

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.2164, -2.5368,
-0.1148)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.2164, -2.5368,
-0.1148) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.1780, -2.5038,
-0.0319)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	161F1F
RGB	22, 31, 31
RGB Percent	9%, 12%, 12%
CMY	0.9137, 0.8784, 0.8784
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.00, 0.88
HSL	180°, 17%, 10%
HSV	180°, 29%, 12%
XYZ	1.0682, 1.2495, 1.4812
YIQ	28.3090, -5.3640, -1.9080

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

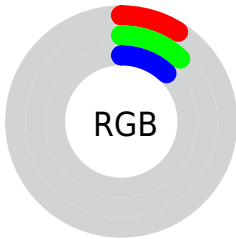
Format	Color
R_YB	22, 27, 31
Decimal	1449759
CIE Lab	10.92, -4.03, -1.33
CIE LCh	11, 4.242, 198.325
Yxy	1.2495, 0.2812, 0.3289
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279639839 (0xFF161F1F)
YUV	28.3090, 1.3267, -5.5330
Hunter-Lab	11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319

Details

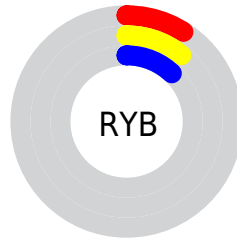
The HunterLab color **11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **9.6077, 1.7067, 1.2656**, and the grayscale version is **10.8686, -0.5799, 0.5905**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.8147, -3.9224, 0.5496**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0290, -3.0523, -0.2262**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.3442, -1.9031, 0.1816**.

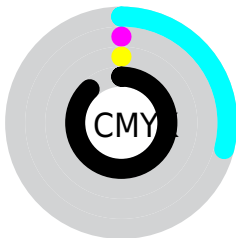
Distribution



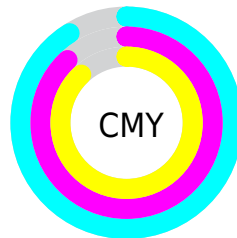
- Red (9%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (12%)



- Red (9%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (12%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (88%)



- Cyan (91%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (88%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.1780, -2.5038,
-0.0319

■ 11.1780, -2.5038,
-0.0319

■ 101.1892, -9.4873,
4.2028

■ 3.1876, -5.5783,
-1.5609

■ 25.7229, -3.9293,
0.5652

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.3705, -4.6603,
0.9539

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 43.8153, -5.4104,
1.3927

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 53.9950, -6.1816,
1.8768

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 64.8599, -6.9746,
2.4026

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.3692, -7.7899,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.9670

■ 88.4888, -8.6275,
3.5678

■ 11.1780, -2.5038,
-0.0319

■ 11.1780, -2.5038,
-0.0319

■ 11.0290, -3.0523,
-0.2262

■ 11.3442, -1.9031,
0.1816

■ 10.8966, -3.5458,
-0.4011

■ 11.5268, -1.2525,
0.4127

■ 10.7808, -3.9827,
-0.5558

■ 11.7258, -0.5552,
0.6607

■ 10.6813, -4.3622,
-0.6901

■ 11.9411, 0.1853,
0.9243

■ 10.5872, -4.7246,
-0.8182

■ 12.1721, 0.9656,
1.2025

■ 10.4923, -5.0939,
-0.9487

■ 12.4186, 1.7823,
1.4939

■ 10.3965, -5.4704,
-1.0817

■ 12.6800, 2.6318,
1.7974

■ 10.3872, -5.5072,
-1.0947

■ 12.9560, 3.5109,
2.1119

■ 13.2460, 4.4164,
2.4363

Harmonies

Analogous

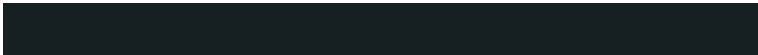
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.1782, -2.5621, 1.0015



11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319



11.1782, -1.9468, -0.9728

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.1782, -2.5040, -0.0317



11.1782, 0.9995, -0.7888



11.1782, -0.1730, 2.3780

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319



9.6077, 1.7067, 1.2656

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.1782, 0.8200, 1.9879



11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319



11.1782, 1.5139, 0.2006

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.1782, -2.5040, -0.0317



11.1782, 0.0645, -1.4377



11.1782, 1.4470, 1.2129



11.1782, -1.2436, 2.3286

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319



11.1782, -1.3550, -1.3910



11.1782, 1.4470, 1.2129



11.1782, 0.1817, 2.2956

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.1782, -2.5040, -0.0317



14.5824, -1.6455, 0.5017



11.0011, -3.5286, 2.6260



8.3462, -0.9287, 0.2915



54.3783, -2.9015, 2.9545



8.4820, -0.4526, 0.4608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.1782, -2.5040, -0.0317



13.9903, -3.7860, -0.2582



10.1855, -0.9625, -1.2868



6.9070, -0.6897, 0.2677



24.8281, -13.1638, -2.6162



69.9215, -37.0724, -7.3671

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



9.6077, 1.7067, 1.2656



11.4293, 3.1107, 1.8676



10.5056, 0.0868, 2.1910



6.6566, -0.0219, 0.4733



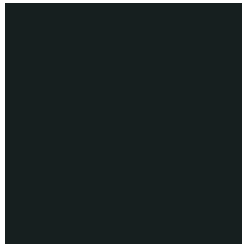
12.9012, 22.0939, 8.3357



36.3328, 62.2211, 23.4767

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

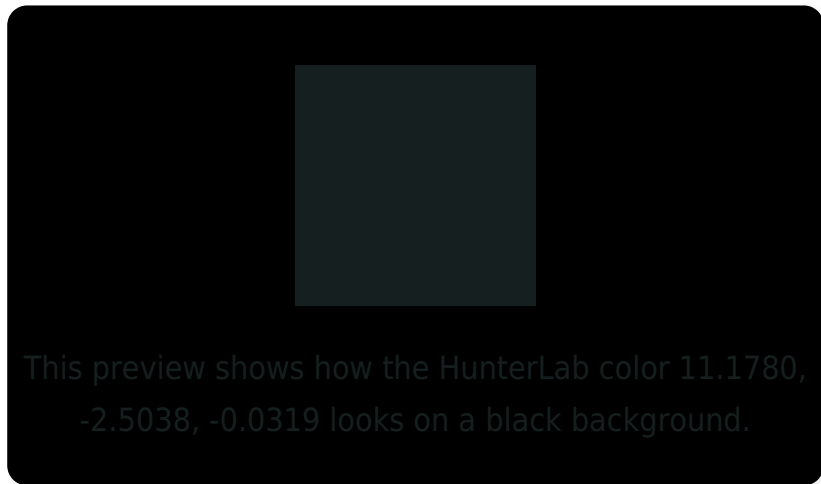
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

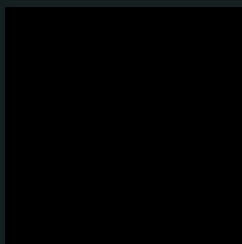
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

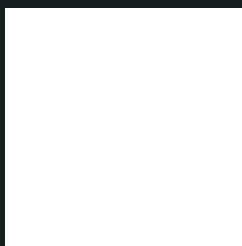
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319.



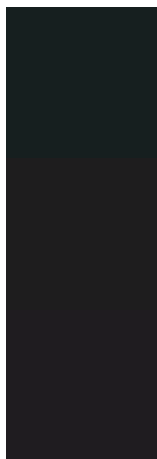
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319.

-0.0319.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319

Protanopia

11.1736, -0.2377, 0.3633

Deuteranopia

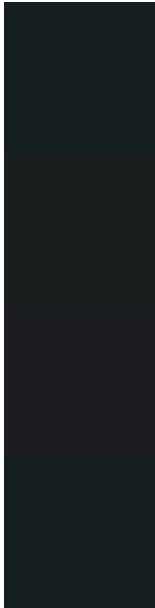
11.0729, 0.6284, -0.4828



Tritanopia

11.2265, -2.2301, -0.7202

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319

Protanomaly

11.2040, -1.2757, 0.3815

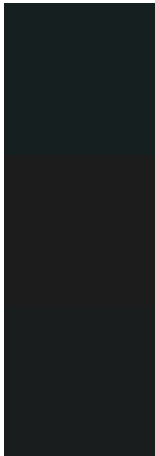
Deuteranomaly

11.0900, -0.4315, -0.4796

Tritanomaly

11.2019, -2.3687, -0.3716

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319

Achromatopsia

10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

Achromatomaly

10.8952, -1.2556, 0.3660

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(22, 31, 31)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(22, 31, 31)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 31, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(22, 31, 31) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(22, 31, 31) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(22, 31, 31) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(22, 31, 31) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(22, 31, 31); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 31, 31);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(22, 31, 31)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.1780, -2.5038, -0.0319 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(22, 31, 31) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(22, 31,  
31) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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