

Converting Colors

HunterLab(100.0000, -6.2021,
5.6769)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(100.0000, -6.2021,
5.6769) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(99.7790, -6.1699,
5.6583)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	<code>FDFFFE</code>
RGB	<code>253, 255, 254</code>
RGB Percent	<code>99%, 100%, 100%</code>
CMY	<code>0.0078, 0.0000, 0.0039</code>
CMYK	<code>0.01, 0.00, 0.00, 0.00</code>
HSL	<code>150°, 100%, 100%</code>
HSV	<code>150°, 1%, 100%</code>
XYZ	<code>94.1575, 99.5585, 108.0201</code>
YIQ	<code>254.2880, -0.8710, -0.7350</code>

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	253, 254, 255
Decimal	16646142
CIE Lab	99.83, -0.83, 0.23
CIE LCh	100, 0.859, 164.183
Yxy	99.5588, 0.3121, 0.3300
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294836222 (0xFFFDFFFE)
YUV	254.2880, -0.1420, -1.1296
Hunter-Lab	99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583

Details

The HunterLab color 99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583 is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be 99.3315, -4.4522, 5.1618, and the grayscale version is 99.6837, -5.3189, 5.4160.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332, and 74.9367, -4.8045, 4.2977 is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get 97.1079, -16.4265, 8.6125, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is 100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332.

Distribution



- Red (99%)
- Green (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (99%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


99.7790, -6.1699,
5.6583

99.7790, -6.1699,
5.6583


236.3597,
-13.7443, 13.1676

 87.1407, -5.4568,
4.9597

126.7076, -7.6771,
7.1422

 75.0861, -4.7739,
4.2930


140.9547, -8.4710,
7.9266

 63.6452, -4.1217,
3.6592


155.6991, -9.2904,
8.7378

 52.8527, -3.5017,
3.0600

170.9245,
-10.1344, 9.5749

 42.7504, -2.9156,
2.4975

186.6162,
-11.0025, 10.4371

 33.3891, -2.3653,
1.9744

202.7607,

 24.8328, -1.8532,

-11.8939, 11.3237

1.4939

219.3457,
-12.8080, 12.2341

■ 17.1660, -1.3821,
1.0600

■ 10.5070, -0.9554,
0.6784

99.7790, -6.1699,
5.6583

99.7790, -6.1699,
5.6583

■ 97.1079, -16.4265,
8.6125

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 94.7142, -25.9208,
11.7200

■ 92.6045, -34.5576,
14.9525

■ 90.7822, -42.2523,
18.2760

■ 89.2466, -48.9368,
21.6505

■ 87.9927, -54.5665,
25.0317

■ 87.0098, -59.1278,
28.3720

■ 86.2808, -62.6451,
31.6224

■ 85.7807, -65.1893,
34.7333

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.

99.7792, -5.9378, 6.0257

99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583

99.7792, -6.1754, 5.2273

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.

99.7792, -6.1690, 5.6576

99.7792, -5.1150, 4.6217

99.7792, -4.7017, 6.0091

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.

99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583

99.3315, -4.4522, 5.1618

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.

99.7792, -4.4804, 5.6348

99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583

99.7792, -4.7193, 4.8331

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.

99.7792, -6.1690, 5.6576

99.7792, -5.5675, 4.6279

99.7792, -4.4869, 5.2043

99.7792, -5.0909, 6.2280

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.

99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583

99.7792, -6.0514, 4.9629

99.7792, -4.4869, 5.2043

99.7792, -4.6051, 5.8973

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.

99.7792, -6.1690, 5.6576

100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332

99.8413, -6.0163, 6.2307



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

0.0000, NaN, NaN

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



99.7792, -6.1690, 5.6576



99.7185, -6.3983, 5.7198



99.8113, -5.9927, 5.1994



46.1408, -2.9359, 2.6396



61.8145, -48.1571, 26.6947



19.3454, -14.6733, 7.4952

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



99.3315, -4.4522, 5.1618



99.1473, -4.2080, 5.0872



99.2993, -4.6279, 5.6198



45.8896, -1.9727, 2.3614



34.5608, 61.6045, 3.5884



10.8860, 19.5925, -0.3297

Previews

White Background

Color Contrast Check

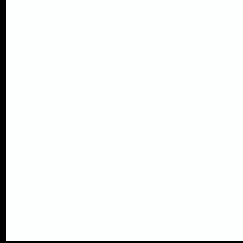
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

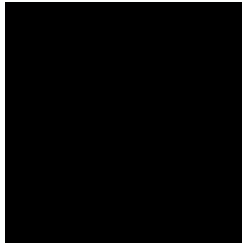
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

Original Color

99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583

Protanopia

99.6491, -4.9818, 5.5265

Deuteranopia

99.6813, -4.8054, 5.0668

Tritanopia

99.6813, -4.8054, 5.0668

Trichromacy

Original Color

99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583

Protanomaly

99.5541, -5.3120, 5.4090

Deuteranomaly

99.5864, -5.1353, 4.9488

Tritanomaly

99.5864, -5.1353, 4.9488

Monochromacy

Original Color

99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583

Achromatopsia

99.5541, -5.3120, 5.4090

Achromatomaly

99.5541, -5.3120, 5.4090

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(253, 255, 254)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(253, 255, 254) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(253, 255, 254) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(253, 255, 254) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(253, 255, 254) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(253, 255, 254)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(253, 255, 254); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 255, 254);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(253, 255,  
254) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 99.7790, -6.1699, 5.6583 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(253, 255, 254) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(253,  
255, 254) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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