

Converting Colors

HunterLab(109.1889, 25.9343,
52.4413)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(109.1889, 25.9343,
52.4413) contains.

HunterLab(96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(96.1210,
-17.6388, 41.6389)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	FFFB94
RGB	255, 251, 148
RGB Percent	100%, 98%, 58%
CMY	0.0000, 0.0157, 0.4196
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.42, 0.00
HSL	58°, 100%, 79%
HSV	58°, 42%, 100%
XYZ	81.0825, 92.3925, 41.5770
YIQ	240.4540, 35.4470, -31.1850

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

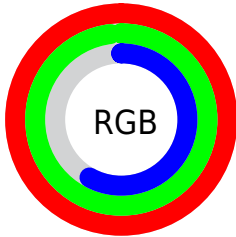
Format	Color
R_{YB}	152, 255, 148
Decimal	16776084
CIE _{Lab}	96.98, -12.78, 49.70
CIE _{LCh}	97, 51.315, 104.425
Yxy	92.3967, 0.3770, 0.4296
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4294966164 (0xFFFFFB94)
YUV	240.4540, -45.5798, 12.7568
Hunter-Lab	96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389

Details

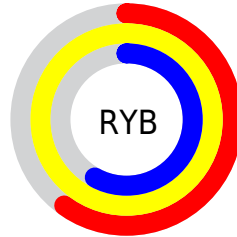
The HunterLab color **96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **FFFF99**. A complement of this color would be **59.9762, 18.5261, -56.2439**, and the grayscale version is **93.7327, -5.0013, 5.0927**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **98.5352, -13.4208, 26.4852**, and **71.9213, -15.1541, 35.1272** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **95.4374, -19.2837, 46.9301**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **96.8975, -15.5135, 35.0889**.

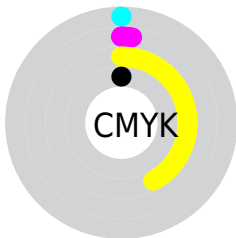
Distribution



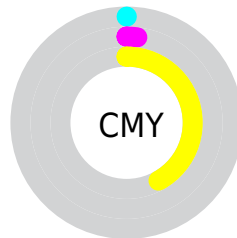
- Red (100%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (58%)



- Red (60%)
- Yellow (100%)
- Blue (58%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (0%)





- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 96.1210, -17.6388,
41.6389

 96.1210, -17.6388,
41.6389


231.4728,
-29.3259, 67.6470

 83.6482, -16.3786,
38.3893


 122.7449,
-20.1799, 47.8462

 71.7650, -15.1155,
35.0158


 136.8473,
-21.4583, 50.8305

 60.5049, -13.8487,
31.4950


151.4518,
-22.7447, 53.7505

 49.9044, -12.5731,
27.7970

166.5419,
-24.0402, 56.6148

 40.0074, -11.2806,
23.8851

182.1022,
-25.3456, 59.4308

 30.8680, -9.9598,
19.7185

198.1191,

 22.5552, -8.5916,

-26.6613, 62.2048

15.7886

214.5799,
-27.9880, 64.9420

■ 15.1612, -7.1431,
10.6128

■ 8.7919, -6.8051,
6.1543

■ 96.1210, -17.6388,
41.6389

■ 96.1210, -17.6388,
41.6389

■ 95.4374, -19.2837,
46.9301

■ 96.8975, -15.5135,
35.0889

■ 94.8358, -20.4585,
51.0084

■ 97.7637, -12.8855,
27.2460

■ 94.3130, -21.1934,
53.9432

■ 98.7244, -9.7512,
18.0955

■ 93.8622, -21.5248,
55.8277

■ 99.7814, -6.1088,
7.6357

■ 93.4746, -21.5015, 100.0000, -5.3358,
56.7873 5.4332

■ 93.1973, -21.2897,
57.0550

Harmonies

Analogous

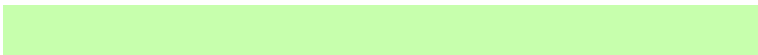
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



96.1232, 9.1031, 41.4982



96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389



96.1232, -38.6228, 34.0794

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



96.1232, -17.6419, 41.6398



96.1232, -39.2498, -35.8128



96.1232, 49.7357, -8.8884

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389



59.9762, 18.5261, -56.2439

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



96.1232, 33.6777, -36.7926



96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389



96.1232, -18.5880, -55.0077

Square

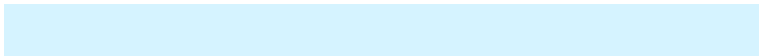
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



96.1232, -17.6419, 41.6398



96.1232, -50.1391, -7.8032



96.1232, 8.0480, -55.4088



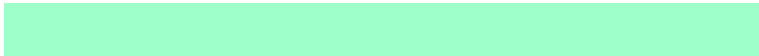
96.1232, 50.0609, 16.6644

Rectangle

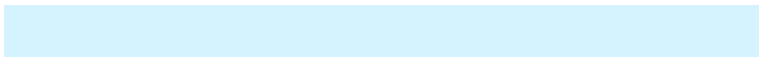
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389



96.1232, -47.3551, 24.0863



96.1232, 8.0480, -55.4088



96.1232, 45.9264, -18.4368

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



96.1232, -17.6419, 41.6398



98.6200, -10.1010, 19.1087



66.8972, 36.6474, 15.0177



45.5252, -5.0081, 9.8132

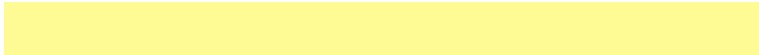
0.0000, NaN, NaN



46.2646, -2.4686, 2.5136

Same Dimension

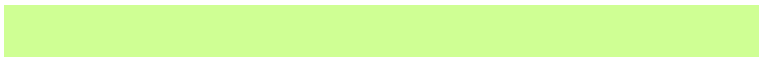
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



96.1232, -17.6419, 41.6398



95.5651, -18.9995, 45.9908



93.2213, -35.2363, 39.0057



45.7903, -4.1194, 7.2398



67.4066, -15.4463, 41.2652



21.1160, -4.9424, 12.9250

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



59.9762, 18.5261, -56.2439



53.2384, 24.7304, -72.1237



63.3694, 34.0139, -48.8739



41.8167, -0.3675, -2.9507



19.8181, 50.9653, -134.7903



6.4728, 14.7089, -39.8428

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

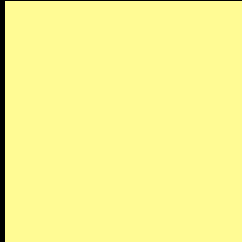
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

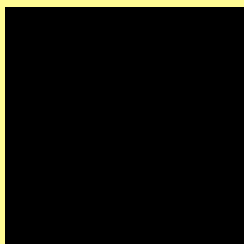
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389.



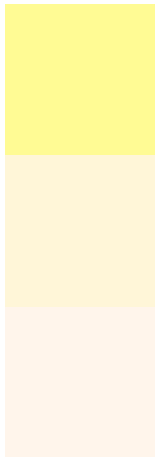
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 96.1210,

-17.6388, 41.6389.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389

Protanopia

95.9841, -6.9413, 18.8936

Deuteranopia

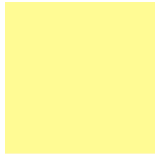
96.2097, -3.4513, 10.7873



Tritanopia

96.0865, 0.3479, 2.8982

Trichromacy



Original Color

96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389



Protanomaly

95.9981, -11.4131, 28.5113



Deuteranomaly

95.9653, -9.3139, 24.0631



Tritanomaly

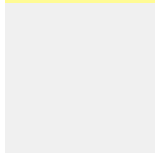
95.9305, -7.2359, 19.6658

Monochromacy



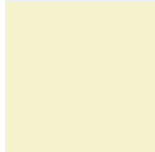
Original Color

96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389



Achromatopsia

93.3470, -4.9808, 5.0717



Achromatomaly

94.1376, -10.6410, 20.6415

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(255, 251, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(255, 251, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(255, 251, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(255, 251, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(255, 251, 148) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(255, 251, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(255, 251, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(255, 251, 148); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251, 148);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(255, 251,  
148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 96.1210, -17.6388, 41.6389 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(255, 251, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(255,  
251, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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