

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.1387, 35.8166,
-43.4401)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.1387, 35.8166,
-43.4401) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(13.0340, 27.9844,
-35.4793)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	3C005A
RGB	60, 0, 90
RGB Percent	24%, 0%, 35%
CMY	0.7647, 1.0000, 0.6471
CMYK	0.33, 1.00, 0.00, 0.65
HSL	280°, 100%, 18%
HSV	280°, 100%, 35%
XYZ	3.7090, 1.6989, 9.8053
YIQ	28.2000, 6.8700, 40.7100

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

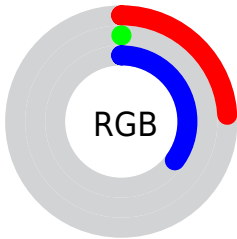
Format	Color
R_{YB}	60, 0, 90
Decimal	3932250
CIE Lab	13.82, 41.06, -38.23
CIE LCh	14, 56.101, 317.042
Yxy	1.6989, 0.2438, 0.1117
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282122330 (0xFF3C005A)
YUV	28.2000, 30.4674, 27.8886
Hunter-Lab	13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793

Details

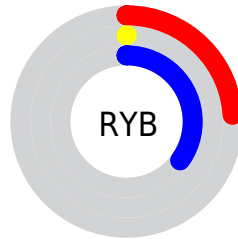
The HunterLab color **13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330066**. A complement of this color would be **27.5470, -21.0465, 16.6058**, and the grayscale version is **10.7455, -0.5734, 0.5838**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **28.1319, 31.7513, -35.2187**, and **4.1763, 11.3283, -29.6747** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **13.0341, 27.9847, -35.4790**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **14.1081, 25.8334, -31.5053**.

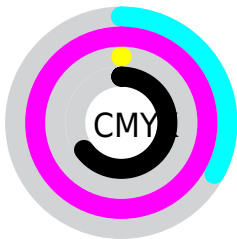
Distribution



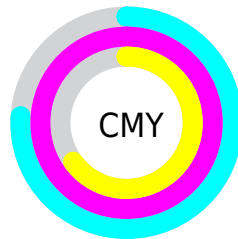
- Red (24%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (24%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (65%)



- Cyan (76%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 13.0340, 27.9844,
-35.4793

■ 13.0340, 27.9844,
-35.4793

■ 104.9807, 40.3368,
-39.3044

■ 6.5035, 30.8565,
-42.5459

■ 28.1465, 31.4577,
-35.1307

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 37.0329, 33.0685,
-35.6424

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.6968, 34.5561,
-36.2677

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 57.0801, 35.9230,
-36.9244

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 68.1359, 37.1763,
-37.5724

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.8257, 38.3245,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-38.1913

■ 92.1166, 39.3756,
-38.7705

■ 13.0340, 27.9844,
-35.4793

■ 13.0340, 27.9844,
-35.4793

■ 13.0341, 27.9847,
-35.4790

■ 14.1081, 25.8334,
-31.5053

■ 15.2615, 23.6869,
-27.7601

■ 16.6953, 20.9455,
-23.6971

■ 18.3787, 17.8457,
-19.5678

■ 20.2754, 14.5729,
-15.5371

■ 22.3525, 11.2459,
-11.6870

■ 24.5819, 7.9313,
-8.0444

■ 26.9405, 4.6614,
-4.6057

■ 29.4100, 1.4484,
-1.3528

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



13.0342, 8.9214, -62.6538



13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793



13.0342, 41.2261, -7.1019

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



13.0342, 27.9845, -35.4786



13.0342, 6.4532, 9.1240



13.0342, -20.8265, -10.2194

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793



27.5470, -21.0465, 16.6058

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



13.0342, -21.1723, 5.5469



13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793



13.0342, -8.1428, 9.1240

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



13.0342, 27.9845, -35.4786



13.0342, 25.4870, 9.1240



13.0342, -16.6207, 9.1240



13.0342, -15.6758, -39.8317

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793



13.0342, 42.2864, 3.6546



13.0342, -16.6207, 9.1240



13.0342, -21.5085, -3.1390

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



13.0342, 27.9845, -35.4786



32.2188, 10.9148, -11.0966



12.9104, 9.3421, -36.3034



15.4554, 5.9267, -6.0636



70.1359, -3.7423, 3.8106



20.7927, -1.1094, 1.1297

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



13.0342, 27.9845, -35.4786



17.0869, 36.8196, -47.5450



16.3759, 31.1460, -13.4649



15.3218, 0.5592, -0.5112



15.9330, 34.3035, -44.1053



36.6097, 79.4203, -105.9939

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



15.0580, 26.4094, 4.9047



19.8743, 34.7756, 7.1034



27.1051, -22.7883, 15.3145



15.3596, 0.5359, 0.7109



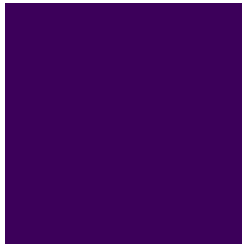
18.5023, 32.3924, 6.4777



43.1226, 75.1594, 17.7048

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

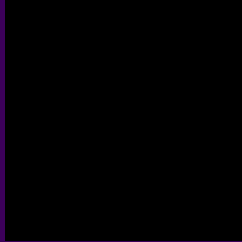
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793

Protanopia

14.0193, 2.7273, -23.4105

Deuteranopia

14.1970, -1.3693, -14.7890



Tritanopia

14.3032, 3.8740, 1.2802

Trichromacy



Original Color

13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793

Protanomaly

12.0993, 12.1345, -33.4331

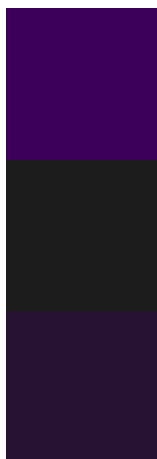
Deuteranomaly

12.0216, 9.2502, -27.0586

Tritanomaly

12.8588, 12.8498, -9.6996

Monochromacy



Original Color

13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793

Achromatopsia

10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

Achromatomaly

10.5960, 9.9086, -10.8223

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(60, 0, 90)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(60, 0, 90)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(60, 0, 90) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(60, 0, 90) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(60, 0, 90) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(60, 0, 90) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(60, 0, 90)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(60, 0, 90); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 0, 90); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(60, 0, 90) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 13.0340, 27.9844, -35.4793 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(60, 0, 90) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(60, 0,  
90) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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