

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(100.0000, 17.6989,  
6.6270)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(100.0000, 17.6989,  
6.6270) contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(95.2219, 2.3162,  
0.8538)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFF0FD
RGB	255, 240, 253
RGB Percent	100%, 94%, 99%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0588, 0.0078
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.01, 0.00
HSL	308°, 100%, 97%
HSV	308°, 6%, 100%
XYZ	90.1298, 90.6721, 105.6797
YIQ	245.9670, 4.7670, 7.2230

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

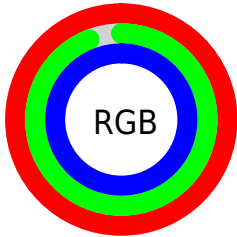
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	255, 240, 253
Decimal	16773373
CIE Lab	96.28, 7.28, -4.44
CIE LCh	96, 8.526, 328.613
Yxy	90.6757, 0.3146, 0.3165
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294963453 (0xFFFFF0FD)
YUV	245.9670, 3.4673, 7.9219
Hunter-Lab	95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538

# Details

The HunterLab color  $95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538$  is a light color, and the websafe version is hex FFFFFFFF. A complement of this color would be  $98.2127, -12.4337, 9.5859$ , and the grayscale version is  $95.9697, -5.1207, 5.2142$ .

A 20% lighter version of the original color is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ , and  $70.9029, 2.7855, 0.0679$  is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get  $87.4568, 15.5541, -6.9303$ , and if you desaturate by 10%, it is  $100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332$ .

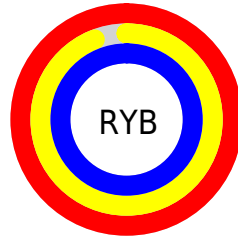
# Distribution



Red (100%)

Green (94%)

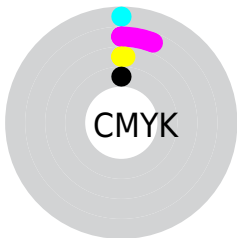
Blue (99%)



Red (100%)

Yellow (94%)

Blue (99%)

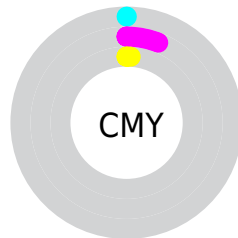


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (0%)



Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)


Yellow (1%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 95.2219, 2.3162,  
0.8538

 95.2219, 2.3162,  
0.8538


230.2664, -2.4333,  
6.7834

 82.7896, 2.6505,  
0.3664


121.7689, 1.5093,  
1.9466

 70.9494, 2.9402,  
-0.0811


135.8351, 1.0479,  
2.5451

 59.7345, 3.1782,  
-0.4843


150.4048, 0.5499,  
3.1766

 49.1821, 3.3591,  
-0.8394

165.4611, 0.0171,  
3.8396

 39.3367, 3.4761,  
-1.1415

180.9887, -0.5490,  
4.5329

 30.2532, 3.5202,  
-1.3843

196.9738, -1.1469,

 22.0018, 3.4786,

5.2552

-1.5596

213.4036, -1.7754,  
6.0057

■ 14.6771, 3.3322,  
-1.6550

■ 8.3356, 3.3595,  
-1.7806

■ 95.2219, 2.3162,  
0.8538

■ 95.2219, 2.3162,  
0.8538

■ 87.4568, 15.5541,  
-6.9303

100.0000, -5.3358,  
5.4332

■ 80.2024, 29.0264,  
-14.6480

■ 73.5485, 42.5750,  
-22.1661

■ 67.5979, 55.9039,  
-29.2699

■ 62.4636, 68.5264,  
-35.6420

■ 58.2566, 79.7512,  
-40.8680

■ 55.0643, 88.7637,  
-44.5002

■ 52.9177, 94.8503,  
-46.1972

■ 51.7536, 97.7298,  
-45.9037

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



95.2238, -0.9624, -2.2265



95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538



95.2238, 3.6012, 4.9865

# Triad

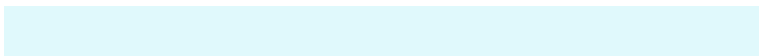
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



95.2238, 2.3132, 0.8552



95.2238, -4.8792, 12.9511



95.2238, -12.4664, 1.2109

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538



98.2127, -12.4337, 9.5859

# Split Complementary

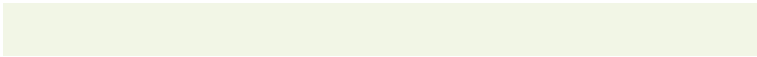
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95.2238, -13.4726, 5.3797



95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538



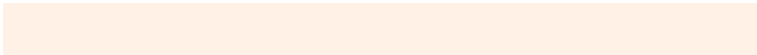
95.2238, -9.1406, 12.0416

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



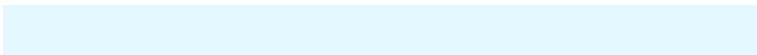
95.2238, 2.3132, 0.8552



95.2238, -0.5981, 11.8597



95.2238, -12.2660, 9.3173



95.2238, -9.4923, -2.0146



# Rectangle

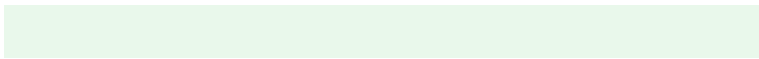
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



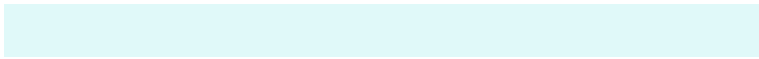
95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538



95.2238, 3.1418, 7.7395



95.2238, -12.2660, 9.3173



95.2238, -13.0436, 2.5542

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



95.2238, 2.3132, 0.8552



98.3592, -2.7460, 3.8770



94.0094, -1.7068, -1.7691



45.5429, -1.3299, 1.8294

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



95.2238, 2.3132, 0.8552



94.3308, 3.7821, -0.0175



94.9855, 1.0247, 4.2479



43.4202, 2.1167, -0.2257



37.2199, 71.1135, -33.1057



11.6615, 22.3568, -10.9620



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95.2238, 2.3132, 0.8552



94.3308, 3.7821, -0.0175



98.4386, -11.1811, 6.3573



43.4202, 2.1167, -0.2257



37.2199, 71.1135, -33.1057

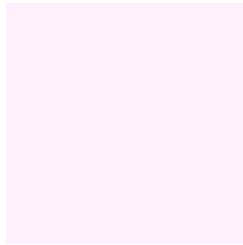


11.6615, 22.3568, -10.9620



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

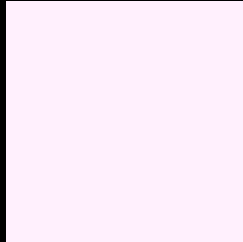
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail



# Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

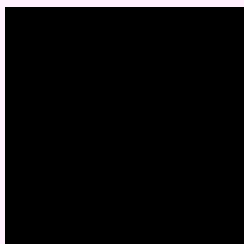
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 95.2219, 2.3162,

0.8538.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538

### Protanopia

95.3488, -1.9184, -0.1092

### Deuteranopia

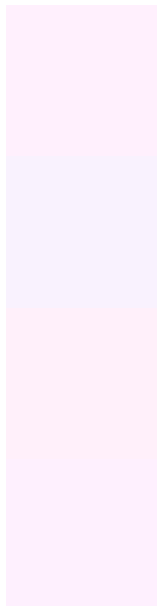
95.0893, 1.5997, 2.7402



## Tritanopia

95.0909, 2.0053, -0.3591

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538

## Protanomaly

95.2889, -0.5824, 0.3640

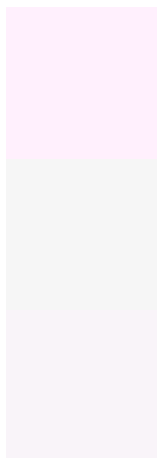
## Deuteranomaly

95.1222, 1.7776, 2.2718

## Tritanomaly

95.1561, 2.1595, 0.2487

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538

## Achromatopsia

95.9991, -5.1223, 5.2158

## Achromatomaly

95.7500, -2.5475, 3.4604

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 240, 253)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 240, 253)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 240, 253) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 240, 253) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538 is called "border".

The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 240, 253) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 240, 253) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 240, 253)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 240, 253); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240, 253);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 240,  
253) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 95.2219, 2.3162, 0.8538 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 240, 253) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
240, 253) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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