

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.4110, -10.5086,
-2.7374)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.4110, -10.5086,
-2.7374) contains.

HunterLab(12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	12
<i>Previews</i>	24
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	28
<i>CSS Examples</i>	31

Color

**HunterLab(12.3538, -6.5494,
-1.3029)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002626
RGB	0, 38, 38
RGB Percent	0%, 15%, 15%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8510, 0.8510
CMYK	1.00, 0.00, 0.00, 0.85
HSL	180°, 100%, 7%
HSV	180°, 100%, 15%
XYZ	1.0430, 1.5262, 2.0733
YIQ	26.6380, -22.6480, -8.0560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

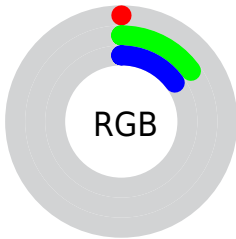
Format	Color
RYB	0, 19, 38
Decimal	9766
CIELab	12.77, -12.91, -3.80
CIELCh	13, 13.462, 196.385
Yxy	1.5262, 0.2247, 0.3287
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199846 (0xFF002626)
YUV	26.6380, 5.6015, -23.3615
Hunter-Lab	12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029

Details

The HunterLab color **12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6.4196, 10.9926, 4.1477**, and the grayscale version is **10.3469, -0.5521, 0.5622**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.2312, -9.4595, -1.2039**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.3540, -6.5496, -1.3028**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.4529, -6.1602, -1.1652**.

Distribution



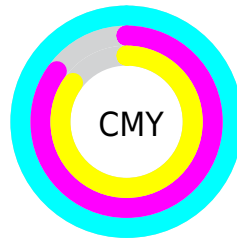
- Red (0%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (15%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (7%)
- Blue (15%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (85%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (85%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.3538, -6.5494,
-1.3029

■ 12.3538, -6.5494,
-1.3029

■ 103.6082,
-18.5041, 1.8493

■ 5.5414, -9.6975,
-2.5389

■ 27.2642, -9.4681,
-1.0097

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.0652, -10.8153,
-0.7537

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 45.6507, -12.1265,
-0.4382

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 55.9610, -13.4159,
-0.0697

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 66.9484, -14.6929,
0.3468


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 78.5734, -15.9639,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


0.8075


 90.8028, -17.2332,
1.3092


 12.3538, -6.5494,
-1.3029


 12.3538, -6.5494,
-1.3029


 12.3540, -6.5496,
-1.3028

 12.4529, -6.1602,
-1.1652

 12.5510, -5.7775,
-1.0298

 12.6496, -5.3957,
-0.8948

 12.7651, -4.9533,
-0.7382

 12.9022, -4.4334,
-0.5540

■ 13.0615, -3.8370,
-0.3427

■ 13.2432, -3.1663,
-0.1048

■ 13.4474, -2.4243,
0.1586

■ 13.6738, -1.6150,
0.4462

Harmonies

Analogous

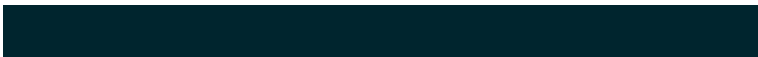
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.3540, -6.6178, 2.1052



12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029



12.3540, -5.0240, -5.0118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.3540, -6.5494, -1.3027



12.3540, 4.6798, -4.6966



12.3540, 0.9881, 5.6480

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029



6.4196, 10.9926, 4.1477

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.3540, 4.4093, 4.5283



12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029



12.3540, 6.6976, -0.9555

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.3540, -6.5494, -1.3027



12.3540, 1.3250, -7.3184



12.3540, 6.5934, 2.3673



12.3540, -2.5267, 5.5915

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029



12.3540, -3.2767, -6.8778



12.3540, 6.5934, 2.3673



12.3540, 2.1947, 5.3967

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



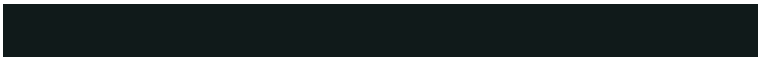
12.3540, -6.5494, -1.3027



16.4520, -4.1059, -0.1879



11.7914, -10.0217, 7.0901



9.4984, -2.3676, -0.1075



56.4399, -3.0115, 3.0665



10.0114, -0.5342, 0.5439

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.3540, -6.5494, -1.3027



15.3884, -8.1583, -1.6228



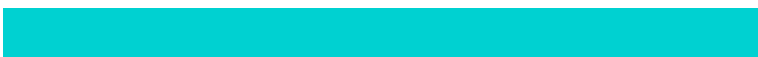
7.9212, -0.4850, -8.8532



7.6268, -0.7873, 0.2869



25.6467, -13.5968, -2.7045



70.8931, -37.5846, -7.4758

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.4196, 10.9926, 4.1477



7.9961, 13.6936, 5.1668



9.2559, 3.5052, 5.7645



7.3299, 0.0046, 0.5309



13.3265, 22.8221, 8.6112



36.8374, 63.0851, 23.8033

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

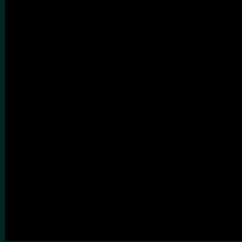
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

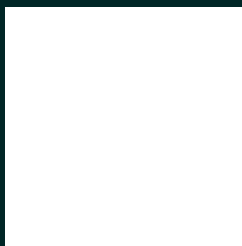
Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.3538, -6.5494,

-1.3029.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029

Protanopia

12.6708, -0.5483, 0.3575

Deuteranopia

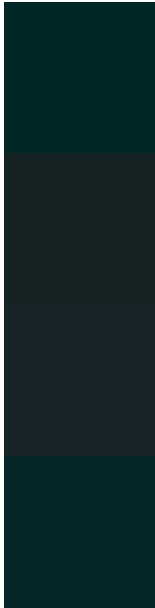
12.6156, 0.6068, -1.2367



Tritanopia

12.6154, -5.3670, -2.1797

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029

Protanomaly

12.2475, -3.2101, -0.5893

Deuteranomaly

12.3253, -2.7693, -1.6872

Tritanomaly

12.5110, -5.8263, -1.9064

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029

Achromatopsia

10.4690, -0.5586, 0.5688

Achromatomaly

10.9457, -3.3611, -0.3361

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 38, 38)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 38, 38)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 38, 38) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 38, 38) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 38, 38) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 38, 38) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 38, 38)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 38, 38); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 38, 38); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 38, 38) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.3538, -6.5494, -1.3029 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 38, 38) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 38,  
38) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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