

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.0400, -6.7753,
-28.8757)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.0400, -6.7753,
-28.8757) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(13.5319, 1.7984,
-20.7960)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00254B
RGB	0, 37, 75
RGB Percent	0%, 15%, 29%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8549, 0.7059
CMYK	1.00, 0.51, 0.00, 0.71
HSL	210°, 100%, 15%
HSV	210°, 100%, 29%
XYZ	1.9316, 1.8311, 6.9082
YIQ	30.2690, -34.2500, 3.9740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

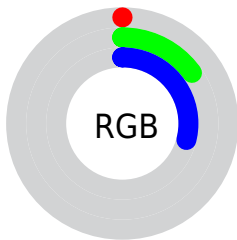
Format	Color
RYB	0, 25, 75
Decimal	9547
CIELab	14.58, 4.66, -27.05
CIELCh	15, 27.451, 279.770
Yxy	1.8312, 0.1810, 0.1716
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199627 (0xFF00254B)
YUV	30.2690, 22.0524, -26.5459
Hunter-Lab	13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960

Details

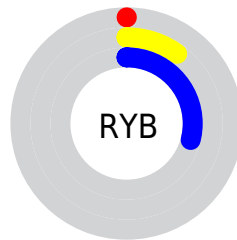
The HunterLab color **13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **16.9777, 8.0857, 10.6026**, and the grayscale version is **11.4197, -0.6093, 0.6205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.7574, 1.7157, -21.5644**, and **3.7729, 6.1257, -17.9394** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.5314, 1.7995, -20.7976**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.5895, 0.7733, -18.0482**.

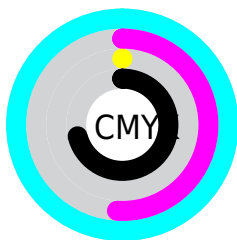
Distribution



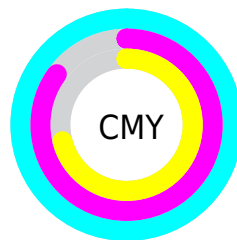
- Red (0%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (29%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (29%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (51%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (71%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (71%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.5319, 1.7984,
-20.7960

■ 13.5319, 1.7984,
-20.7960

■ 105.9740, -0.7822,
-24.5665

■ 7.1168, 2.4721,
-22.7371

■ 28.7884, 1.6608,
-21.6523

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 37.7359, 1.4727,
-22.2037

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 47.4559, 1.2210,
-22.7302

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.8914, 0.9133,
-23.2099

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.9964, 0.5552,
-23.6347

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 80.7326, 0.1510,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-24.0020

■ 93.0677, -0.2957,
-24.3121

■ 13.5319, 1.7984,
-20.7960

■ 13.5319, 1.7984,
-20.7960

■ 13.5314, 1.7995,
-20.7976

■ 14.5895, 0.7733,
-18.0482

■ 15.6718, -0.2002,
-15.5302

■ 16.8262, -0.9564,
-13.1043

■ 18.0501, -1.4995,
-10.7691

■ 19.3370, -1.8503,
-8.5271

■ 20.6809, -2.0302,
-6.3760

■ 22.0762, -2.0593,
-4.3105

■ 23.5183, -1.9561,
-2.3238

■ 25.0030, -1.7366,
-0.4086

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.5321, -5.3349, -19.3450



13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960



13.5321, 9.7320, -14.5117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.5321, 1.7988, -20.7957



13.5321, 12.1638, 7.1540



13.5321, -11.7246, 4.6570

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960



16.9777, 8.0857, 10.6026

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.5321, -8.7317, 8.2380



13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960



13.5321, 4.6040, 9.4725

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.5321, 1.7988, -20.7957



13.5321, 16.5165, 2.8538



13.5321, -3.0722, 9.4725



13.5321, -12.1575, -1.7900

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960



13.5321, 14.0374, -8.0934



13.5321, -3.0722, 9.4725



13.5321, -11.0213, 6.0084

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.5321, 1.7988, -20.7957



28.5383, -2.6860, -5.9068



22.7353, -17.3478, 9.0326



14.1426, -1.3502, -3.2371



65.8695, -3.5146, 3.5788



17.3419, -0.9253, 0.9422

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.5321, 1.7988, -20.7957



17.2013, 3.1235, -28.2429



7.1284, 19.3298, -50.6349



13.3027, -0.8974, -0.0861



18.0767, 3.4448, -30.0306



41.8841, 12.5416, -79.4251

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12.7653, 22.9052, 0.1376



16.5761, 29.6645, 0.8084



25.5500, -6.8624, 15.6233



13.0944, 0.4777, 0.4061



17.4866, 31.2789, 0.9694



42.3526, 75.3564, 5.4583

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

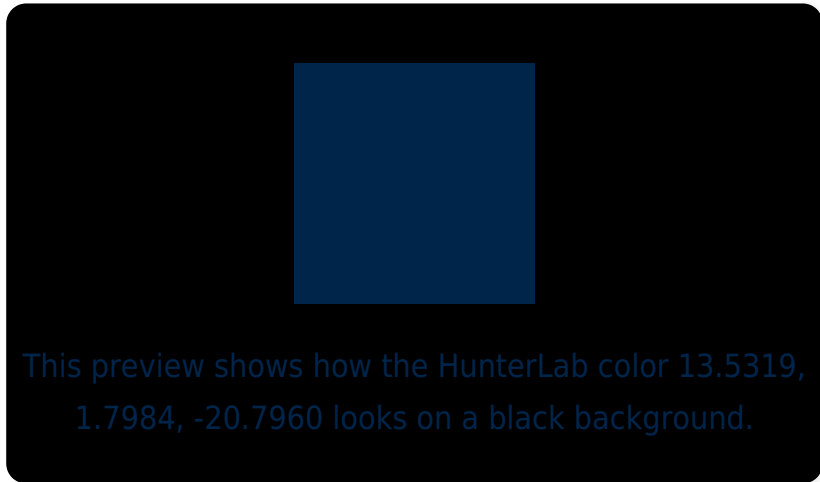
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960.

-20.7960.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960

Protanopia

13.8236, 2.6505, -19.2225

Deuteranopia

13.6246, -1.0645, -14.7316



Tritanopia

13.5845, -6.6697, -2.5815

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960

Protanomaly

13.6953, 2.2341, -19.5689

Deuteranomaly

13.5219, 0.0796, -17.0731

Tritanomaly

13.4280, -3.9235, -8.3141

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

11.9307, -1.3458, -5.5170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 37, 75)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 37, 75)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 37, 75) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 37, 75) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 37, 75) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 37, 75) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 37, 75)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 37, 75); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 37, 75); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 37, 75) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 13.5319, 1.7984, -20.7960 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 37, 75) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 37,  
75) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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