

Converting Colors

HunterLab(10.9941, 19.9835,
-1.8556)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(10.9941, 19.9835,
-1.8556) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.0334, 20.0495,
-1.8193)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	400024
RGB	64, 0, 36
RGB Percent	25%, 0%, 14%
CMY	0.7490, 1.0000, 0.8588
CMYK	0.00, 1.00, 0.44, 0.75
HSL	326°, 100%, 13%
HSV	326°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.4328, 1.2174, 1.7758
YIQ	23.2400, 26.5880, 24.7640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

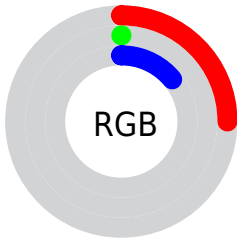
Format	Color
RYB	64, 0, 36
Decimal	4194340
CIELab	10.69, 32.33, -4.71
CIELCh	11, 32.672, 351.710
Yxy	1.2174, 0.4484, 0.2244
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282384420 (0xFF400024)
YUV	23.2400, 6.2907, 35.7465
Hunter-Lab	11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193

Details

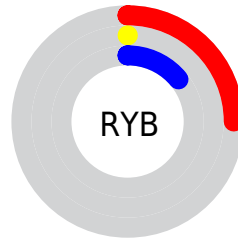
The HunterLab color **11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **19.3666, -15.0609, 8.3061**, and the grayscale version is **9.3050, -0.4965, 0.5056**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.5054, 22.9631, -1.5241**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0334, 20.0493, -1.8188**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.7224, 18.2658, -2.0777**.

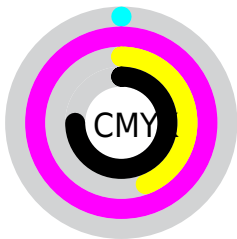
Distribution



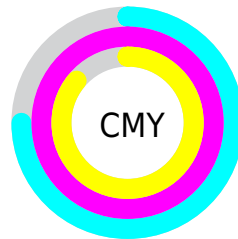
- Red (25%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Red (25%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (44%)
- Black (75%)



- Cyan (75%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (86%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.0334, 20.0495,
-1.8193

■ 11.0334, 20.0495,
-1.8193

■ 100.8875, 29.7868,
0.8086

■ 2.7544, 51.0089,
-6.9391

■ 25.5319, 23.0491,
-1.6767

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.1601, 24.3603,
-1.4855

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.5871, 25.5372,
-1.2297

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.7504, 26.5907,
-0.9168

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.5998, 27.5326,
-0.5525

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.0946, 28.3733,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-0.1413

■ 88.2003, 29.1222,
0.3134

■ 11.0334, 20.0495,
-1.8193

■ 11.0334, 20.0495,
-1.8193

■ 11.0334, 20.0493,
-1.8188

■ 11.7224, 18.2658,
-2.0777

■ 12.3982, 16.6945,
-2.3649

■ 13.2193, 14.8481,
-2.4596

■ 14.2062, 12.7353,
-2.3359

■ 15.3410, 10.4644,
-2.0265

■ 16.6052, 8.1178,
-1.5664

■ 17.9817, 5.7508,
-0.9873

■ 19.4551, 3.3969,
-0.3153

■ 21.0127, 1.0743,
0.4292

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.0337, 14.9298, -13.5463



11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193



11.0337, 18.4861, 5.3428

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.0337, 20.0484, -1.8189



11.0337, -5.8927, 7.7236



11.0337, -9.1149, -19.1813

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193



19.3666, -15.0609, 8.3061

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.0337, -13.1075, -6.6163



11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193



11.0337, -11.2471, 7.7236

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.0337, 20.0484, -1.8189



11.0337, 1.8061, 7.7236



11.0337, -13.8879, 2.5721



11.0337, -2.7963, -27.4386

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193



11.0337, 14.0226, 7.7236



11.0337, -13.8879, 2.5721



11.0337, -10.7521, -15.0178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.0337, 20.0484, -1.8189



23.4358, 7.9982, -1.4119



7.8319, 18.1364, -31.5761



12.1252, 4.4946, -0.8172



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.0337, 20.0484, -1.8189



14.4903, 26.2500, -1.7601



10.4853, 18.0439, 6.0836



11.6133, 0.4077, 0.2955



16.7541, 30.3100, -1.7171



41.7413, 75.1056, -1.1077

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.0337, 20.0484, -1.8189



14.4903, 26.2500, -1.7601



19.9756, -11.3485, -0.4691



11.6133, 0.4077, 0.2955



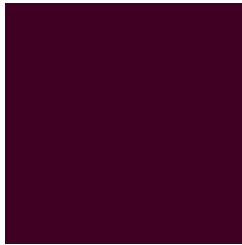
16.7541, 30.3100, -1.7171



41.7413, 75.1056, -1.1077

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

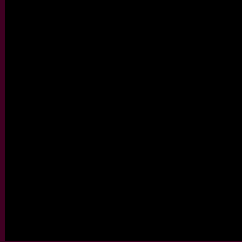
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193.

-1.8193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193

Protanopia

12.5246, 1.1086, -7.6425

Deuteranopia

12.3941, 0.6906, 0.7663



Tritanopia

11.8546, 13.7834, 5.2858

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193

Protanomaly

10.8844, 7.7883, -7.2366

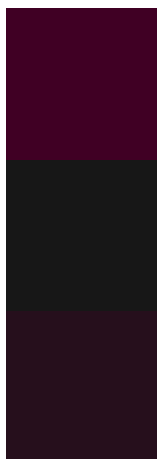
Deuteranomaly

11.0460, 8.3216, -1.1709

Tritanomaly

11.4630, 15.7900, 3.1471

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193

Achromatopsia

9.2564, -0.4939, 0.5029

Achromatomaly

9.1518, 6.9946, -1.3556

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(64, 0, 36)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(64, 0, 36)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(64, 0, 36) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(64, 0, 36) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(64, 0, 36) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(64, 0, 36) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(64, 0, 36)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(64, 0, 36); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 36); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(64, 0, 36) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.0334, 20.0495, -1.8193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(64, 0, 36) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(64, 0,  
36) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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