

# Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.3505, 1.7498,  
1.0266)

Have a look what the booklet for  
HunterLab(11.3505, 1.7498, 1.0266)  
contains.

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# Color

**HunterLab(11.4566, 1.7634,  
1.0747)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	251C1D
RGB	37, 28, 29
RGB Percent	15%, 11%, 11%
CMY	0.8549, 0.8902, 0.8863
CMYK	0.00, 0.24, 0.22, 0.85
HSL	353°, 14%, 13%
HSV	353°, 24%, 15%
XYZ	1.4000, 1.3125, 1.3420
YIQ	30.8050, 5.0430, 2.2190

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	37, 28, 29
Decimal	2432029
CIELab	11.36, 4.62, 0.98
CIElCh	11, 4.723, 11.972
Yxy	1.3126, 0.3453, 0.3237
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280622109 (0xFF251C1D)
YUV	30.8050, -0.8899, 5.4330
Hunter-Lab	11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747

# Details

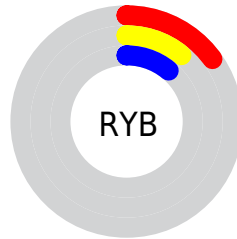
The HunterLab color **11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **13.0285, -2.8113, 0.3830**, and the grayscale version is **11.6466, -0.6214, 0.6328**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.0158, 1.8328, 2.0905**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.6413, 2.8333, 1.2554**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.3134, 0.7200, 0.9204**.

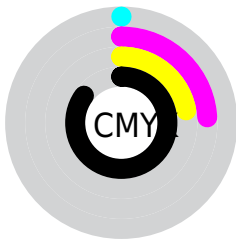
# Distribution



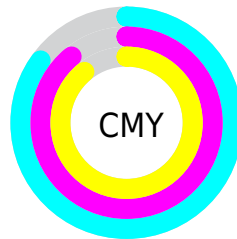
- Red (15%)
- Green (11%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (15%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Blue (11%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (85%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (89%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 11.4566, 1.7634,  
1.0747

■ 11.4566, 1.7634,  
1.0747

101.7680, -0.6614,  
6.4892

■ 3.8849, 4.9748,  
1.2568

■ 26.0901, 1.6803,  
2.0191

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.7748, 1.5122,  
2.5534

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.2535, 1.2778,  
3.1257

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.4647, 0.9854,  
3.7337

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.3592, 0.6410,  
4.3756

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.8964, 0.2494,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

5.0498

■ 89.0424, -0.1858,  
5.7547

■ 11.4566, 1.7634,  
1.0747

■ 11.4566, 1.7634,  
1.0747

■ 10.6413, 2.8333,  
1.2554

■ 12.3134, 0.7200,  
0.9204

■ 9.8726, 3.9272,  
1.4644

■ 13.2059, -0.2953,  
0.7892

■ 9.1577, 5.0361,  
1.7037

■ 14.1302, -1.2841,  
0.6785

■ 8.5046, 6.1440,  
1.9731

■ 15.0830, -2.2484,  
0.5859

■ 7.9215, 7.2265,  
2.2692

■ 16.0612, -3.1907,  
0.5092

■ 7.3454, 8.4496,  
2.5266

■ 17.0625, -4.1137,  
0.4462

■ 6.7233, 9.9651,  
2.8040

■ 18.0849, -5.0197,  
0.3954

■ 6.3429, 11.0043,  
2.9983

■ 19.1266, -5.9111,  
0.3552

■ 20.1860, -6.7899,  
0.3244

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.4569, 1.6941, -0.0853



11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747



11.4569, 1.1763, 2.0119

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.4569, 1.7630, 1.0749



11.4569, -2.1321, 2.1552



11.4569, -1.3257, -1.6961

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747



13.0285, -2.8113, 0.3830

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.4569, -2.2968, -0.9636



11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747



11.4569, -2.7489, 1.2900

# Square

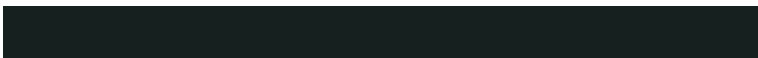
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.4569, 1.7630, 1.0749



11.4569, -1.0923, 2.5908



11.4569, -2.8079, 0.1532



11.4569, -0.1235, -1.7691



# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747



11.4569, 0.5061, 2.4162



11.4569, -2.8079, 0.1532



11.4569, -1.6887, -1.5155

# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.4569, 1.7630, 1.0749



16.4725, 0.0294, 1.0562



11.5686, 2.5145, -1.7979



9.5339, -0.0104, 0.6063



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.4569, 1.7630, 1.0749



13.9052, 3.1575, 1.5206



12.1690, 0.3315, 2.1513



7.3340, 0.0267, 0.4727



13.4008, 23.0974, 7.5107



36.9224, 63.4007, 22.5412



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.4569, 1.7630, 1.0749



13.9052, 3.1575, 1.5206



12.2434, -1.4213, -0.9565



7.3340, 0.0267, 0.4727



13.4008, 23.0974, 7.5107

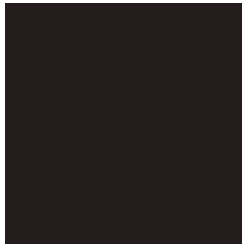


36.9224, 63.4007, 22.5412



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

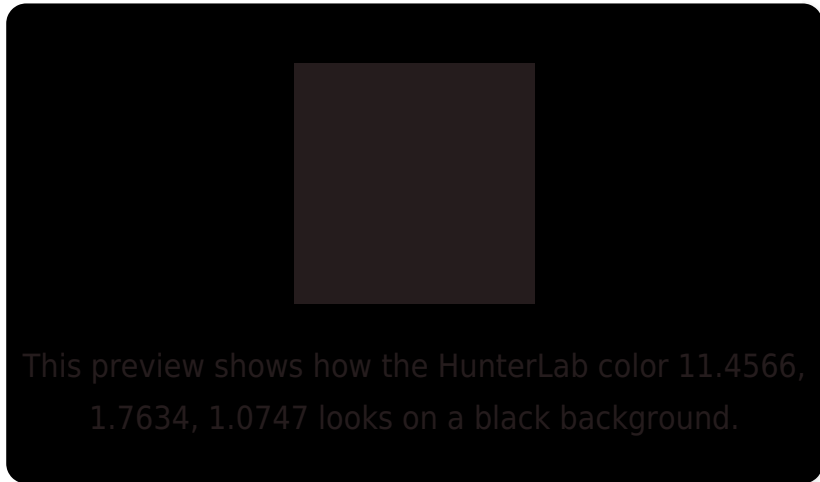
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass



# Black Background



## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

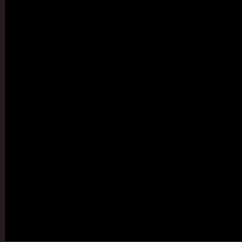
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

# HunterLab 11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747.



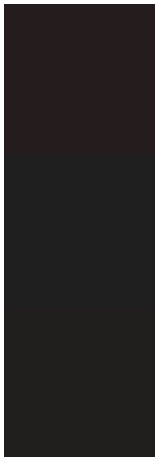
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.4566, 1.7634,



# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



### Original Color

11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747

### Protanopia

11.4612, -0.3760, 0.7016

### Deuteranopia

11.4347, 0.6079, 1.0295



## Tritanopia

11.4785, 1.8789, 0.7614

# Trichromacy



## Original Color

11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747

## Protanomaly

11.3833, 0.4785, 0.6252

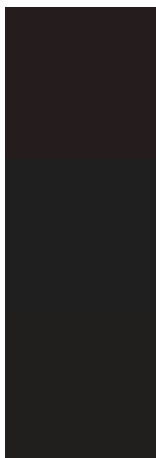
## Deuteranomaly

11.5098, 0.8605, 1.1196

## Tritanomaly

11.4785, 1.8789, 0.7614

# Monochromacy



## Original Color

11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747

## Achromatopsia

11.7056, -0.6246, 0.6360

## Achromatomaly

11.6001, 0.1013, 0.8717

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(37, 28, 29)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(37, 28, 29)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(37, 28, 29) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(37, 28, 29) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(37, 28, 29) }
```



If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(37, 28, 29) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(37, 28, 29)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(37, 28, 29); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 28, 29);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(37, 28, 29)  
}
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.4566, 1.7634, 1.0747 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(37, 28, 29) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(37, 28,  
29) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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