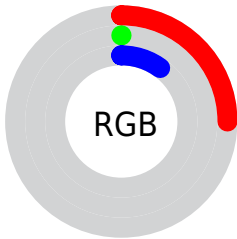
Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 26
Decimal	4194330
CIELab	10.29, 31.30, 2.35
CIELCh	10, 31.391, 4.296
Yxy	1.1646, 0.5061, 0.2562
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384410 (0xFF40001A)
YUV	22.1000, 1.9227, 36.7463
Hunter-Lab	10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160

Details

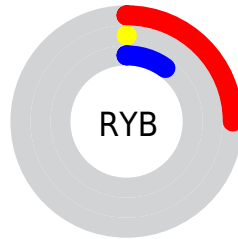
The HunterLab color **10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330000**. A complement of this color would be **19.5109, -14.1694, 6.2013**, and the grayscale version is **8.9757, -0.4789, 0.4877**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.1780, 22.4026, 2.6485**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.7915, 19.1717, 1.6165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4965, 17.3872, 1.1227**.

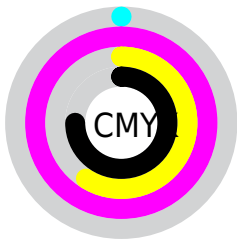
Distribution



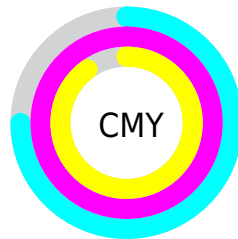
- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (10%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (10%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (75%)





- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (90%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 10.7915, 19.1719,
1.6160

 10.7915, 19.1719,
1.6160


 100.3803, 28.5781,
7.7174

 1.8037, 75.5277,
1.2626


 25.2115, 22.1068,
2.7689

0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.0000, NaN, NaN

 33.8069, 23.3795,
3.3884

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 43.2039, 24.5171,
4.0380

0.0000, NaN, NaN

 53.3393, 25.5315,
4.7173

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


 64.1627, 26.4348,
5.4257


0.0000, NaN, NaN


 75.6329, 27.2378,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


6.1624


 87.7153, 27.9496,
6.9265


 10.7915, 19.1719,
1.6160


 10.7915, 19.1719,
1.6160


 10.7915, 19.1717,
1.6165

 11.4965, 17.3872,
1.1227

 12.1903, 15.8417,
0.5744

 13.0336, 14.0445,
0.1643

 14.0457, 12.0048,
-0.0680

 15.2074, 9.8281,
-0.1367

■ 16.4991, 7.5923,
-0.0633

■ 17.9029, 5.3480,
0.1295

■ 19.4033, 3.1247,
0.4206

■ 20.9872, 0.9370,
0.7925

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.7918, 16.8378, -7.7635



10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160



10.7918, 15.0876, 7.5313

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.7918, 19.1707, 1.6163



10.7918, -8.1121, 7.5543



10.7918, -6.4675, -22.2813

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160



19.5109, -14.1694, 6.2013

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.7918, -11.4415, -11.1630



10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160



10.7918, -12.3910, 5.9668

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.7918, 19.1707, 1.6163



10.7918, -1.6926, 7.5543



10.7918, -13.6096, -0.5539



10.7918, 0.5871, -26.1032

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160



10.7918, 9.8148, 7.5543



10.7918, -13.6096, -0.5539



10.7918, -8.3672, -19.0117

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.7918, 19.1707, 1.6163



23.3272, 7.4451, 0.1280



8.7736, 19.2419, -27.0350



12.0648, 4.1886, 0.0393



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.7918, 19.1707, 1.6163



14.1715, 25.0915, 2.7818



10.9810, 16.0942, 7.0477



11.6014, 0.3433, 0.4654



16.3854, 28.9691, 3.5436



40.8281, 71.7759, 11.9902

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7918, 19.1707, 1.6163



14.1715, 25.0915, 2.7818



18.6117, -8.8590, -4.1384



11.6014, 0.3433, 0.4654



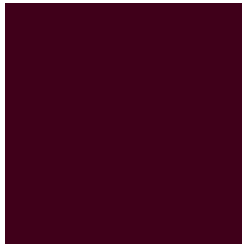
16.3854, 28.9691, 3.5436



40.8281, 71.7759, 11.9902

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

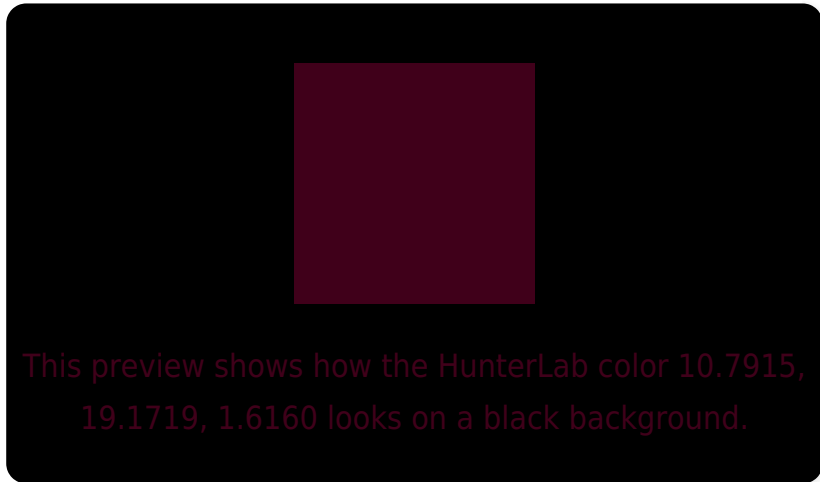
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

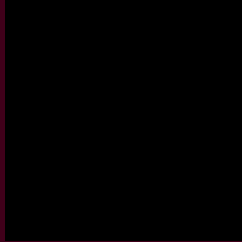
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.7915, 19.1719,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160

Protanopia

12.3884, -0.2199, -1.1462

Deuteranopia

12.3540, 0.1672, 3.7251



Tritanopia

11.3831, 14.7853, 5.7774

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160

Protanomaly

10.8963, 7.0701, -1.3967

Deuteranomaly

10.9299, 7.5571, 2.1796

Tritanomaly

11.0654, 16.2627, 4.4765

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160

Achromatopsia

8.9572, -0.4779, 0.4867

Achromatomaly

8.7707, 6.5222, 0.0389

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 26)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 26)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 26) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 26) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 26) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 26) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 26)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 26); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 26); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 26) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.7915, 19.1719, 1.6160 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 26) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
26) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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