

Converting Colors

HunterLab(104.2425, 71.6312,
-123.3760)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(104.2425, 71.6312,
-123.3760) contains.

HunterLab(90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(90.4385, 11.3648,
-6.0965)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFE0FF
RGB	255, 224, 255
RGB Percent	100%, 88%, 100%
CMY	0.0000, 0.1215, 0.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.00, 0.00
HSL	300°, 100%, 94%
HSV	300°, 12%, 100%
XYZ	85.9455, 81.7912, 105.8651
YIQ	236.8030, 8.5250, 16.2130

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R _Y B	255, 224, 255
Decimal	16769279
CIE Lab	92.48, 15.90, -11.09
CIE LCh	92, 19.389, 325.098
Yxy	81.7944, 0.3141, 0.2989
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294959359 (0xFFFFE0FF)
YUV	236.8030, 8.9711, 15.9588
Hunter-Lab	90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965

Details

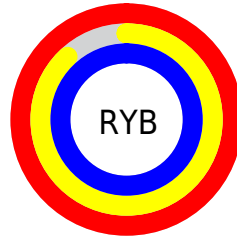
The HunterLab color **90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **96.3070, -20.3400, 15.5701**, and the grayscale version is **91.8996, -4.9035, 4.9931**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **100.0000, -5.3358, 5.4332**, and **66.6775, 10.9292, -6.2290** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **83.1263, 25.4567, -15.8115**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **98.2570, -2.4147, 3.4153**.

Distribution



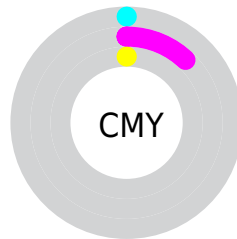
- Red (100%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Red (100%)
- Yellow (88%)
- Blue (100%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (0%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

90.4385, 11.3648,
-6.0965

90.4385, 11.3648,
-6.0965

223.8213, 9.6154,
-2.3296

78.2279, 11.3024,
-6.3011

116.5700, 11.3035,
-5.5364

66.6209, 11.1768,
-6.4549

130.4405, 11.1947,
-5.1913

55.6525, 10.9778,
-6.5513

144.8214, 11.0375,
-4.8054

45.3625, 10.6967,
-6.5849

159.6950, 10.8348,
-4.3808

35.7988, 10.3218,
-6.5492

175.0456, 10.5891,
-3.9194

27.0216, 9.8382,
-6.4368

190.8588, 10.3027,

19.1088, 9.2252,

-3.4227

-6.2397

207.1214, 9.9775,
-2.8924

■ 12.1679, 8.4550,
-5.9541

■ 5.2440, 12.9332,
-8.5322

■ 90.4385, 11.3648,
-6.0965

■ 90.4385, 11.3648,
-6.0965

■ 83.1263, 25.4567,
-15.8115

■ 98.2570, -2.4147,
3.4153

■ 76.3998, 39.7416,
-25.6473

100.0000, -5.3358,
5.4332

■ 70.3598, 53.9564,
-35.4229

■ 65.1157, 67.6578,
-44.8351

■ 60.7769, 80.1943,
-53.4388

■ 57.4345, 90.7603,
-60.6844

■ 55.1322, 98.5813,
-66.0446

■ 53.8336, 103.2134,
-69.2181

■ 53.3667, 104.9207,
-70.3875

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



90.4403, 3.4088, -13.1115



90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965



90.4403, 14.9831, 3.3576

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



90.4403, 11.3617, -6.0943



90.4403, -3.1938, 21.2093



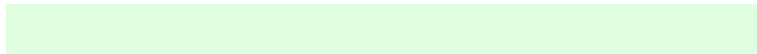
90.4403, -21.4744, -3.1223

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965



96.3070, -20.3400, 15.5701

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



90.4403, -23.0728, 6.4607



90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965



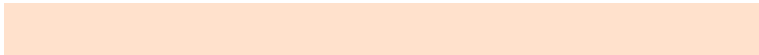
90.4403, -12.7851, 19.8702

Square

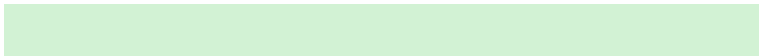
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



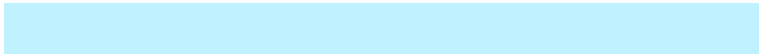
90.4403, 11.3617, -6.0943



90.4403, 6.3516, 18.5839



90.4403, -19.9581, 14.7078



90.4403, -15.4945, -11.2700

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965



90.4403, 14.3451, 9.5258



90.4403, -19.9581, 14.7078



90.4403, -22.5307, 0.0647

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



90.4403, 11.3617, -6.0943



96.7801, 0.1007, 1.6780



87.3971, 1.1530, -10.3078



44.4984, 0.5226, 0.4476

0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



90.4403, 11.3617, -6.0943



88.3045, 15.3435, -8.8407



89.9089, 8.5379, 1.4425



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Inverse Universe

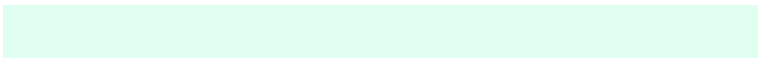
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



90.4403, 11.3617, -6.0943



88.3045, 15.3435, -8.8407



96.7626, -17.7784, 9.0375



42.7790, 3.5516, -1.6432



38.5764, 75.8426, -50.8800



12.0372, 23.6656, -15.8764

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

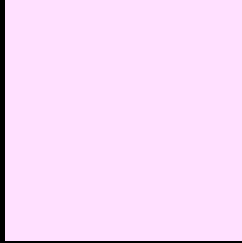
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

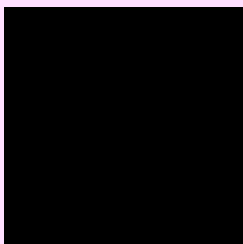
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965.



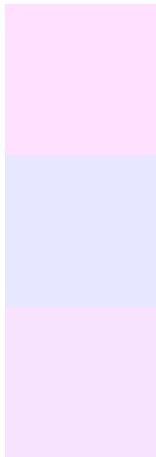
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965.

-6.0965,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965

Protanopia

90.5109, -0.8958, -6.2170

Deuteranopia

90.4810, 6.8129, -5.5693



Tritanopia

90.4472, 7.5597, -0.2391

Trichromacy



Original Color

90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965

Protanomaly

90.4344, 3.6006, -6.2378

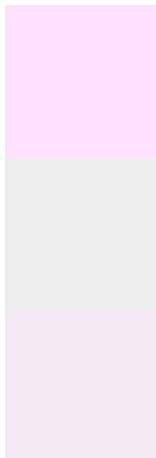
Deuteranomaly

90.4834, 8.3703, -5.5389

Tritanomaly

90.3873, 9.1729, -2.3966

Monochromacy



Original Color

90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965

Achromatopsia

92.0257, -4.9103, 4.9999

Achromatomaly

91.3663, 1.2754, 0.7815

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 224, 255)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 224, 255)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 224, 255) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 224, 255) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 224, 255) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 224, 255) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 224, 255)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 224, 255); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224, 255);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 224,  
255) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 90.4385, 11.3648, -6.0965 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 224, 255) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
224, 255) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor