

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.4994, 0.0892,
-0.3880)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.4994, 0.0892, -0.3880)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.5311, 0.0042,
-0.2927)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1F1E21
RGB	31, 30, 33
RGB Percent	12%, 12%, 13%
CMY	0.8784, 0.8823, 0.8706
CMYK	0.06, 0.09, 0.00, 0.87
HSL	260°, 5%, 12%
HSV	260°, 9%, 13%
XYZ	1.3039, 1.3297, 1.6268
YIQ	30.6410, -0.3670, 1.1450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

Format	Color
R_{YB}	31, 30, 33
Decimal	2039329
CIE Lab	11.48, 1.24, -1.88
CIE LCh	11, 2.248, 303.408
Yxy	1.3297, 0.3060, 0.3121
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4280229409 (0xFF1F1E21)
YUV	30.6410, 1.1630, 0.3148
Hunter-Lab	11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927

Details

The HunterLab color **11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **12.2007, -1.2503, 1.5268**, and the grayscale version is **11.5905, -0.6184, 0.6297**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.3234, -0.7011, 0.3939**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **10.6693, 0.7473, -1.4084**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.4136, -0.7238, 0.7642**.

Distribution



Red (12%)

Green (12%)

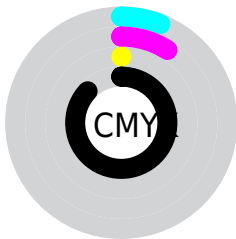
Blue (13%)



Red (12%)

Yellow (12%)

Blue (13%)



Cyan (6%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (87%)



Cyan (88%)

Magenta (88%)

Yellow (87%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5311, 0.0042,
-0.2927

■ 11.5311, 0.0042,
-0.2927

101.9222, -4.1724,
3.7018

■ 4.0502, 1.1156,
-1.7005

■ 26.1881, -0.5876,
0.2358

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.8825, -0.9715,
0.5949

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.3703, -1.4046,
1.0064

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.5899, -1.8819,
1.4650

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.4922, -2.4000,
1.9668

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.0368, -2.9559,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

2.5085

■ 89.1898, -3.5474,
3.0875

■ 11.5311, 0.0042,
-0.2927

■ 11.5311, 0.0042,
-0.2927

■ 10.6693, 0.7473,
-1.4084

■ 12.4136, -0.7238,
0.7642

■ 9.8297, 1.5093,
-2.5954

■ 13.3141, -1.4386,
1.7714

■ 9.0155, 2.2933,
-3.8671

■ 14.2313, -2.1430,
2.7371

■ 8.2304, 3.1022,
-5.2395

■ 15.1638, -2.8388,
3.6682

■ 7.4788, 3.9383,
-6.7297

■ 16.1106, -3.5279,
4.5702

■ 6.7668, 4.8006,
-8.3535

■ 17.0706, -4.2117,
5.4476

■ 6.0518, 5.8165,
-10.2657

■ 18.0431, -4.8914,
6.3043

■ 5.2590, 7.2742,
-12.8538

■ 19.0274, -5.5680,
7.1436

■ 4.3453, 9.5822,
-16.7873

■ 20.0227, -6.2424,
7.9680

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5313, -0.5496, -0.4811



11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927



11.5313, 0.3973, 0.1431

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5313, 0.0039, -0.2925



11.5313, -0.1130, 1.5357



11.5313, -1.7071, 0.5645

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927



12.2007, -1.2503, 1.5268

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5313, -1.5953, 1.0921



11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927



11.5313, -0.6821, 1.6363

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5313, 0.0039, -0.2925



11.5313, 0.3289, 1.1961



11.5313, -1.2229, 1.4778



11.5313, -1.5312, 0.0288

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927



11.5313, 0.5118, 0.5054



11.5313, -1.2229, 1.4778



11.5313, -1.7019, 0.7487

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5313, 0.0039, -0.2925



15.2935, -0.5385, 0.4229



11.9231, -0.9862, 0.1746



9.0063, -0.3010, 0.2253



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5313, 0.0039, -0.2925



14.3361, 0.2629, -0.7536



11.6308, 0.3430, -0.1621



6.6249, -0.0666, -0.0647



8.8842, 21.5766, -43.5773



23.9611, 59.7431, -129.5460

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



11.6457, 0.3464, 0.2247



14.5271, 0.8298, 0.1170



12.1073, -1.5812, 1.4174



6.6777, 0.0922, 0.1729



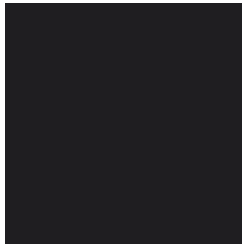
13.8522, 25.5590, -5.2865



38.7661, 71.1019, -11.4911

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

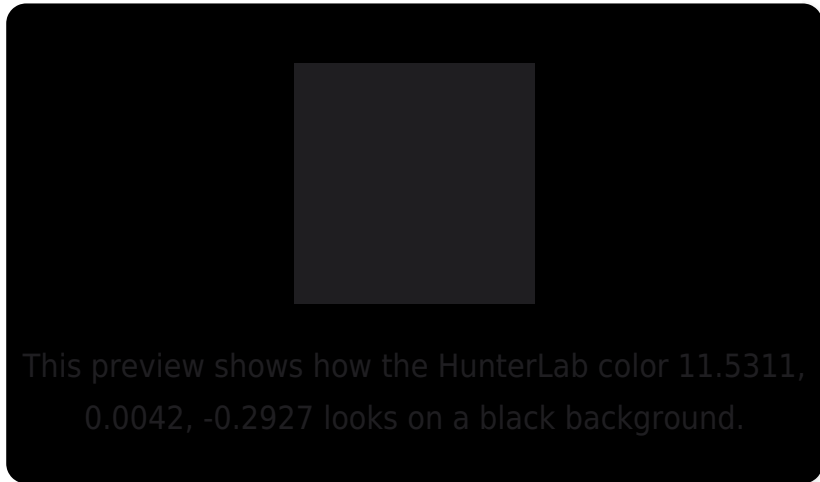
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

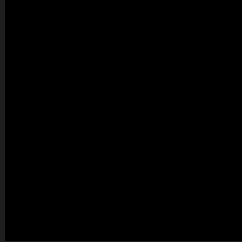
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927.



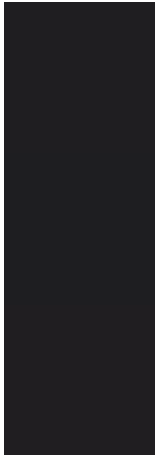
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927.

-0.2927.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927

Protanopia

11.4646, -0.2241, -0.3806

Deuteranopia

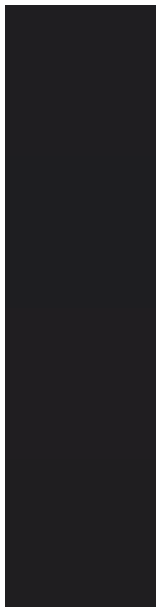
11.5993, 0.2370, -0.2031



Tritanopia

11.5071, -0.1259, 0.0476

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927

Protanomaly

11.4646, -0.2241, -0.3806

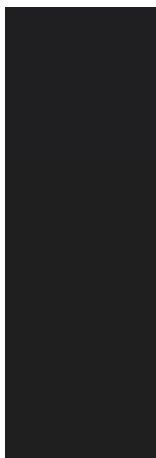
Deuteranomaly

11.5993, 0.2370, -0.2031

Tritanomaly

11.5071, -0.1259, 0.0476

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927

Achromatopsia

11.7056, -0.6246, 0.6360

Achromatomaly

11.7284, -0.4995, 0.3103

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(31, 30, 33)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(31, 30, 33)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(31, 30, 33) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(31, 30, 33) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(31, 30, 33) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(31, 30, 33) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(31, 30, 33)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(31, 30, 33); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 30, 33);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(31, 30, 33)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.5311, 0.0042, -0.2927 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(31, 30, 33) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(31, 30,  
33) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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