

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.5355, 23.0274,
-64.1244)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.5355, 23.0274,
-64.1244) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.5086, 23.0605,
-64.1658)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	000C6B
RGB	0, 12, 107
RGB Percent	0%, 5%, 42%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9530, 0.5804
CMYK	1.00, 0.89, 0.00, 0.58
HSL	233°, 100%, 21%
HSV	233°, 100%, 42%
XYZ	2.7853, 1.3245, 14.0188
YIQ	19.2420, -37.6470, 27.0010

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

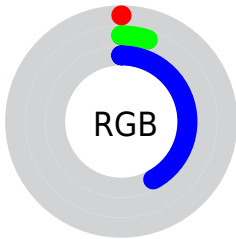
Format	Color
RYB	0, 11, 107
Decimal	3179
CIELab	11.45, 35.85, -53.67
CIELCh	11, 64.545, 303.744
Yxy	1.3245, 0.1536, 0.0731
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278193259 (0xFF000C6B)
YUV	19.2420, 43.2647, -16.8752
Hunter-Lab	11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658

Details

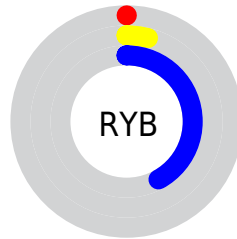
The HunterLab color **11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **33.6345, -4.9569, 20.6381**, and the grayscale version is **8.0262, -0.4283, 0.4361**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1195, 26.6176, -58.9328**, and **6.4345, 11.4315, -32.7200** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.5073, 23.0656, -64.1751**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **12.9829, 19.4268, -55.1836**.

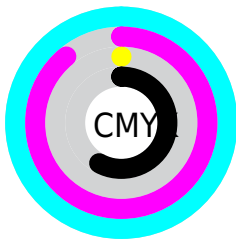
Distribution



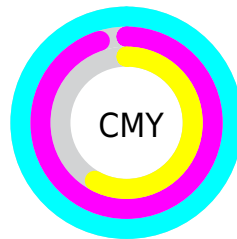
- Red (0%)
- Green (5%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (89%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (58%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (95%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5086, 23.0605,
-64.1658

■ 11.5086, 23.0605,
-64.1658

■ 101.8752, 33.9452,
-61.8345

■ 4.0005, 39.4625,
-115.6879

■ 26.1582, 26.2758,
-58.3908

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 34.8497, 27.7210,
-58.0749

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 44.3347, 29.0351,
-58.3203

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.5517, 30.2256,
-58.8519

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.4516, 31.3025,
-59.5305

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 76.9940, 32.2757,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-60.2803

■ 89.1448, 33.1540,
-61.0571

■ 11.5086, 23.0605,
-64.1658

■ 11.5086, 23.0605,
-64.1658

■ 11.5073, 23.0656,
-64.1751

■ 12.9829, 19.4268,
-55.1836

■ 14.8508, 15.6214,
-46.1095

■ 17.0938, 12.1558,
-37.5010

■ 19.6277, 9.1488,
-29.7637

■ 22.3881, 6.5779,
-22.9268

■ 25.3287, 4.3744,
-16.8767

■ 28.4162, 2.4661,
-11.4699

■ 31.6263, 0.7909,
-6.5753

■ 34.9413, -0.7008,
-2.0847

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5086, 1.5476, -89.7354



11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658



11.5086, 44.3591, -22.5702

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5086, 23.0622, -64.1659



11.5086, 17.2102, 8.0560



11.5086, -20.1401, -1.5410

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658



33.6345, -4.9569, 20.6381

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5086, -20.1401, 8.0560



11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658



11.5086, -2.6283, 8.0560

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5086, 23.0622, -64.1659



11.5086, 39.8398, 8.0560



11.5086, -15.0358, 8.0560



11.5086, -20.1401, -32.2887

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658



11.5086, 51.4989, -3.2031



11.5086, -15.0358, 8.0560



11.5086, -20.1401, 3.4815

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5086, 23.0622, -64.1659



37.6638, 3.5057, -15.9399



33.6645, -20.1976, 1.5243



17.8751, 2.1110, -8.9454



75.5302, -4.0301, 4.1037



25.2436, -1.3469, 1.3715

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5086, 23.0622, -64.1659



15.0431, 32.2108, -88.3364



12.3842, 29.7748, -58.4424



17.5350, -0.4200, -0.8165



12.5813, 25.8563, -71.5418



27.1732, 63.1512, -170.2896

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



17.7555, 30.5529, 10.3146



23.7355, 40.8018, 14.1435



34.1662, -20.5879, 20.6921



17.6686, 0.5224, 1.2217



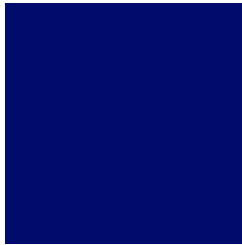
19.5759, 33.6746, 11.4843



44.1108, 75.7250, 27.0780

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

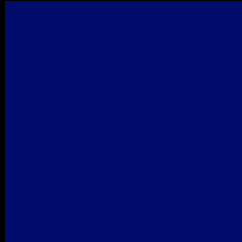
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

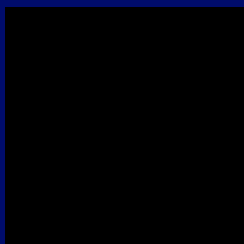
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658

Protanopia

12.0432, 2.0448, -19.4670

Deuteranopia

12.2371, -1.8752, -11.2472



Tritanopia

12.1228, -6.0815, -2.0241

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658

Protanomaly

11.4213, 9.2482, -34.2397

Deuteranomaly

11.3660, 6.2096, -27.6113

Tritanomaly

10.9575, 2.6640, -19.4469

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658

Achromatopsia

8.0698, -0.4306, 0.4384

Achromatomaly

8.2931, 5.6000, -17.1831

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 12, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 12, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 12, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 12, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 12, 107) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 12, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 12, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 12, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 12, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 12, 107)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.5086, 23.0605, -64.1658 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 12, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 12,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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