

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.3404, -1.3498,
-0.5584)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.3404, -1.3498,
-0.5584) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.4429, -1.4541,
-0.4296)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1A1F21
RGB	26, 31, 33
RGB Percent	10%, 12%, 13%
CMY	0.8980, 0.8784, 0.8706
CMYK	0.21, 0.06, 0.00, 0.87
HSL	197°, 12%, 12%
HSV	197°, 21%, 13%
XYZ	1.1905, 1.3094, 1.6288
YIQ	29.7330, -3.6220, -0.4380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

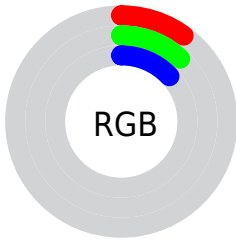
Format	Color
R_YB	26, 29, 33
Decimal	1711905
CIE _{Lab}	11.34, -1.73, -2.14
CIE _{LCh}	11, 2.752, 231.023
Yxy	1.3095, 0.2883, 0.3171
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279901985 (0xFF1A1F21)
YUV	29.7330, 1.6106, -3.2738
Hunter-Lab	11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296

Details

The HunterLab color **11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **11.0834, 0.3959, 1.6084**, and the grayscale version is **11.3077, -0.6033, 0.6144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1404, -2.6585, 0.1360**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.0452, -1.7654, -0.9487**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8550, -1.1008, 0.0896**.

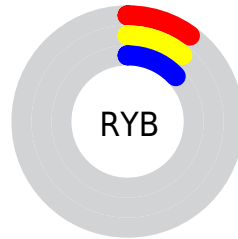
Distribution



Red (10%)

Green (12%)

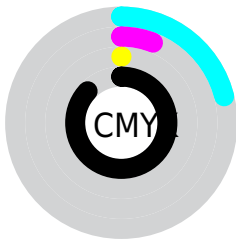
Blue (13%)



Red (10%)

Yellow (11%)

Blue (13%)

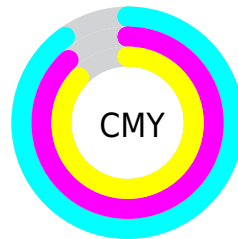


Cyan (21%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (90%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.4429, -1.4541,
-0.4296

■ 11.4429, -1.4541,
-0.4296

■ 101.7396, -7.2005,
3.4319

■ 3.8536, -2.1635,
-2.0918

■ 26.0721, -2.5089,
0.0605

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.7549, -3.0867,
0.4033

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.2320, -3.6973,
0.7997

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.4417, -4.3394,
1.2442

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.3346, -5.0118,
1.7327

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.8705, -5.7135,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.2619

■ 89.0152, -6.4434,
2.8290

■ 11.4429, -1.4541,
-0.4296

■ 11.4429, -1.4541,
-0.4296

■ 11.0452, -1.7654,
-0.9487

■ 11.8550, -1.1008,
0.0896

■ 10.6618, -2.0305,
-1.4673

■ 12.2800, -0.7081,
0.6074

■ 10.2937, -2.2461,
-1.9840

■ 12.7176, -0.2795,
1.1236

■ 9.9416, -2.4088,
-2.4973

■ 13.1671, 0.1822,
1.6376

■ 9.6059, -2.5159,
-3.0059

■ 13.6278, 0.6741,
2.1492

■ 9.2734, -2.6158,
-3.5311

■ 14.0992, 1.1938,
2.6581

■ 8.9361, -2.7376,
-4.0883

■ 14.5808, 1.7390,
3.1642

■ 8.6353, -2.8651,
-4.6084

■ 15.0720, 2.3076,
3.6675

■ 15.5724, 2.8978,
4.1681

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.4431, -1.8534, 0.1489



11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296



11.4431, -0.8227, -0.7304

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.4431, -1.4543, -0.4294



11.4431, 0.7636, 0.4191



11.4431, -1.0951, 1.7661

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296



11.0834, 0.3959, 1.6084

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.4431, -0.3982, 1.8287



11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296



11.4431, 0.6864, 1.0774

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.4431, -1.4543, -0.4294



11.4431, 0.4656, -0.2213



11.4431, 0.2571, 1.5839



11.4431, -1.6496, 1.4073

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296



11.4431, -0.3499, -0.7214



11.4431, 0.2571, 1.5839



11.4431, -0.8701, 1.8216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.4431, -1.4543, -0.4294



15.3055, -1.1666, 0.4263



11.7945, -2.7930, 1.7014



9.0424, -0.6807, 0.2620



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.4431, -1.4543, -0.4294



14.2378, -2.0786, -0.9213



10.6640, -0.1756, -1.4318



6.8167, -0.5429, 0.1619



18.5460, -5.0226, -12.3385



50.5209, -11.6430, -38.0128

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7754, 1.7499, -0.4629



13.1794, 3.0589, -0.9588



11.8463, -0.8958, 2.3926



6.6792, 0.1006, 0.1510



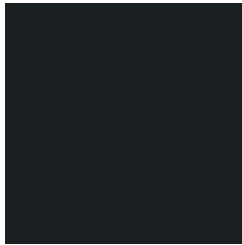
13.9806, 26.0176, -7.0543



39.1468, 72.4659, -16.7636

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

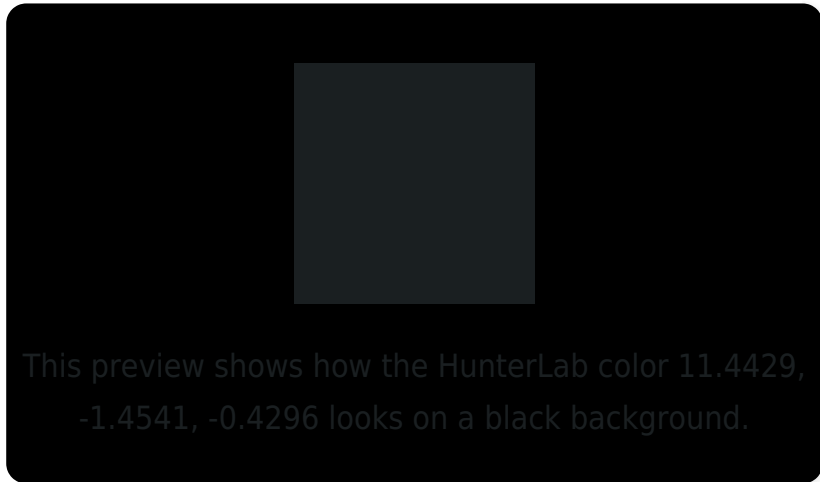
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

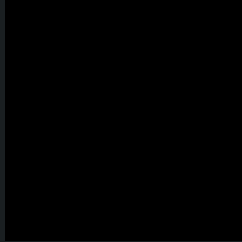
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

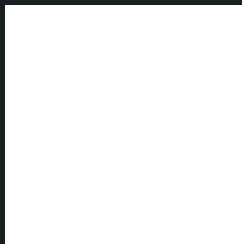
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296.



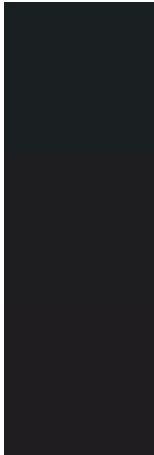
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296.

-0.4296.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296

Protanopia

11.4405, -0.3555, -0.0385

Deuteranopia

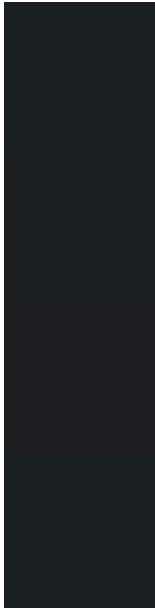
11.3825, 0.6169, -0.4701



Tritanopia

11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296

Protanomaly

11.3756, -0.5804, -0.1228

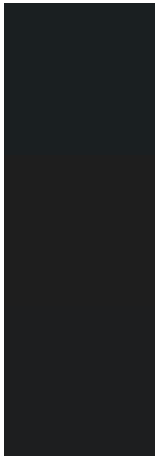
Deuteranomaly

11.4646, -0.2241, -0.3806

Tritanomaly

11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

11.3520, -0.7096, 0.2121

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(26, 31, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(26, 31, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 31, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(26, 31, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(26, 31, 33) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(26, 31, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(26, 31, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(26, 31, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 31, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(26, 31, 33)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.4429, -1.4541, -0.4296 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(26, 31, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(26, 31,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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