

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.4187, 22.7717,
-17.5574)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.4187, 22.7717,
-17.5574) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.4016, 22.7721,
-17.7989)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	3B0040
RGB	59, 0, 64
RGB Percent	23%, 0%, 25%
CMY	0.7686, 1.0000, 0.7490
CMYK	0.08, 1.00, 0.00, 0.75
HSL	295°, 100%, 13%
HSV	295°, 100%, 25%
XYZ	2.7290, 1.3000, 4.9576
YIQ	24.9370, 14.6200, 32.4120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

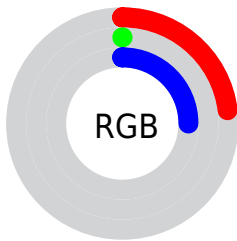
Format	Color
RYB	59, 0, 64
Decimal	3866688
CIELab	11.28, 35.54, -24.39
CIELCh	11, 43.104, 325.540
Yxy	1.3000, 0.3037, 0.1447
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4282056768 (0xFF3B0040)
YUV	24.9370, 19.2581, 29.8733
Hunter-Lab	11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989

Details

The HunterLab color **11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **19.2330, -16.0609, 11.5699**, and the grayscale version is **9.7812, -0.5219, 0.5314**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.0552, 25.7560, -18.3766**, and **2.6873, 4.4054, -12.8688** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.4017, 22.7722, -17.7988**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.0595, 20.7600, -16.0529**.

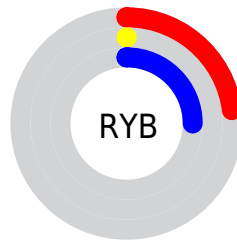
Distribution



Red (23%)

Green (0%)

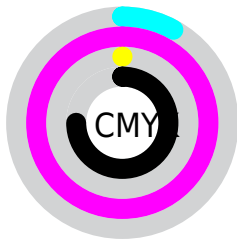
Blue (25%)



Red (23%)

Yellow (0%)

Blue (25%)

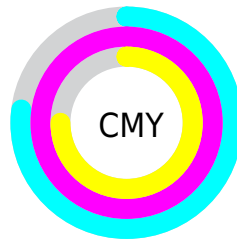


Cyan (8%)

Magenta (100%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (75%)



Cyan (77%)











Magenta (100%)

Yellow (75%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989	 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989
 101.6541, 33.5645, -21.1937	 3.7579, 41.5012, -31.5128
 26.0177, 25.9686, -18.6229	0.0000, NaN, -NF
 34.6951, 27.4037, -19.1435	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 44.1672, 28.7072, -19.6291	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 54.3722, 29.8870, -20.0612	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 65.2608, 30.9532, -20.4336	0.0000, NaN, NaN
 76.7926, 31.9158,	0.0000, NaN, NaN


-20.7455


 88.9334, 32.7836,
-20.9981

 11.4016, 22.7721,
-17.7989


 11.4016, 22.7721,
-17.7989


 11.4017, 22.7722,
-17.7988

 12.0595, 20.7600,
-16.0529

 12.7029, 18.9464,
-14.4802

 13.4873, 16.8364,
-12.7170

 14.4345, 14.4418,
-10.7762

 15.5285, 11.8781,
-8.7434

■ 16.7522, 9.2352,
-6.6827

■ 18.0893, 6.5750,
-4.6365

■ 19.5250, 3.9355,
-2.6290

■ 21.0466, 1.3378,
-0.6720

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.4019, 10.0906, -36.9083



11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989



11.4019, 29.3015, -1.0683

Triad

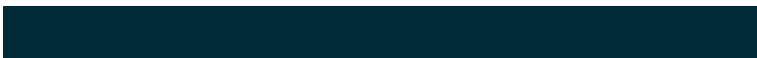
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.4019, 22.7716, -17.7983



11.4019, 1.0933, 7.9813



11.4019, -16.2424, -12.0081

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989



19.2330, -16.0609, 11.5699

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.4019, -17.8022, 2.0851



11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989



11.4019, -8.4811, 7.9813

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.4019, 22.7716, -17.7983



11.4019, 14.1004, 7.9813



11.4019, -14.9614, 7.9813



11.4019, -10.7000, -31.8566

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989



11.4019, 27.9833, 5.1118



11.4019, -14.9614, 7.9813



11.4019, -17.2499, -6.2423

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.4019, 22.7716, -17.7983



23.5848, 9.1350, -6.4701



6.9713, 12.9787, -36.7299



12.2083, 5.1279, -3.6514



63.7533, -3.4017, 3.4638



15.6573, -0.8354, 0.8507

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.4019, 22.7716, -17.7983



14.9810, 29.9437, -23.5617



11.0712, 20.1843, -2.3459



11.6293, 0.5305, -0.2168



17.3246, 34.6397, -27.3383



43.1858, 86.4690, -69.0848

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.4928, 18.0728, 5.9705



13.8064, 23.7481, 8.1125



19.3505, -15.1612, 8.5426



11.5769, 0.2112, 0.8145



15.9765, 27.4641, 9.5187



39.9418, 68.5070, 24.9914

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

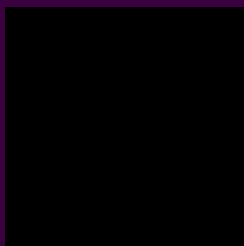
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989

Protanopia

12.3690, 2.1566, -20.1155

Deuteranopia





12.7345, 0.1104, -12.0548




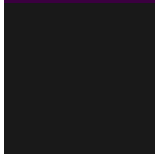
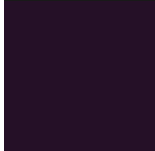
Tritanopia

12.5961, 8.0137, 3.0212

Trichromacy

	Original Color 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989
	Protanomaly 10.5504, 8.9589, -24.0752
	Deuteranomaly 10.8939, 8.2114, -17.1716
	Tritanomaly 11.6813, 13.1629, -2.7608

Monochromacy

	Original Color 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989
	Achromatopsia 9.8596, -0.5261, 0.5357
	Achromatomaly 9.5414, 7.8933, -5.9099

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(59, 0, 64)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(59, 0, 64)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 0, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(59, 0, 64) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(59, 0, 64) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(59, 0, 64) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(59, 0, 64) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(59, 0, 64); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 0, 64); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(59, 0, 64) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.4016, 22.7721, -17.7989 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(59, 0, 64) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(59, 0,  
64) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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