

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.1640, 2.0710,
6.5907)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.1640, 2.0710, 6.5907)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.1149, 1.9915,
6.5775)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	2A1A02
RGB	42, 26, 2
RGB Percent	16%, 10%, 1%
CMY	0.8353, 0.8980, 0.9922
CMYK	0.00, 0.38, 0.95, 0.84
HSL	36°, 91%, 9%
HSV	36°, 95%, 16%
XYZ	1.3352, 1.2354, 0.2255
YIQ	28.0480, 17.2400, -4.0720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

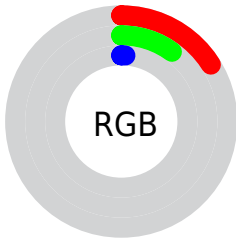
Format	Color
RYB	29, 42, 2
Decimal	2759170
CIELab	10.82, 5.06, 15.42
CIELCh	11, 16.231, 71.849
Yxy	1.2355, 0.4775, 0.4418
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280949250 (0xFF2A1A02)
YUV	28.0480, -12.8417, 12.2359
Hunter-Lab	11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775

Details

The HunterLab color **11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **7.8271, 1.3366, -11.7463**, and the grayscale version is **10.8255, -0.5776, 0.5882**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.5982, 1.9719, 9.0779**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.9368, 2.1887, 6.7775**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.4948, 1.5708, 6.1922**.

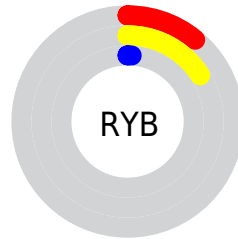
Distribution



Red (16%)

Green (10%)

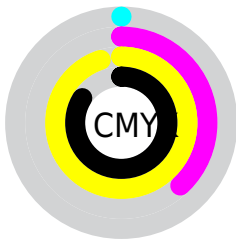
Blue (1%)



Red (11%)

Yellow (16%)

Blue (1%)

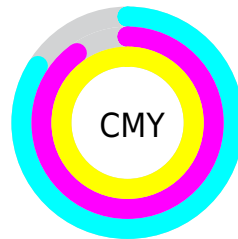


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (38%)

Yellow (95%)

Black (84%)



Cyan (84%)

Magenta (90%)

Yellow (99%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1149, 1.9915,
6.5775

■ 11.1149, 1.9915,
6.5775

■ 101.0577, -0.1804,
19.3700

■ 3.0065, 7.1677,
2.1046

■ 25.6396, 1.9830,
9.1863

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.2787, 1.8462,
10.7590

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.7158, 1.6404,
12.2648

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.8884, 1.3745,
13.7266

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 64.7465, 1.0550,
15.1593


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 76.2495, 0.6869,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


16.5730


 88.3630, 0.2740,
17.9749


 11.1149, 1.9915,
6.5775


 11.1149, 1.9915,
6.5775


 10.9368, 2.1887,
6.7775

 11.4948, 1.5708,
6.1922

 11.8809, 1.1449,
5.8504

 12.2789, 0.7435,
5.4684

 12.6919, 0.3875,
4.9911

 13.1194, 0.0761,
4.4221

■ 13.5607, -0.1917,
3.7659

■ 14.0151, -0.4175,
3.0271

■ 14.4820, -0.6029,
2.2104

■ 14.9608, -0.7498,
1.3205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1152, 5.9645, 4.8642



11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775



11.1152, -2.1783, 6.7498

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1152, 1.9909, 6.5776



11.1152, -7.4014, -1.0612



11.1152, 5.2184, -6.6246

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775



7.8271, 1.3366, -11.7463

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1152, 1.0850, -9.6230



11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775



11.1152, -5.9139, -5.7098

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1152, 1.9909, 6.5776



11.1152, -7.2204, 2.7115



11.1152, -2.9617, -9.2377



11.1152, 8.0072, -2.0160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775



11.1152, -4.4827, 5.9675



11.1152, -2.9617, -9.2377



11.1152, 3.9166, -7.9186

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1152, 1.9909, 6.5776



17.2400, -0.3761, 4.3043



7.6114, 12.1424, 0.4449



9.7488, -0.2054, 2.4622



57.4755, -3.0668, 3.1228



10.7914, -0.5758, 0.5863

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1152, 1.9909, 6.5776



13.4611, 3.1939, 8.3506



14.3957, -4.8791, 8.5486



8.2678, -0.3982, 0.8722



20.5313, 6.0746, 12.7576



53.9660, 20.1350, 33.6061

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



7.8271, 1.3366, -11.7463



9.0219, 2.6363, -16.9677



4.9930, 9.6637, -22.7649



8.0979, -0.4617, -0.0017



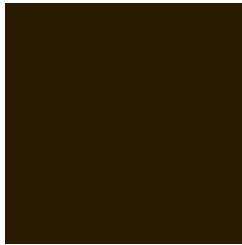
13.2928, 5.8554, -29.2550



33.4338, 21.8988, -89.0625

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

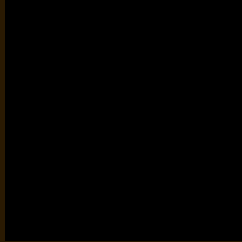
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775.

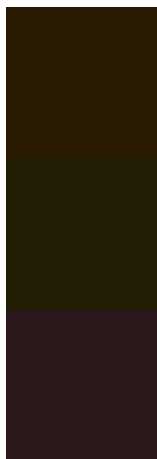


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.1149, 1.9915,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775

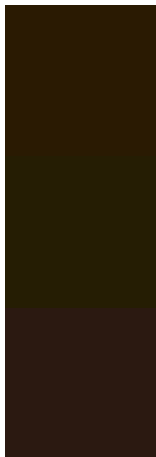
Protanopia

11.3022, -1.6815, 6.3324

Tritanopia

11.1420, 4.6820, 1.7472

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775

Protanomaly

11.3076, -0.5493, 6.5064

Tritanomaly

11.1773, 3.5172, 4.1359

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775

Achromatopsia

10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

Achromatomaly

10.7434, 0.0846, 3.2215

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(42, 26, 2)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(42, 26, 2)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(42, 26, 2) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(42, 26, 2) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(42, 26, 2) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(42, 26, 2) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(42, 26, 2)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(42, 26, 2); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 26, 2); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(42, 26, 2) }
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.1149, 1.9915, 6.5775 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(42, 26, 2) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(42, 26,  
2) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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