

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.5261, -7.2556,
1.2561)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.5261, -7.2556, 1.2561)
contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.6000, -7.3667,
1.4037)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| Hex | 00241C |
| RGB | 0, 36, 28 |
| RGB Percent | 0%, 14%, 11% |
| CMY | 1.0000, 0.8588, 0.8902 |
| CMYK | 1.00, 0.00, 0.22, 0.86 |
| HSL | 167°, 100%, 7% |
| HSV | 167°, 100%, 14% |
| XYZ | 0.8405, 1.3456, 1.3140 |
| YIQ | 24.3240, -18.8880, -10.1200 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

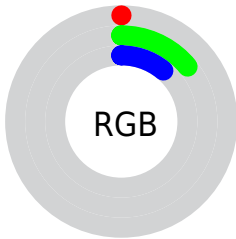
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| RYB | 0, 20, 36 |
| Decimal | 9244 |
| CIELab | 11.59, -15.53, 1.70 |
| CIELCh | 12, 15.623, 173.771 |
| Yxy | 1.3457, 0.2401, 0.3844 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4278199324 (0xFF00241C) |
| YUV | 24.3240, 1.8123, -21.3321 |
| Hunter-Lab | 11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037 |

Details

The HunterLab color **11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003333**. A complement of this color would be **6.2661, 11.0097, 1.8798**, and the grayscale version is **9.6541, -0.5151, 0.5245**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.2634, -10.8777, 2.5354**, and 0.0000, NaN, NaN is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.6002, -7.3669, 1.4039**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **11.7165, -6.8642, 1.2826**.

Distribution



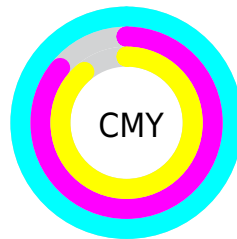
- Red (0%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (11%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Blue (14%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (22%)
- Black (86%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (89%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.6000, -7.3667,
1.4037

■ 11.6000, -7.3667,
1.4037

■ 102.0645,
-20.8861, 7.1946

■ 4.1969, -7.3447,
1.9027

■ 26.2786, -10.7825,
2.4603

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 34.9821, -12.3255,
3.0412

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 44.4782, -13.8116,
3.6560

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.7055, -15.2605,
4.3034

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 65.6150, -16.6850,
4.9821


0.0000, NaN, NaN


■ 77.1664, -18.0935,


0.0000, NaN, NaN


5.6909


 89.3259, -19.4924,
6.4288


 11.6000, -7.3667,
1.4037


 11.6000, -7.3667,
1.4037


 11.6002, -7.3669,
1.4039

 11.7165, -6.8642,
1.2826

 11.8321, -6.3696,
1.1576

 11.9474, -5.8809,
1.0295

 12.0764, -5.3437,
0.9152

 12.2258, -4.7347,
0.8234

■ 12.3959, -4.0558,
0.7550

■ 12.5867, -3.3098,
0.7105

■ 12.7983, -2.5004,
0.6902

■ 13.0304, -1.6317,
0.6941

Harmonies

Analogous

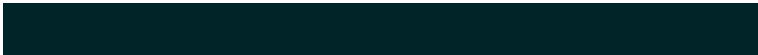
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.6002, -6.2365, 4.2783



11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037



11.6002, -6.8985, -2.7536

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.6002, -7.3668, 1.4038



11.6002, 2.6752, -8.3535



11.6002, 4.3295, 5.4822

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037



6.2661, 11.0097, 1.8798

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.6002, 7.3660, 3.2292



11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037



11.6002, 6.3233, -4.6303

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.6002, -7.3668, 1.4038



11.6002, -1.4492, -9.3583



11.6002, 8.1414, -0.1980



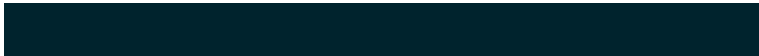
11.6002, 0.2341, 6.5286

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037



11.6002, -5.7059, -5.7199



11.6002, 8.1414, -0.1980



11.6002, 5.5293, 4.8408

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.6002, -7.3668, 1.4038



15.5839, -4.2960, 0.8908



11.4718, -8.6224, 6.9177



8.7426, -2.3596, 0.4968



55.4075, -2.9564, 3.0104



9.2414, -0.4931, 0.5021

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.6002, -7.3668, 1.4038



14.3935, -9.2286, 1.9312



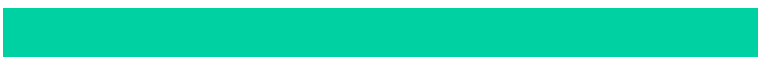
9.4025, -3.2259, -4.7879



7.6184, -0.8336, 0.4065



25.1765, -16.4258, 3.9902



69.4846, -46.0649, 12.5912

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



6.2661, 11.0097, 1.8798



7.7516, 13.5633, 2.7735



7.6388, 6.0694, 4.8130



7.3381, 0.0490, 0.4140



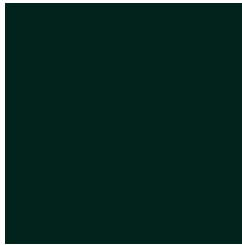
13.4910, 23.4307, 6.1829



37.1091, 64.0921, 19.7808

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

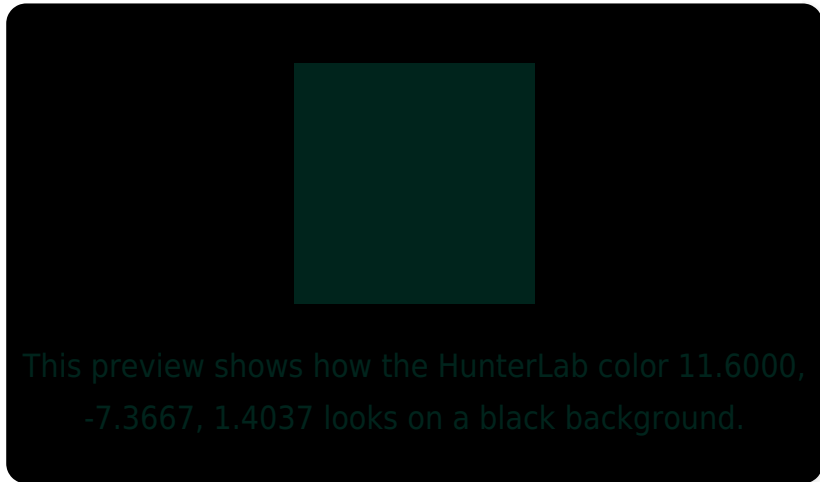
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

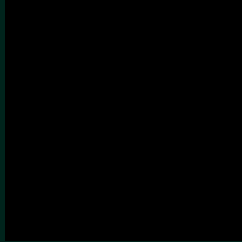
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.6000, -7.3667,

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037

Protanopia

11.7383, -0.7182, 2.2843

Deuteranopia

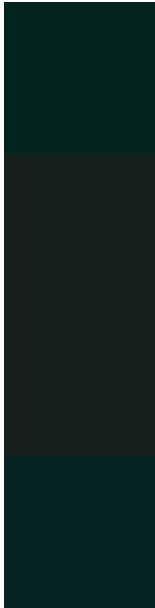
11.7242, 0.4804, 1.3545



Tritanopia

11.8876, -4.4529, -1.8986

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037

Protanomaly

11.5164, -3.8644, 1.6904

Deuteranomaly

11.3680, -3.1060, 0.8880

Tritanomaly

11.6736, -5.4836, -0.5892

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037

Achromatopsia

9.5572, -0.5099, 0.5193

Achromatomaly

10.0113, -3.4747, 0.6613

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 36, 28)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 36, 28)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 36, 28) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 36, 28) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 36, 28) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 36, 28) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 36, 28)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 36, 28); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 36, 28); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 36, 28) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.6000, -7.3667, 1.4037 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 36, 28) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 36,  
28) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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