

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.0434, -13.6193,
7.7303)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.0434, -13.6193,
7.7303) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.7738,
-10.0960, 7.0782)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002600
RGB	0, 38, 0
RGB Percent	0%, 15%, 0%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8510, 1.0000
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 1.00, 0.85
HSL	120°, 100%, 7%
HSV	120°, 100%, 15%
XYZ	0.6931, 1.3862, 0.2310
YIQ	22.3060, -10.4500, -19.8740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	0, 38, 38
Decimal	9728
CIELab	11.87, -22.75, 17.15
CIELCh	12, 28.494, 142.987
Yxy	1.3863, 0.3000, 0.6000
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199808 (0xFF002600)
YUV	22.3060, -10.9969, -19.5624
Hunter-Lab	11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782

Details

The HunterLab color **11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003300**. A complement of this color would be **7.4299, 14.6072, -9.7991**, and the grayscale version is **9.0829, -0.4846, 0.4935**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.6108, -14.8939, 10.1448**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.7740, -10.0962, 7.0783**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9127, -9.4365, 6.6321**.

Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (15%)

Blue (0%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (15%)

Blue (15%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (85%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (85%)

Yellow (100%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.7738, -10.0960,
7.0782

■ 11.7738, -10.0960,
7.0782

■ 102.4226,
-27.7872, 20.9453

■ 4.5451, -7.9540,
3.1816

■ 26.5066, -14.7133,
10.0488

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 35.2329, -16.7935,
11.7483

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.7499, -18.7636,
13.3696

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.9965, -20.6561,
14.9380

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.9241, -22.4921,
16.4700

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.4927, -24.2861,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

17.9768

■ 89.6685, -26.0485,
19.4666

■ 11.7738, -10.0960,
7.0782

■ 11.7738, -10.0960,
7.0782

■ 11.7740, -10.0962,
7.0783

■ 11.9127, -9.4365,
6.6321

■ 12.0498, -8.7932,
6.1971

■ 12.1872, -8.1567,
5.7668

■ 12.3474, -7.4250,
5.2721

■ 12.5370, -6.5733,
4.6963

■ 12.7560, -5.6064,
4.0428

■ 13.0045, -4.5314,
3.3162

■ 13.2822, -3.3563,
2.5221

■ 13.5884, -2.0903,
1.6667

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.7740, -5.6823, 8.2418



11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782



11.7740, -12.1422, 2.1754

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.7740, -10.0962, 7.0782



11.7740, -2.3149, -22.2332



11.7740, 15.5252, 4.9567

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782



7.4299, 14.6072, -9.7991

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.7740, 17.0645, -1.1328



11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782



11.7740, 5.4532, -19.8437

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.7740, -10.0962, 7.0782



11.7740, -8.0240, -16.0791



11.7740, 13.0092, -10.7531



11.7740, 9.2099, 8.2418

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782



11.7740, -11.9514, -2.8213



11.7740, 13.0092, -10.7531



11.7740, 16.6731, 3.2930

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.7740, -10.0962, 7.0782



16.1386, -5.9021, 4.3049



13.4103, -3.6019, 8.2003



9.3178, -3.4030, 2.4823



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.7740, -10.0962, 7.0782



14.6660, -12.5760, 8.8168



11.9720, -8.8639, 4.1707



7.5901, -0.9904, 0.8105



24.4427, -20.9595, 14.6944



67.5648, -57.9368, 40.6187

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.4299, 14.6072, -9.7991



9.2547, 18.1951, -12.2060



6.7757, 12.2974, -1.0008



7.3678, 0.2099, -0.0098



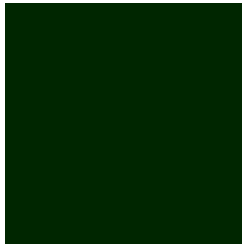
15.4242, 30.3244, -20.3428



42.6358, 83.8232, -56.2317

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

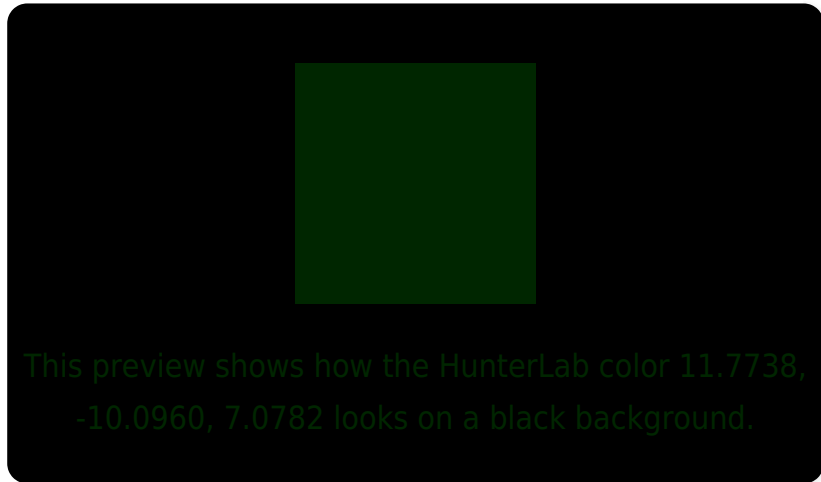
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.7738,

-10.0960, 7.0782.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782

Protanopia

12.1697, -2.1295, 7.4617

Deuteranopia

12.1199, 0.1200, 6.3465



Tritanopia

12.0506, -3.8382, -1.6638

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782

Protanomaly

11.8163, -5.9089, 7.1777

Deuteranomaly

11.7244, -4.9061, 6.4126

Tritanomaly

11.7993, -6.7170, 2.8108

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782

Achromatopsia

8.9572, -0.4779, 0.4867

Achromatomaly

9.7754, -4.7699, 3.4201

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 38, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 38, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 38, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 38, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 38, 0) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 38, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 38, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 38, 0); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 38, 0); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 38, 0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.7738, -10.0960, 7.0782 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 38, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 38,  
0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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