

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.2083, -7.8866,
3.0156)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.2083, -7.8866, 3.0156)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.2081, -7.8863,
3.0153)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002315
RGB	0, 35, 21
RGB Percent	0%, 14%, 8%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8627, 0.9176
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.40, 0.86
HSL	156°, 100%, 7%
HSV	156°, 100%, 14%
XYZ	0.7364, 1.2562, 0.9131
YIQ	22.9390, -16.3660, -11.7740

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

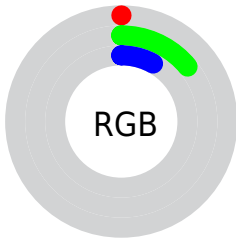
Format	Color
RYB	0, 22, 35
Decimal	8981
CIELab	10.97, -17.10, 5.85
CIELCh	11, 18.072, 161.127
Yxy	1.2563, 0.2534, 0.4323
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199061 (0xFF002315)
YUV	22.9390, -0.9559, -20.1175
Hunter-Lab	11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153

Details

The HunterLab color **11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6.2376, 11.1894, 0.0898**, and the grayscale version is **9.2447, -0.4933, 0.5023**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.7955, -11.5946, 4.8833**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.2083, -7.8866, 3.0155**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3322, -7.3310, 2.7764**.

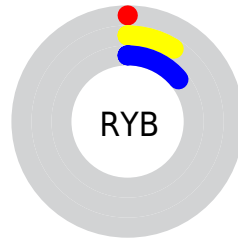
Distribution



Red (0%)

Green (14%)

Blue (8%)



Red (0%)

Yellow (9%)

Blue (14%)

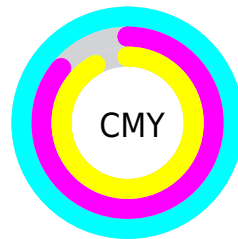


Cyan (100%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (100%)

Magenta (86%)

Yellow (92%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.2081, -7.8863,
3.0153

■ 11.2081, -7.8863,
3.0153

■ 101.2519,
-22.3017, 11.0326

■ 3.2704, -5.7232,
2.2893

■ 25.7626, -11.5432,
4.7505

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.4142, -13.2071,
5.6088

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.8627, -14.8009,
6.4746

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.0459, -16.3477,
7.3528

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 64.9140, -17.8625,
8.2463


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 76.4263, -19.3552,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


9.1568


 88.5487, -20.8332,
10.0854


 11.2081, -7.8863,
3.0153


 11.2081, -7.8863,
3.0153


 11.2083, -7.8866,
3.0155

 11.3322, -7.3310,
2.7764

 11.4561, -6.7807,
2.5242

 11.5800, -6.2347,
2.2592

 11.7166, -5.6436,
1.9955

 11.8735, -4.9799,
1.7431

■ 12.0510, -4.2462,
1.5038

■ 12.2491, -3.4461,
1.2791

■ 12.4675, -2.5838,
1.0704

■ 12.7062, -1.6639,
0.8786

Harmonies

Analogous

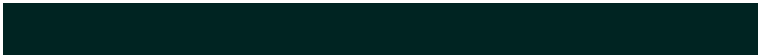
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2083, -5.8564, 5.8879



11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153



11.2083, -8.1320, -1.1434

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.2083, -7.8864, 3.0154



11.2083, 1.1650, -11.2280



11.2083, 6.8957, 5.2494

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153



6.2376, 11.1894, 0.0898

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2083, 9.4998, 2.1193



11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153



11.2083, 5.8523, -7.7881

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.2083, -7.8864, 3.0154



11.2083, -3.3259, -10.6706



11.2083, 9.0897, -2.4768



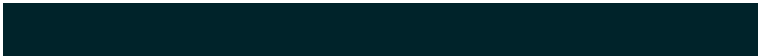
11.2083, 2.4172, 7.1777

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153



11.2083, -7.2525, -4.6868



11.2083, 9.0897, -2.4768



11.2083, 8.0496, 4.3084

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.2083, -7.8864, 3.0154



15.5281, -4.6147, 1.6885



11.4027, -7.5666, 6.8937



8.7122, -2.5333, 0.9320



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

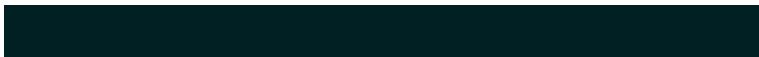
The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.2083, -7.8864, 3.0154



14.2402, -10.1640, 4.1421



10.7653, -5.2068, -2.2155



7.6118, -0.8702, 0.5008



24.8914, -18.1690, 8.1095



68.6603, -51.1166, 24.5267

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.2376, 11.1894, 0.0898



7.8955, 14.0894, 0.6974



6.4860, 8.5977, 4.1469



7.3447, 0.0850, 0.3192



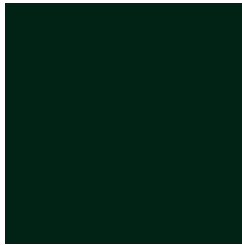
13.7250, 24.2900, 2.7801



37.6888, 66.2267, 11.3032

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

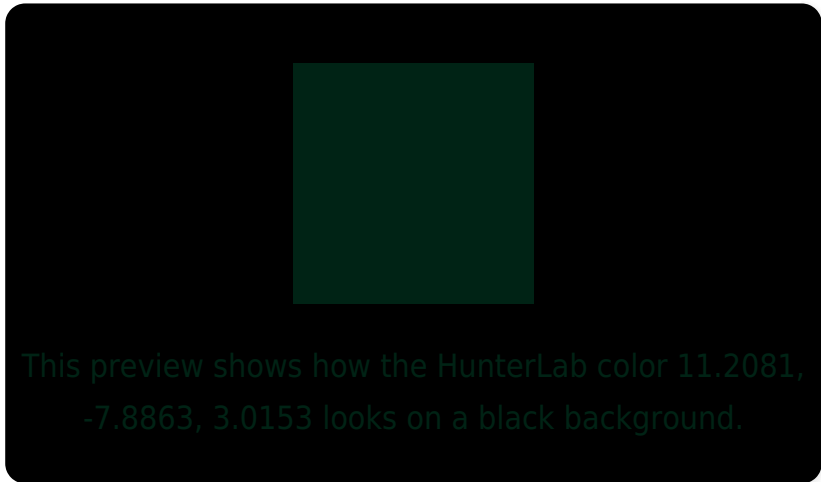
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.2081, -7.8863,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153

Protanopia

11.3969, -1.0088, 3.8000

Deuteranopia

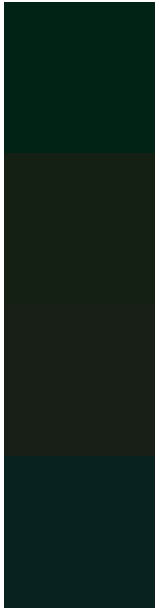
11.4531, 0.4011, 3.1349



Tritanopia

11.4046, -3.8640, -1.7173

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153

Protanomaly

11.1488, -4.2676, 3.2755

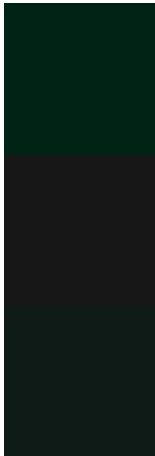
Deuteranomaly

11.0456, -3.3610, 2.6730

Tritanomaly

11.3781, -5.4866, 0.1601

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153

Achromatopsia

9.2564, -0.4939, 0.5029

Achromatomaly

9.7126, -3.5121, 1.2898

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 35, 21)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 35, 21)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 35, 21) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 35, 21) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 35, 21) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 35, 21) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 35, 21)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 35, 21); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 21); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 35, 21) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.2081, -7.8863, 3.0153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 35, 21) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 35,  
21) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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