

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.7932, -7.6273,
7.5553)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.7932, -7.6273, 7.5553)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(10.8318, -7.2581,
6.5474)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	0D2100
RGB	13, 33, 0
RGB Percent	5%, 13%, 0%
CMY	0.9490, 0.8706, 1.0000
CMYK	0.61, 0.00, 1.00, 0.87
HSL	96°, 100%, 6%
HSV	96°, 100%, 13%
XYZ	0.7098, 1.1733, 0.1891
YIQ	23.2580, -1.3270, -14.5030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

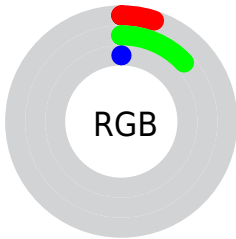
Format	Color
RYB	0, 33, 20
Decimal	860416
CIELab	10.36, -15.57, 15.16
CIELCh	10, 21.731, 135.777
Yxy	1.1733, 0.3426, 0.5662
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279050496 (0xFF0D2100)
YUV	23.2580, -11.4662, -8.9963
Hunter-Lab	10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474

Details

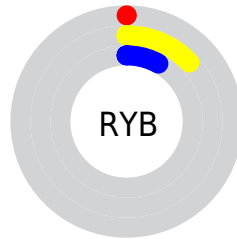
The HunterLab color **10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **5.0850, 10.8667, -13.4538**, and the grayscale version is **9.3677, -0.4998, 0.5090**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.1500, -10.3528, 8.9761**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.8320, -7.2584, 6.5476**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **10.9387, -6.7578, 6.1083**.

Distribution



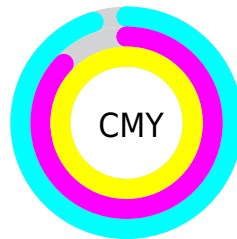
- Red (5%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (0%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (8%)



- Cyan (61%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (95%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.8318, -7.2581,
6.5474

■ 10.8318, -7.2581,
6.5474

■ 100.4648,
-20.7549, 19.0851

■ 1.9940, -3.4895,
1.3958

■ 25.2648, -10.6102,
9.0052

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 33.8657, -12.1652,
10.5607

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.2677, -13.6599,
12.0501

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.4078, -15.1152,
13.4964

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.2356, -16.5445,
14.9145

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.7099, -17.9569,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

16.3142

■ 87.7961, -19.3588,
17.7027

■ 10.8318, -7.2581,
6.5474

■ 10.8318, -7.2581,
6.5474

■ 10.8320, -7.2584,
6.5476

■ 10.9387, -6.7578,
6.1083

■ 11.0517, -6.2383,
5.6839

■ 11.1710, -5.7005,
5.2747

■ 11.2995, -5.1284,
4.8391

■ 11.4405, -4.5033,
4.3273

■ 11.5942, -3.8271,
3.7401

■ 11.7604, -3.1019,
3.0787

■ 11.9389, -2.3301,
2.3449

■ 12.1298, -1.5145,
1.5411

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.8320, -3.2991, 7.5824



10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474



10.8320, -9.4675, 2.7908

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.8320, -7.2583, 6.5474



10.8320, -3.0495, -14.3368



10.8320, 11.5512, 3.0086

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474



5.0850, 10.8667, -13.4538

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.8320, 11.6551, -2.1758



10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474



10.8320, 2.4402, -14.1864

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



10.8320, -7.2583, 6.5474



10.8320, -7.0907, -9.3434



10.8320, 8.0612, -8.9989



10.8320, 7.8006, 6.7069

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474



10.8320, -9.6911, -0.4694



10.8320, 8.0612, -8.9989



10.8320, 12.0356, 1.5515

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.8320, -7.2583, 6.5474



14.8808, -4.1554, 4.1103



9.0369, 1.4466, 5.5937



8.7890, -2.4273, 2.4025



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.8320, -7.2583, 6.5474



13.6864, -9.4852, 8.2675



10.4642, -8.7262, 5.7582



6.9111, -0.7369, 0.7513



24.2748, -17.7087, 14.6480



67.9509, -51.5911, 40.9678

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



5.0850, 10.8667, -13.4538



6.3264, 13.6319, -17.5991



6.4466, 12.4696, -6.9228



6.6506, 0.0217, -0.0312



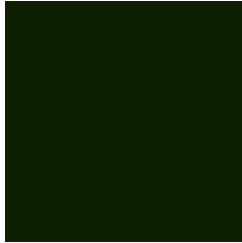
10.9155, 23.8713, -33.0871



29.7611, 66.0297, -97.5339

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

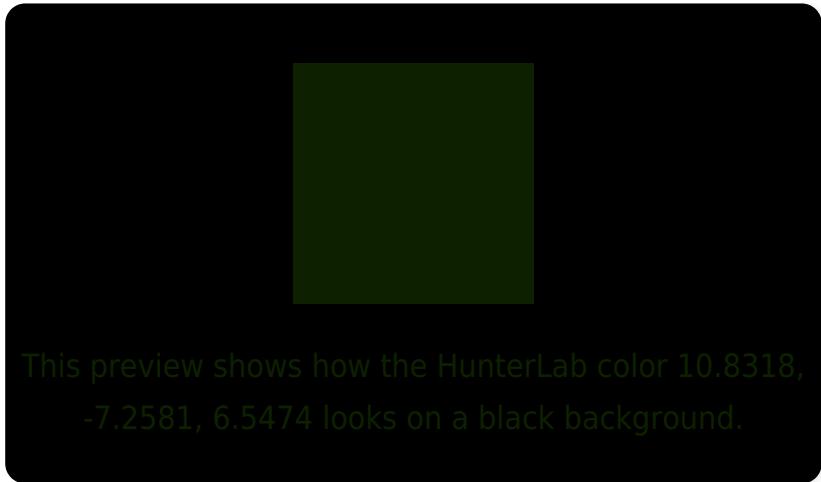
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

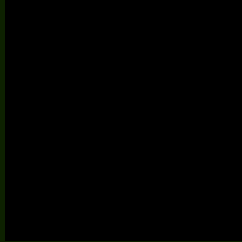
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474

Protanopia

10.8895, -2.0904, 6.6734

Deuteranopia

10.8364, 0.1085, 5.5794



Tritanopia

11.0380, -2.9195, -0.9782

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474

Protanomaly

10.6547, -4.1512, 6.4927

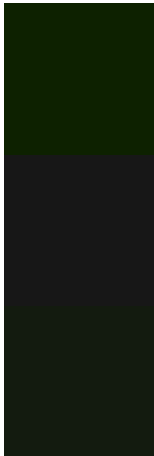
Deuteranomaly

10.6507, -2.8820, 5.8730

Tritanomaly

10.9422, -5.0292, 2.8103

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474

Achromatopsia

9.2564, -0.4939, 0.5029

Achromatomaly

9.7816, -3.4914, 3.2269

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(13, 33, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(13, 33, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 33, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(13, 33, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(13, 33, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(13, 33, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(13, 33, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(13, 33, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 33, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(13, 33, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.8318, -7.2581, 6.5474 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(13, 33, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(13, 33,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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