

Converting Colors

HunterLab(100.0000, -24.2766,
25.7359)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(100.0000, -24.2766,
25.7359) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(96.8175,
-19.3441, 22.7758)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	EBFFD0
RGB	235, 255, 208
RGB Percent	92%, 100%, 82%
CMY	0.0784, 0.0000, 0.1843
CMYK	0.08, 0.00, 0.18, 0.00
HSL	86°, 100%, 91%
HSV	86°, 18%, 100%
XYZ	81.4062, 93.7363, 73.4769
YIQ	243.6620, 3.1670, -18.8570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

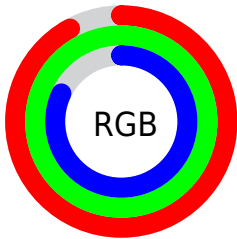
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 255, 228
Decimal	15466448
CIE Lab	97.53, -14.50, 20.31
CIE LCh	98, 24.952, 125.526
Yxy	93.7365, 0.3274, 0.3770
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4293656528 (0xFFEBFFD0)
YUV	243.6620, -17.5814, -7.5966
Hunter-Lab	96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758

Details

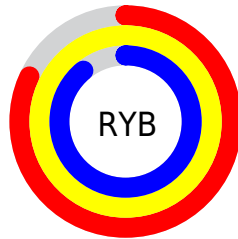
The HunterLab color $96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758$ is a light color, and the websafe version is hex $FFFCC$. A complement of this color would be $82.9620, 11.0252, -16.2990$, and the grayscale version is $95.0387, -5.0710, 5.1636$.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$, and $72.2992, -16.5727, 19.5460$ is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get $95.2835, -26.1648, 30.5474$, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is $98.4876, -11.9657, 13.8423$.

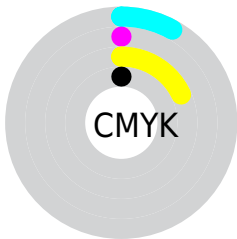
Distribution



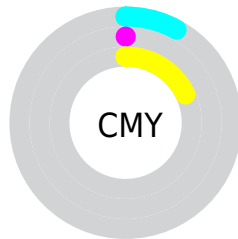
- Red (92%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (8%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

96.8175, -19.3441,
22.7758

96.8175, -19.3441,
22.7758

232.4031,
-31.6411, 37.2192

84.3112, -17.9978,
21.1329

123.4981,
-22.0353, 26.0137

72.3952, -16.6481,
19.4674

137.6283,
-23.3860, 27.6190

61.1003, -15.2896,
17.7698

152.2596,
-24.7422, 29.2193

50.4629, -13.9161,
16.0285

167.3756,
-26.1051, 30.8171

40.5263, -12.5184,
14.2268

182.9611,
-27.4758, 32.4145

31.3442, -11.0828,
12.3402

199.0025,

22.9843, -9.5876,

-28.8549, 34.0131

10.3311

215.4870,
-30.2431, 35.6143

■ 15.5375, -7.9948,
8.2325

■ 9.1277, -7.4091,
6.3894

■ 96.8175, -19.3441,
22.7758

■ 96.8175, -19.3441,
22.7758

■ 95.2835, -26.1648,
30.5474

■ 98.4876, -11.9657,
13.8423

■ 93.8857, -32.4040,
37.1399

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 92.6237, -38.0418,
42.5488

■ 91.4957, -43.0667,
46.7889

■ 90.4985, -47.4772,
49.8974

■ 89.6271, -51.2844,
51.9388

■ 88.8744, -54.5154,
53.0123

■ 88.2285, -57.2284,
53.2869

■ 88.1340, -57.6236,
53.2990

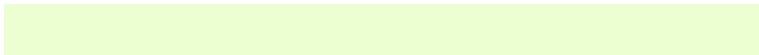
Harmonies

Analogous

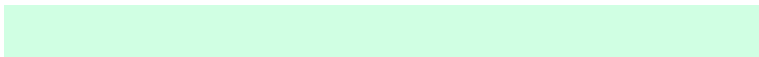
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.8176, -7.5788, 26.1707



96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758



96.8176, -26.9957, 14.6589

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.8176, -19.3435, 22.7751



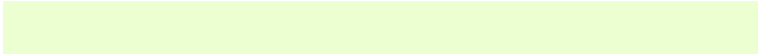
96.8176, -15.3627, -19.1069



96.8176, 21.1303, 7.5436

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758



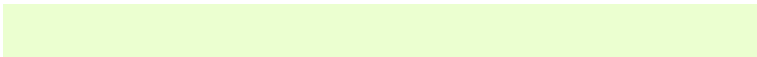
82.9620, 11.0252, -16.2990

Split Complementary

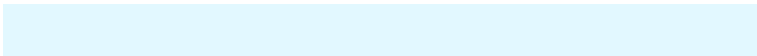
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.8176, 18.7762, -5.1648



96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758



96.8176, -2.7397, -21.6683

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



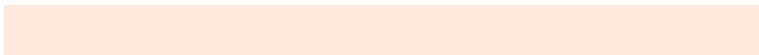
96.8176, -19.3435, 22.7751



96.8176, -24.7842, -9.6734



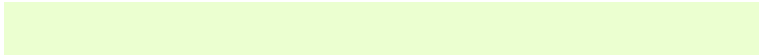
96.8176, 9.8664, -16.2716



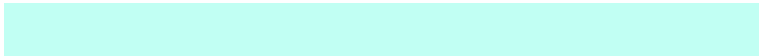
96.8176, 16.1393, 18.1558

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758



96.8176, -28.9700, 7.1163



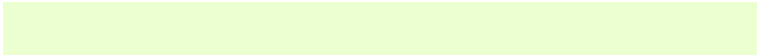
96.8176, 9.8664, -16.2716



96.8176, 21.1747, 3.3867

Sweetspot

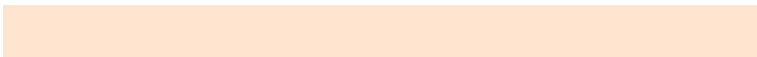
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.8176, -19.3435, 22.7751



98.9138, -10.0918, 11.4993



90.0404, 1.5298, 16.2137



45.7087, -4.9033, 5.6144

0.0000, NaN, NaN



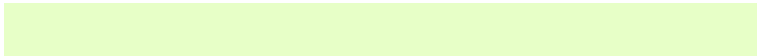
46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

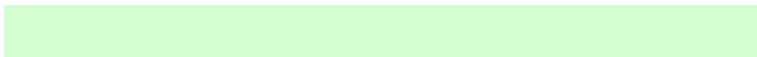
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.8176, -19.3435, 22.7751



96.2544, -21.8436, 25.6839



94.8995, -26.3706, 20.7315



45.4789, -5.9144, 6.8733



63.7787, -41.3663, 38.5760



20.0625, -12.2541, 12.1479

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



82.9620, 11.0252, -16.2990



79.7951, 14.2887, -20.8766



85.3566, 18.8026, -12.7904



42.1373, 1.3912, -2.5039



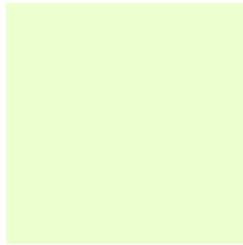
23.5348, 56.3335, -109.0497



7.7594, 18.0220, -31.6818

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

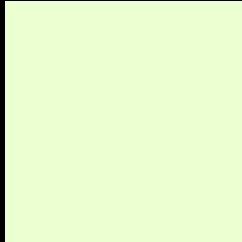
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

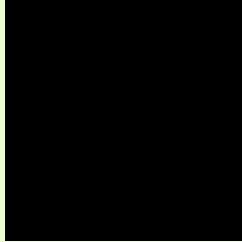
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

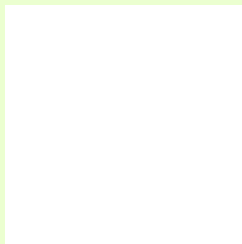
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758.



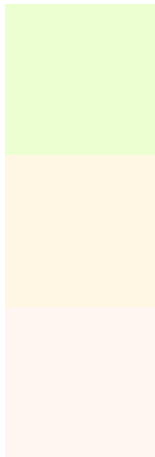
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.8175,

-19.3441,22.7758.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758

Protanopia

96.6062, -5.7865, 14.8254

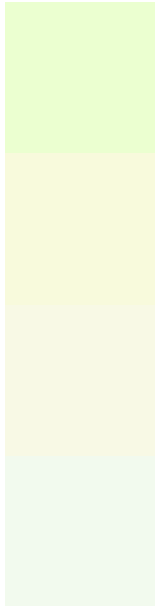
Deuteranopia

96.7070, -2.9822, 8.5175

Tritanopia

96.6097, -4.0417, 1.3983

Trichromacy



Original Color

96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758

Protanomaly

96.6928, -10.7929, 17.8743

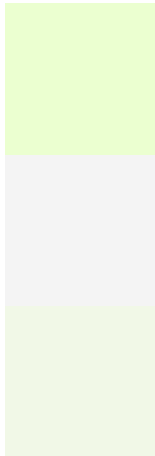
Deuteranomaly

96.6255, -8.8752, 13.8990

Tritanomaly

96.6548, -9.8868, 9.7663

Monochromacy



Original Color

96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758

Achromatopsia

95.1137, -5.0750, 5.1677

Achromatomaly

95.7106, -10.3360, 11.9626

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(235, 255, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(235, 255, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(235, 255, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(235, 255, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

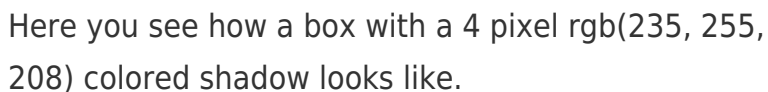
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(235, 255, 208) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(235, 255, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(235, 255, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 255, 208); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 255, 208); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(235, 255, 208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 96.8175, -19.3441, 22.7758 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(235, 255, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(235,  
255, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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