

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.9712, 0.4005,
-3.6737)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.9712, 0.4005, -3.6737)
contains.

HunterLab(10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(10.9389, 0.5601,
-3.6533)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A1C27
RGB	26, 28, 39
RGB Percent	10%, 11%, 15%
CMY	0.8980, 0.8902, 0.8471
CMYK	0.33, 0.28, 0.00, 0.85
HSL	231°, 20%, 13%
HSV	231°, 33%, 15%
XYZ	1.2075, 1.1966, 2.0868
YIQ	28.6560, -4.7230, 2.9970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

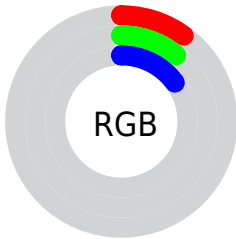
Format	Color
R_{YB}	26, 28, 39
Decimal	1711143
CIE Lab	10.53, 2.30, -7.78
CIE LCh	11, 8.111, 286.500
Yxy	1.1966, 0.2689, 0.2665
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279901223 (0xFF1A1C27)
YUV	28.6560, 5.0996, -2.3293
Hunter-Lab	10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533

Details

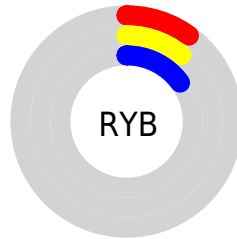
The HunterLab color **10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000000**. A complement of this color would be **13.5243, -1.4315, 4.0240**, and the grayscale version is **10.9642, -0.5850, 0.5957**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.3215, 0.1527, -4.0336**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.0037, 1.0610, -5.1935**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9028, 0.1144, -2.2248**.

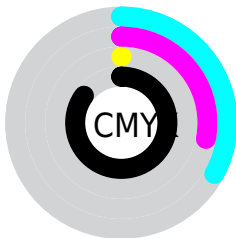
Distribution



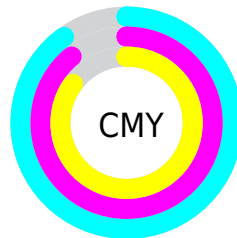
- Red (10%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (10%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (90%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 10.9389, 0.5601,
-3.6533

■ 10.9389, 0.5601,
-3.6533

■ 100.6895, -3.0168,
-2.3630

■ 2.4282, 4.0042,
-13.1436

■ 25.4067, 0.1453,
-3.8639

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.0221, -0.1646,
-3.8358

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.4375, -0.5298,
-3.7342

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.5899, -0.9443,
-3.5673

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.4292, -1.4034,
-3.3420

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 75.9144, -1.9037,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-3.0635

■ 88.0109, -2.4422,
-2.7360

■ 10.9389, 0.5601,
-3.6533

■ 10.9389, 0.5601,
-3.6533

■ 10.0037, 1.0610,
-5.1935

■ 11.9028, 0.1144,
-2.2248

■ 9.1006, 1.6291,
-6.8691

■ 12.8914, -0.2853,
-0.8894

■ 8.2350, 2.2780,
-8.7054

■ 13.9024, -0.6469,
0.3692

■ 7.4139, 3.0231,
-10.7289

■ 14.9336, -0.9766,
1.5642

■ 6.6290, 3.8307,
-13.0159

■ 15.9833, -1.2797,
2.7062

■ 5.8420, 4.6801,
-15.7986

■ 17.0501, -1.5601,
3.8042

■ 5.2607, 5.4296,
-18.2964

■ 18.1327, -1.8214,
4.8652

■ 19.2302, -2.0662,
5.8953

■ 20.3415, -2.2969,
6.8994

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



10.9391, -1.4909, -3.7229



10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533



10.9391, 2.4299, -2.3186

Triad

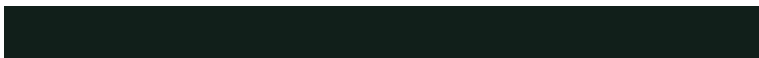
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



10.9391, 0.5600, -3.6531



10.9391, 2.2686, 3.0055



10.9391, -4.1651, 1.4365

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533



13.5243, -1.4315, 4.0240

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



10.9391, -3.3037, 2.8917



10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533



10.9391, 0.3529, 3.7646

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



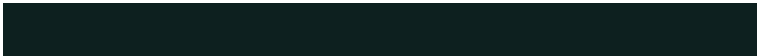
10.9391, 0.5600, -3.6531



10.9391, 3.4651, 1.6095



10.9391, -1.6833, 3.7230



10.9391, -4.1187, -0.5260

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533



10.9391, 3.2775, -1.0107



10.9391, -1.6833, 3.7230



10.9391, -3.9750, 1.9898

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



10.9391, 0.5600, -3.6531



16.8091, -0.4921, -0.6982



13.4283, -3.7882, 0.5406



9.2587, -0.2743, -0.3719



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



10.9391, 0.5600, -3.6531



12.8582, 1.3094, -6.4956



10.7998, 2.2699, -3.8431



7.9926, -0.2860, -0.1291



9.6382, 15.5314, -45.5748



24.0823, 49.5541, -137.0739

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.1982, 2.9699, 1.1353



13.3304, 5.1909, 1.6615



13.7009, -3.2112, 4.1570



8.0202, 0.0675, 0.4959



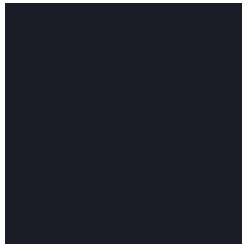
13.8588, 23.9424, 7.3375



37.4866, 64.4834, 22.0024

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

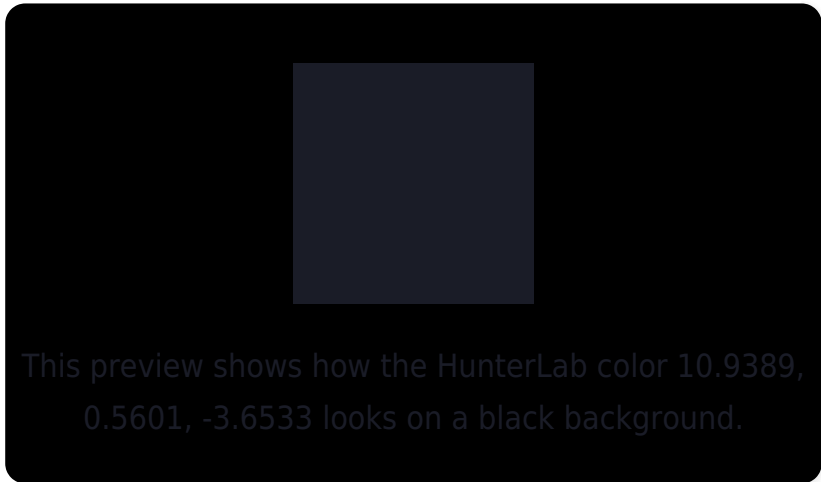
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

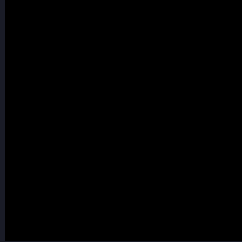
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

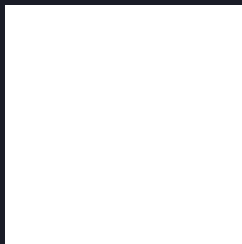
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533.

-3.6533.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533

Protanopia

10.8796, 0.3595, -3.7501

Deuteranopia

10.8796, 0.3595, -3.7501



Tritanopia

10.8499, -1.2727, -0.8039

Trichromacy



Original Color

10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533

Protanomaly

10.8796, 0.3595, -3.7501

Deuteranomaly

10.8796, 0.3595, -3.7501

Tritanomaly

10.9852, -0.6410, -1.8244

Monochromacy



Original Color

10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533

Achromatopsia

11.0844, -0.5914, 0.6022

Achromatomaly

11.1149, -0.2958, -0.8314

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 28, 39)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 28, 39)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 28, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 28, 39) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 28, 39) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 28, 39) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 28, 39) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 28, 39); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 28, 39);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 28, 39)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 10.9389, 0.5601, -3.6533 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 28, 39) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 28,  
39) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor