

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.2352, 2.0848,
-0.1400)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.2352, 2.0848, -0.1400)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.2393, 2.2512,
-0.2436)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	241B20
RGB	36, 27, 32
RGB Percent	14%, 11%, 13%
CMY	0.8588, 0.8941, 0.8745
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.11, 0.86
HSL	327°, 14%, 12%
HSV	327°, 25%, 14%
XYZ	1.3802, 1.2632, 1.5376
YIQ	30.2610, 3.7590, 3.4630

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

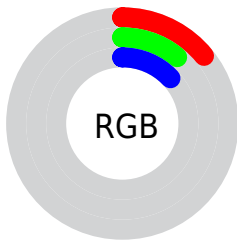
Format	Color
RYB	36, 27, 32
Decimal	2366240
CIELab	11.02, 5.54, -1.76
CIELCh	11, 5.810, 342.342
Yxy	1.2633, 0.3301, 0.3021
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280556320 (0xFF241B20)
YUV	30.2610, 0.8573, 5.0331
Hunter-Lab	11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436

Details

The HunterLab color **11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **12.6243, -3.2836, 1.6330**, and the grayscale version is **11.4722, -0.6121, 0.6233**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **25.7904, 2.5399, 0.2176**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.4867, 3.4608, -0.5745**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.0314, 1.0539, 0.1224**.

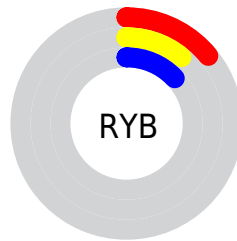
Distribution



Red (14%)

Green (11%)

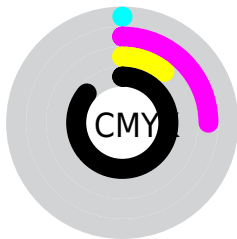
Blue (13%)



Red (14%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (13%)

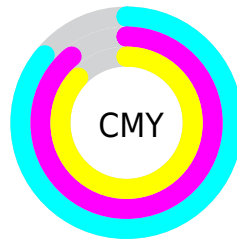


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (11%)

Black (86%)



Cyan (86%)

Magenta (89%)

Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

11.2393, 2.2512,
-0.2436

11.2393, 2.2512,
-0.2436

101.3169, 0.3114,
3.7858

3.3541, 7.0136,
-1.9956

25.8038, 2.3087,
0.2942

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

34.4596, 2.2003,
0.6576

0.0000, NaN, NaN

43.9119, 2.0209,
1.0732

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

54.0986, 1.7797,
1.5356

0.0000, NaN, NaN


64.9700, 1.4835,
2.0409


0.0000, NaN, NaN

76.4855, 1.1374,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


2.5860


 88.6109, 0.7456,
3.1684


 11.2393, 2.2512,
-0.2436


 11.2393, 2.2512,
-0.2436


 10.4867, 3.4608,
-0.5745

 12.0314, 1.0539,
0.1224

 9.7781, 4.6762,
-0.8628


 12.8577, -0.1260,
0.5161

 9.1197, 5.8837,
-1.0978

 13.7147, -1.2874,
0.9326

 8.5184, 7.0627,
-1.2673

 14.5993, -2.4305,
1.3679

 7.9776, 8.1936,
-1.3631

 15.5085, -3.5562,
1.8190

■ 7.4283, 9.4654,
-1.4780

■ 16.4402, -4.6659,
2.2833

■ 6.8379, 11.0216,
-1.6609

■ 17.3924, -5.7611,
2.7589

■ 6.5236, 11.9460,
-1.7855

■ 18.3633, -6.8437,
3.2445

■ 19.3516, -7.9151,
3.7388

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.2395, 1.3875, -1.5858



11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436



11.2395, 2.3261, 1.1768

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.2395, 2.2509, -0.2434



11.2395, -1.2039, 2.9562



11.2395, -2.6332, -1.3750

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436



12.6243, -3.2836, 1.6330

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.2395, -3.2550, 0.0158



11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436



11.2395, -2.4589, 2.4394

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.2395, 2.2509, -0.2434



11.2395, 0.2787, 2.9047



11.2395, -3.1929, 1.4047



11.2395, -1.4531, -2.2952

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436



11.2395, 1.9143, 1.9696



11.2395, -3.1929, 1.4047



11.2395, -2.9116, -0.9398

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.2395, 2.2509, -0.2434



15.7131, 0.2010, 0.5181



10.9593, 1.5469, -2.2496



8.8348, 0.0676, 0.3056



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.2395, 2.2509, -0.2434



13.3051, 3.8361, -0.5926



11.1397, 1.7270, 1.1796



7.3506, 0.1169, 0.2352



14.0284, 25.3929, -1.5453



38.5157, 69.2426, -0.5644

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.2395, 2.2509, -0.2434



13.3051, 3.8361, -0.5926



12.7221, -2.7295, 0.2350



7.3506, 0.1169, 0.2352



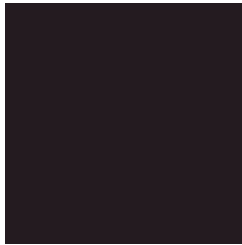
14.0284, 25.3929, -1.5453



38.5157, 69.2426, -0.5644

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

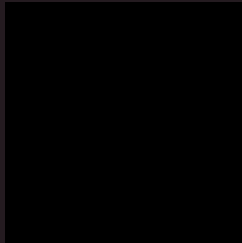
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436.



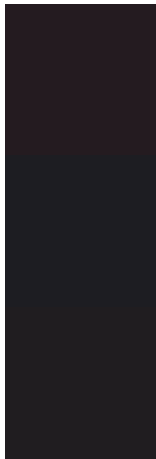
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436.

-0.2436.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436

Protanopia

11.2046, 0.0633, -1.1028

Deuteranopia

11.3582, 0.4863, -0.1257



Tritanopia

11.1923, 2.0051, 0.4250

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436

Protanomaly

11.1687, 0.9989, -0.7387

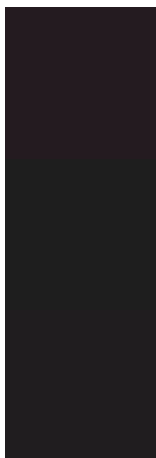
Deuteranomaly

11.2166, 1.1093, -0.2921

Tritanomaly

11.2154, 2.1265, 0.0952

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

11.3346, 0.3592, 0.2097

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(36, 27, 32)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(36, 27, 32)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(36, 27, 32) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(36, 27, 32) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(36, 27, 32) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(36, 27, 32) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(36, 27, 32)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(36, 27, 32); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 27, 32);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(36, 27, 32)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.2393, 2.2512, -0.2436 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(36, 27, 32) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(36, 27,  
32) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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