

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.0989, 1.3019,
-0.8834)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.0989, 1.3019, -0.8834)
contains.

HunterLab(11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(11.1687, 0.9989,
-0.7387)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	201C21
RGB	32, 28, 33
RGB Percent	13%, 11%, 13%
CMY	0.8745, 0.8902, 0.8706
CMYK	0.03, 0.15, 0.00, 0.87
HSL	288°, 8%, 12%
HSV	288°, 15%, 13%
XYZ	1.2854, 1.2474, 1.6119
YIQ	29.7660, 0.7790, 2.4030

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
RYB	32, 28, 33
Decimal	2104353
CIELab	10.90, 3.17, -2.72
CIElCh	11, 4.177, 319.296
Yxy	1.2475, 0.3101, 0.3010
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280294433 (0xFF201C21)
YUV	29.7660, 1.5944, 1.9592
Hunter-Lab	11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387

Details

The HunterLab color **11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **11.9700, -2.1549, 1.8961**, and the grayscale version is **11.3170, -0.6038, 0.6149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.6492, 0.8593, -0.4100**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4354, 2.1133, -1.7079**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.9304, -0.0994, 0.1990**.

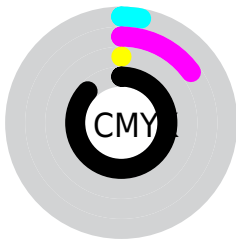
Distribution



- Red (13%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (13%)



- Red (13%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (87%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1687, 0.9989,
-0.7387

■ 11.1687, 0.9989,
-0.7387

■ 101.1698, -2.1472,
2.8228

■ 3.1616, 4.1956,
-3.3995

■ 25.7106, 0.7088,
-0.3350

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.3570, 0.4519,
-0.0292

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.8006, 0.1356,
0.3332

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.9793, -0.2333,
0.7460

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.8432, -0.6496,
1.2046

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.3516, -1.1094,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

1.7055

■ 88.4703, -1.6094,
2.2457

■ 11.1687, 0.9989,
-0.7387

■ 11.1687, 0.9989,
-0.7387

■ 10.4354, 2.1133,
-1.7079

■ 11.9304, -0.0994,
0.1990

■ 9.7332, 3.2427,
-2.7105

■ 12.7169, -1.1802,
1.1069

■ 9.0666, 4.3819,
-3.7459

■ 13.5258, -2.2445,
1.9880

■ 8.4401, 5.5220,
-4.8104

■ 14.3552, -3.2934,
2.8451

■ 7.8592, 6.6482,
-5.8957

■ 15.2032, -4.3284,
3.6810

■ 7.3162, 7.7764,
-7.0161

■ 16.0682, -5.3510,
4.4982

■ 6.7410, 9.1171,
-8.3420

■ 16.9490, -6.3626,
5.2991

■ 6.1136, 10.8050,
-9.9978

■ 17.8443, -7.3647,
6.0858

■ 5.7855, 11.8057,
-10.9741

■ 18.7533, -8.3587,
6.8603

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1689, 0.0882, -1.3913



11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387



11.1689, 1.4877, 0.2401

Triad

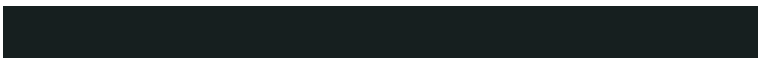
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1689, 0.9986, -0.7385



11.1689, -0.2137, 2.3577



11.1689, -2.4643, -0.0551

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387



11.9700, -2.1549, 1.8961

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1689, -2.5383, 0.9637



11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387



11.1689, -1.2652, 2.2947

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1689, 0.9986, -0.7385



11.1689, 0.7705, 1.9862



11.1689, -2.1069, 1.8052



11.1689, -1.9009, -0.9719

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387



11.1689, 1.4970, 0.9181



11.1689, -2.1069, 1.8052



11.1689, -2.5464, 0.2887

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1689, 0.9986, -0.7385



15.1239, -0.0938, 0.2252



11.1336, -0.3269, -0.8077



8.9310, -0.0616, 0.1382



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1689, 0.9986, -0.7385



13.7815, 1.8641, -1.4532



11.2069, 1.0556, -0.1495



6.6692, 0.0852, -0.0071



12.7665, 26.2905, -26.0709



35.3659, 73.2409, -75.4074

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.1473, 0.7370, 0.6989



13.7475, 1.4411, 0.9095



11.9391, -2.2084, 1.4103



6.6628, 0.0118, 0.3846



13.0432, 22.6195, 6.2381



36.5554, 63.0463, 20.1794

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

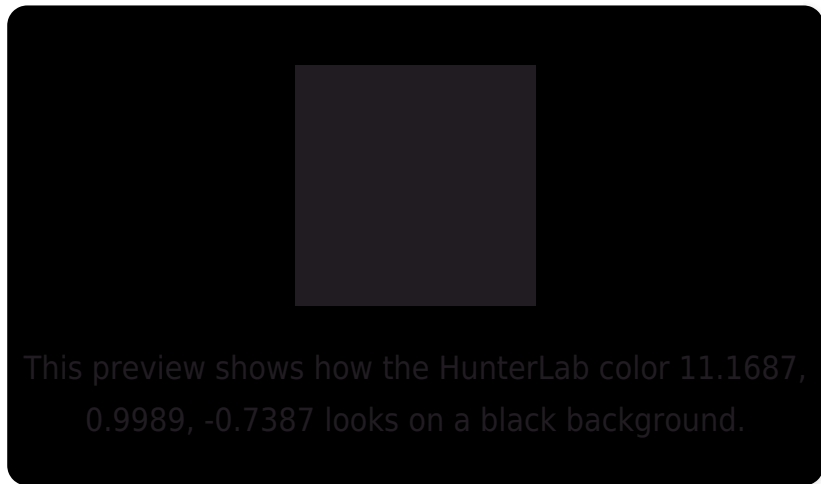
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

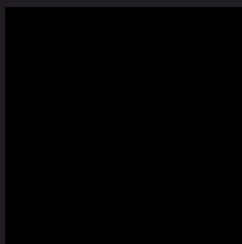
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387.



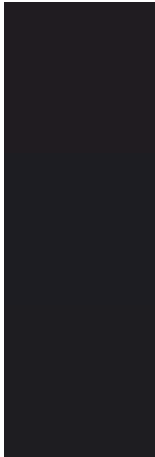
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387.

-0.7387.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387

Protanopia

11.2046, 0.0633, -1.1028

Deuteranopia

11.2452, 0.1514, -0.6543



Tritanopia

11.1199, 0.7380, -0.0469

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387

Protanomaly

11.2705, 0.2880, -1.0114

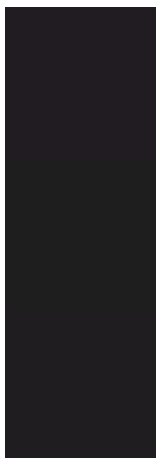
Deuteranomaly

11.3130, 0.3819, -0.5631

Tritanomaly

11.1439, 0.8667, -0.3883

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

11.2648, 0.1217, 0.1206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(32, 28, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(32, 28, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 28, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(32, 28, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(32, 28, 33) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(32, 28, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(32, 28, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(32, 28, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 28, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(32, 28, 33)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(32, 28, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(32, 28,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor