

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.5136, -2.2050,
1.6506)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.5136, -2.2050, 1.6506)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.5981, -2.3464,
1.8049)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	1B201B
RGB	27, 32, 27
RGB Percent	11%, 13%, 11%
CMY	0.8941, 0.8745, 0.8941
CMYK	0.16, 0.00, 0.16, 0.87
HSL	120°, 8%, 12%
HSV	120°, 16%, 13%
XYZ	1.1663, 1.3452, 1.2351
YIQ	29.9350, -1.3750, -2.6150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

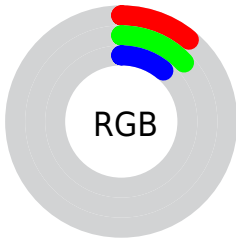
Format	Color
R_{YB}	27, 32, 32
Decimal	1777691
CIE Lab	11.59, -3.59, 2.63
CIE LCh	12, 4.446, 143.766
Yxy	1.3452, 0.3113, 0.3590
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4279967771 (0xFF1B201B)
YUV	29.9350, -1.4470, -2.5740
Hunter-Lab	11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049

Details

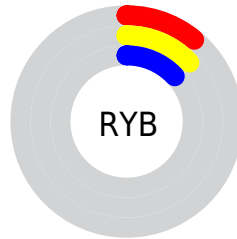
The HunterLab color **11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **333333**. A complement of this color would be **10.9327, 1.2496, -0.6524**, and the grayscale version is **11.3790, -0.6072, 0.6182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2929, -3.8147, 3.0686**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.3575, -3.3533, 2.4852**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.8612, -1.2726, 1.0795**.

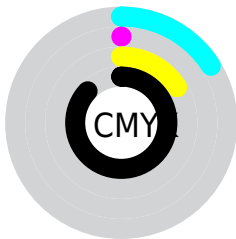
Distribution



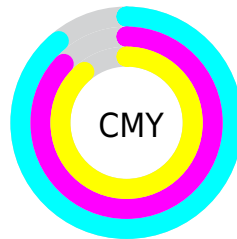
- Red (11%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (11%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Blue (13%)



- Cyan (16%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (16%)
- Black (87%)



- Cyan (89%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5981, -2.3464,
1.8049

■ 11.5981, -2.3464,
1.8049

102.0606, -9.1007,
8.0845

■ 4.1930, -3.9509,
2.8262

■ 26.2761, -3.7010,
3.0086

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.9794, -4.4035,
3.6500

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.4753, -5.1279,
4.3199

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.7023, -5.8754,
5.0182

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.6116, -6.6465,
5.7444

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.1629, -7.4413,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

6.4980

■ 89.3222, -8.2594,
7.2783

■ 11.5981, -2.3464,
1.8049

■ 11.5981, -2.3464,
1.8049

■ 11.3575, -3.3533,
2.4852

■ 11.8612, -1.2726,
1.0795

■ 11.1393, -4.2856,
3.1153

■ 12.1454, -0.1383,
0.3133

■ 10.9439, -5.1371,
3.6908

■ 12.4503, 1.0493,
-0.4888

■ 10.7717, -5.9019,
4.2078

■ 12.7751, 2.2835,
-1.3222

■ 10.6225, -6.5754,
4.6631

■ 13.1190, 3.5582,
-2.1827

■ 10.4905, -7.1808,
5.0724

■ 13.4812, 4.8674,
-3.0664

■ 10.3578, -7.7978,
5.4896

■ 13.8607, 6.2060,
-3.9698

■ 10.2234, -8.4323,
5.9186

■ 14.2567, 7.5693,
-4.8896

■ 10.1640, -8.7155,
6.1101

■ 14.6685, 8.9532,
-5.8233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5983, -1.4956, 2.3932



11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049



11.5983, -2.7330, 0.8570

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5983, -2.3466, 1.8051



11.5983, -0.8582, -1.6558



11.5983, 1.4704, 1.4460

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049



10.9327, 1.2496, -0.6524

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5983, 1.6572, 0.4010



11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049



11.5983, 0.2835, -1.4593

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5983, -2.3466, 1.8051



11.5983, -1.8955, -1.1931



11.5983, 1.2151, -0.6795



11.5983, 0.7142, 2.2004

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049



11.5983, -2.6863, 0.1205



11.5983, 1.2151, -0.6795



11.5983, 1.6031, 1.1199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5983, -2.3466, 1.8051



14.6412, -1.5323, 1.3062



11.9134, -1.2197, 2.1592



8.3809, -0.8580, 0.7347



54.3783, -2.9015, 2.9545



8.4820, -0.4526, 0.4608

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5983, -2.3466, 1.8051



14.1643, -3.4904, 2.6291



11.6503, -2.0551, 1.0608



6.8761, -0.8611, 0.7096



23.6626, -20.2905, 14.2252



66.6393, -57.1430, 40.0621

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.9327, 1.2496, -0.6524



13.1011, 2.2575, -1.2986



10.8727, 0.9302, 0.1989



6.6886, 0.1512, 0.0179



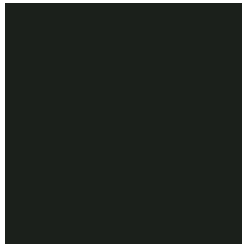
14.9317, 29.3559, -19.6909



42.0511, 82.6727, -55.4531

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

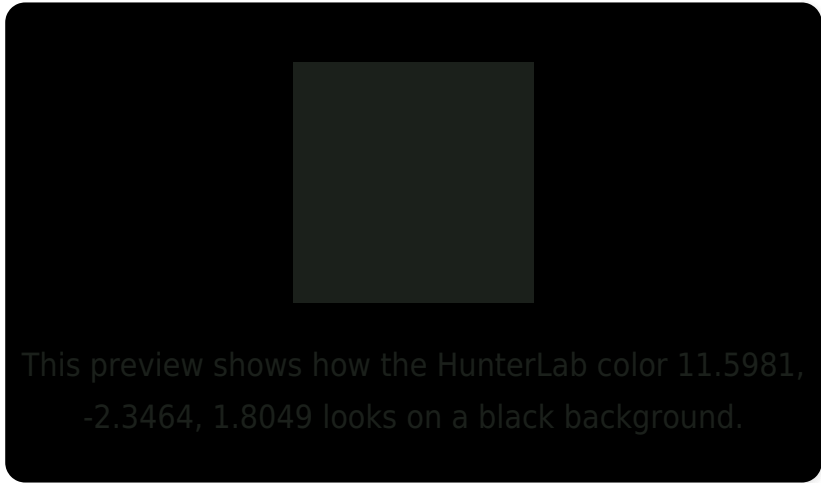
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

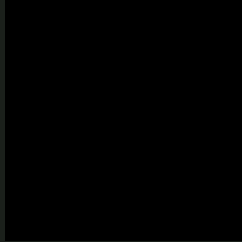
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049.

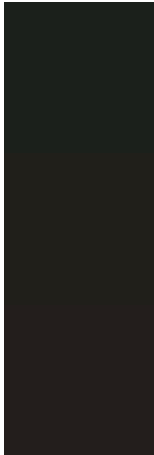


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5981, -2.3464,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049

Protanopia

11.6689, -0.9611, 2.2079

Deuteranopia

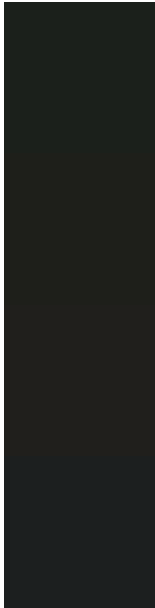
11.7035, 0.3684, 1.6525



Tritanopia

11.5860, -0.9000, -0.6211

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049

Protanomaly

11.5350, -1.4333, 2.0595

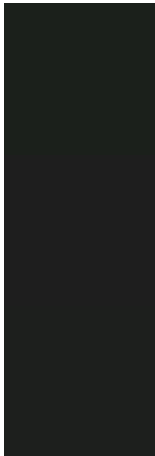
Deuteranomaly

11.7085, -0.7433, 1.6385

Tritanomaly

11.5142, -1.2958, 0.3972

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049

Achromatopsia

11.3943, -0.6080, 0.6191

Achromatomaly

11.5321, -1.3213, 1.1067

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(27, 32, 27)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(27, 32, 27)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 32, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(27, 32, 27) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(27, 32, 27) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(27, 32, 27) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(27, 32, 27) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(27, 32, 27); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 32, 27);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(27, 32, 27)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.5981, -2.3464, 1.8049 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(27, 32, 27) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(27, 32,  
27) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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