

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.4956, 10.8026,
-15.6437)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.4956, 10.8026,
-15.6437) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.5081, 10.6581,
-15.4677)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	28153D
RGB	40, 21, 61
RGB Percent	16%, 8%, 24%
CMY	0.8431, 0.9176, 0.7608
CMYK	0.34, 0.66, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	269°, 49%, 16%
HSV	269°, 66%, 24%
XYZ	1.9855, 1.3244, 4.5659
YIQ	31.2410, -1.5160, 16.4680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

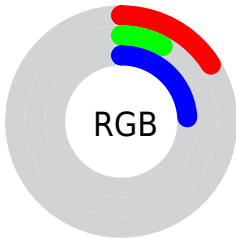
Format	Color
R_{YB}	40, 21, 61
Decimal	2626877
CIE _{Lab}	11.45, 19.41, -22.16
CIE _{LCh}	11, 29.461, 311.206
Yxy	1.3244, 0.2521, 0.1682
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280816957 (0xFF28153D)
YUV	31.2410, 14.6712, 7.6816
Hunter-Lab	11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677




Details

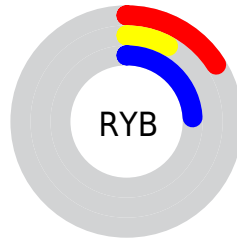
The HunterLab color **11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **330033**. A complement of this color would be **19.7076, -9.4992, 9.8429**, and the grayscale version is **11.7370, -0.6263, 0.6377**.




A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.0714, 12.7368, -16.6143**, and **2.4936, 3.6559, -11.0088** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.3217, 12.5032, -18.7811**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.8196, 8.7745, -12.3658**.

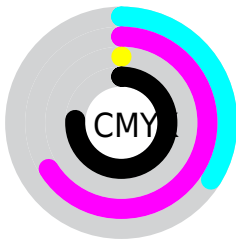
Distribution







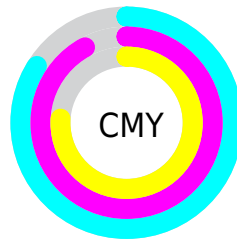
-  Red (16%)
-  Green (8%)
-  Blue (24%)






-  Red (16%)
-  Yellow (8%)
-  Blue (24%)



-  Cyan (34%)
-  Magenta (66%)
-  Yellow (0%)
-  Black (76%)



-  Cyan (84%)
-  Magenta (92%)
-  Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5081, 10.6581,
-15.4677

■ 11.5081, 10.6581,
-15.4677

■ 101.8746, 15.2100,
-18.5015

■ 3.9999, 20.9299,
-25.9663

■ 26.1578, 12.4751,
-16.3580

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.8492, 13.1600,
-16.8394

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.3342, 13.7248,
-17.2704

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.5512, 14.1860,
-17.6402

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.4511, 14.5561,
-17.9464

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.9934, 14.8451,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-18.1903

■ 89.1442, 15.0609,
-18.3744

■ 11.5081, 10.6581,
-15.4677

■ 11.5081, 10.6581,
-15.4677

■ 10.3217, 12.5032,
-18.7811

■ 12.8196, 8.7745,
-12.3658

■ 9.2802, 14.2323,
-22.2385

■ 14.2342, 6.9026,
-9.4976

■ 8.2312, 16.3588,
-26.4424

■ 15.7353, 5.0647,
-6.8505

■ 7.7316, 17.5982,
-28.7834

■ 17.3095, 3.2678,
-4.3991

■ 18.9465, 1.5115,
-2.1145

■ 20.6382, -0.2082,
0.0302

■ 22.3780, -1.8966,
2.0589

■ 24.1609, -3.5589,
3.9915

■ 25.9825, -5.1999,
5.8448

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5083, 2.3598, -22.9914



11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677



11.5083, 16.7068, -4.8007

Triad

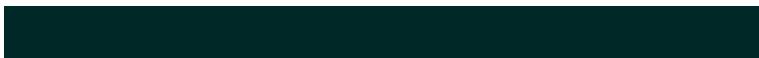
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5083, 10.6580, -15.4673



11.5083, 4.4719, 8.0558



11.5083, -12.4027, -2.4099

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677



19.7076, -9.4992, 9.8429

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5083, -12.0207, 4.3668



11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677



11.5083, -3.3147, 8.0558

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5083, 10.6580, -15.4673



11.5083, 12.5448, 7.9388



11.5083, -8.8090, 8.0558



11.5083, -9.8528, -12.7773

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677



11.5083, 17.9022, 0.9148



11.5083, -8.8090, 8.0558



11.5083, -12.6130, 0.3304

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5083, 10.6580, -15.4673



23.4031, 3.1615, -4.2880



14.7515, -1.7178, -8.6849



12.2803, 1.8050, -2.4416



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5083, 10.6580, -15.4673



12.4132, 17.7654, -27.4171



13.5040, 15.4133, -10.7928



10.8019, 0.1503, -0.3059



11.6970, 26.9942, -46.4152



28.7963, 67.6007, -123.1434

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



13.0216, 12.9978, -1.7223



15.0932, 20.7211, -1.9197



18.8840, -12.7960, 9.1846



10.8785, 0.3429, 0.3221



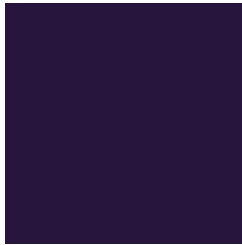
16.2003, 29.1403, -0.3587



40.9607, 73.2516, 2.3979

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

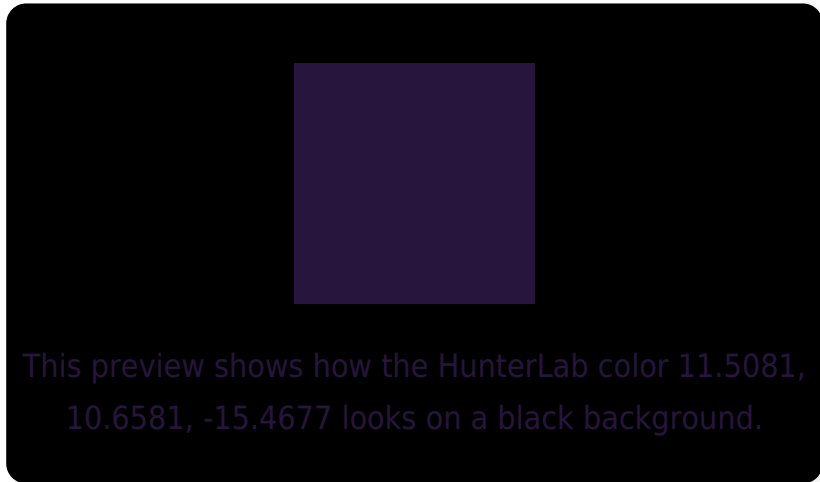
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

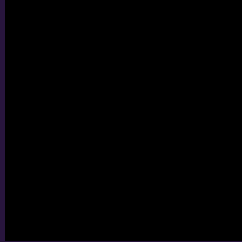
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677.

-15.4677.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677

Deuteranopia

11.4828, -0.9696, -12.2595

Tritanopia

11.7171, 0.5892, 0.3157

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677

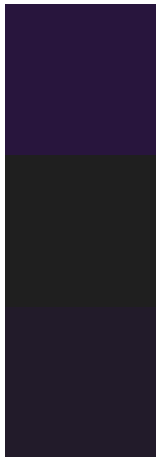
Deuteranomaly

11.1245, 2.6104, -14.4340

Tritanomaly

11.5471, 3.8387, -4.5527

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677

Achromatopsia

11.7056, -0.6246, 0.6360

Achromatomaly

11.3627, 3.2006, -4.3721

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(40, 21, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(40, 21, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(40, 21, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(40, 21, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(40, 21, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(40, 21, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(40, 21, 61)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(40, 21, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 21, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(40, 21, 61)  
}
```


Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.5081, 10.6581, -15.4677 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(40, 21, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(40, 21,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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