

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.5192, 4.9482,
-78.6251)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.5192, 4.9482,
-78.6251) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(15.5081, 15.7293,
-53.3388)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	002274
RGB	0, 34, 116
RGB Percent	0%, 13%, 45%
CMY	0.9999, 0.8667, 0.5451
CMYK	1.00, 0.71, 0.00, 0.55
HSL	222°, 100%, 23%
HSV	222°, 100%, 45%
XYZ	3.7244, 2.4050, 16.7909
YIQ	33.1820, -46.5860, 18.2940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

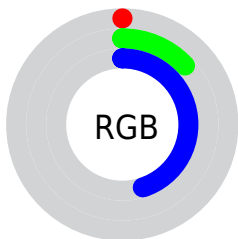
Format	Color
RYB	0, 26, 116
Decimal	8820
CIELab	17.48, 25.50, -49.52
CIELCh	17, 55.703, 297.250
Yxy	2.4051, 0.1625, 0.1049
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278198900 (0xFF002274)
YUV	33.1820, 40.8293, -29.1006
Hunter-Lab	15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388

Details

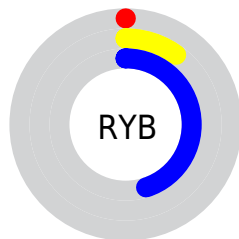
The HunterLab color **15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003399**. A complement of this color would be **31.2247, 3.7861, 19.3061**, and the grayscale version is **12.2768, -0.6551, 0.6670**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **31.3197, 18.0702, -51.4428**, and **6.3659, 17.2675, -45.2325** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **15.5062, 15.7346, -53.3479**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **17.3393, 12.2111, -45.6007**.

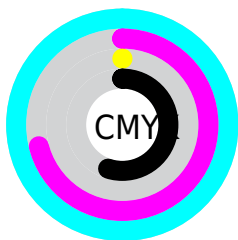
Distribution



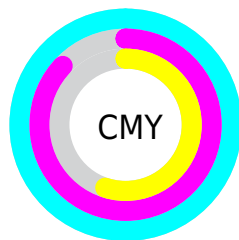
- Red (0%)
- Green (13%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Blue (45%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (71%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (55%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (87%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 15.5081, 15.7293,
-53.3388

■ 15.5081, 15.7293,
-53.3388

■ 109.8316, 22.2247,
-55.8981

■ 9.1021, 14.4195,
-58.2801

■ 31.3072, 17.9791,
-51.4736

0.0000, INF, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 40.4861, 18.8899,
-51.7418

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 50.4196, 19.6795,
-52.2841

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 61.0541, 20.3621,
-52.9589

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 72.3463, 20.9492,
-53.6915

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 84.2598, 21.4503,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-54.4402

■ 96.7638, 21.8733,
-55.1806

■ 15.5081, 15.7293,
-53.3388

■ 15.5081, 15.7293,
-53.3388

■ 15.5062, 15.7346,
-53.3479

■ 17.3393, 12.2111,
-45.6007

■ 19.3941, 9.0283,
-38.4044

■ 21.6846, 6.3614,
-31.7040

■ 24.1711, 4.1758,
-25.5627

■ 26.8210, 2.4084,
-19.9565

■ 29.6087, 0.9921,
-14.8246

■ 32.5140, -0.1335,
-10.0975

■ 35.5213, -1.0194,
-5.7091

■ 38.6182, -1.7072,
-1.6012

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



15.5082, -2.2632, -64.9622



15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388



15.5082, 34.0099, -24.4405

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



15.5082, 15.7305, -53.3385



15.5082, 19.3327, 10.8558



15.5082, -21.5979, 2.1713

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388



31.2247, 3.7861, 19.3061

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



15.5082, -19.1280, 10.8530



15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388



15.5082, 0.6607, 10.8558

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



15.5082, 15.7305, -53.3385



15.5082, 36.6107, 9.6156



15.5082, -12.4573, 10.8558



15.5082, -19.8790, -19.1502

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388



15.5082, 41.4733, -7.0105



15.5082, -12.4573, 10.8558



15.5082, -21.2300, 5.9747

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



15.5082, 15.7305, -53.3385



42.8058, -0.0740, -13.8539



36.1775, -25.1289, 9.0287



20.2730, 0.1928, -7.7689



77.7063, -4.1462, 4.2219



27.0627, -1.4440, 1.4704

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



15.5082, 15.7305, -53.3385



20.0603, 22.2446, -73.0932



12.0246, 31.0725, -73.5174



19.3615, -0.8772, -0.6103



16.3360, 16.9163, -56.9360



34.1913, 42.6824, -134.8752

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



19.5673, 34.0960, 8.0688



25.9023, 45.0629, 11.2765



38.4809, -17.5232, 23.4044



19.2792, 0.7408, 0.9681



20.7205, 36.0952, 8.6548



45.5955, 79.1453, 21.2341

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

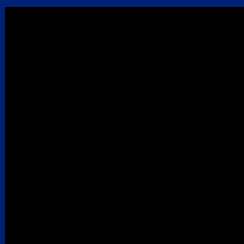
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388

Protanopia

15.7033, 3.3164, -26.7868

Deuteranopia

15.7791, -1.4077, -16.6836



Tritanopia

15.6351, -7.7460, -2.8212

Trichromacy



Original Color

15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388

Protanomaly

15.5513, 7.3449, -35.2934

Deuteranomaly

15.5282, 4.0499, -28.1515

Tritanomaly

15.1966, -1.0971, -16.6261

Monochromacy



Original Color

15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388

Achromatopsia

12.3323, -0.6580, 0.6700

Achromatomaly

12.6729, 2.4760, -14.1488

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 34, 116)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 34, 116)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 34, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 34, 116) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 34, 116) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 34, 116) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 34, 116) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 34, 116); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 34, 116);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 34, 116)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 15.5081, 15.7293, -53.3388 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 34, 116) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 34,  
116) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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