

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.5394, -5.5625,
-16.6695)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.5394, -5.5625,
-16.6695) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(12.6868, -1.0920,
-13.5000)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	00243E
RGB	0, 36, 62
RGB Percent	0%, 14%, 24%
CMY	1.0000, 0.8588, 0.7569
CMYK	1.00, 0.42, 0.00, 0.76
HSL	205°, 100%, 12%
HSV	205°, 100%, 24%
XYZ	1.5004, 1.6095, 4.7890
YIQ	28.2000, -29.8020, 0.4540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

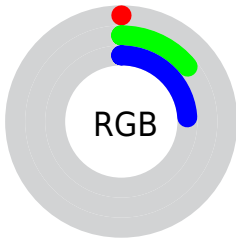
Format	Color
RYB	0, 23, 62
Decimal	9278
CIELab	13.29, -0.81, -20.10
CIELCh	13, 20.117, 267.678
Yxy	1.6096, 0.1900, 0.2038
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278199358 (0xFF00243E)
YUV	28.2000, 16.6634, -24.7314
Hunter-Lab	12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000

Details

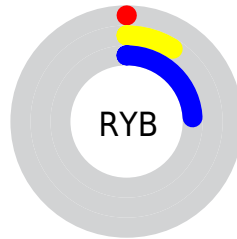
The HunterLab color **12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **003366**. A complement of this color would be **13.2782, 8.4367, 8.3291**, and the grayscale version is **10.7949, -0.5760, 0.5865**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **27.6539, -1.8911, -14.6209**, and **2.6216, 4.1548, -12.2457** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **12.6865, -1.0915, -13.5008**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.4639, -1.5591, -11.8002**.

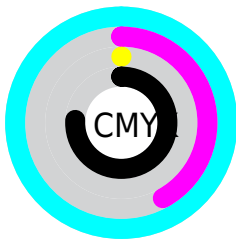
Distribution



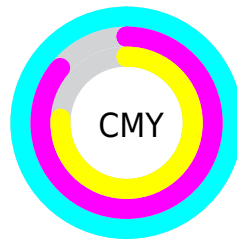
- Red (0%)
- Green (14%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (42%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (76%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (86%)
- Yellow (76%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 12.6868, -1.0920,
-13.5000

■ 12.6868, -1.0920,
-13.5000

■ 104.2824, -6.4097,
-16.0541

■ 6.0337, -0.9108,
-16.0922

■ 27.6969, -2.0180,
-14.4179

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 36.5400, -2.5428,
-14.8422

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 46.1641, -3.1050,
-15.2037

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 56.5104, -3.7025,
-15.4985

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 67.5315, -4.3332,
-15.7279

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 79.1884, -4.9955,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-15.8948

■ 91.4481, -5.6881,
-16.0024

■ 12.6868, -1.0920,
-13.5000

■ 12.6868, -1.0920,
-13.5000

■ 12.6865, -1.0915,
-13.5008

■ 13.4639, -1.5591,
-11.8002

■ 14.2432, -2.0326,
-10.2302

■ 15.0627, -2.3782,
-8.6991

■ 15.9294, -2.5703,
-7.1925

■ 16.8401, -2.6205,
-5.7148

■ 17.7917, -2.5413,
-4.2689

■ 18.7811, -2.3454,
-2.8557

■ 19.8054, -2.0445,
-1.4750

■ 20.8622, -1.6497,
-0.1259

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



12.6870, -5.7239, -10.6787



12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000



12.6870, 4.4647, -11.3957

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



12.6870, -1.0918, -13.4997



12.6870, 9.7813, 4.4484



12.6870, -8.2549, 4.9095

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000



13.2782, 8.4367, 8.3291

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



12.6870, -5.1123, 7.2159



12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000



12.6870, 5.3062, 6.9496

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



12.6870, -1.0918, -13.4997



12.6870, 11.3278, 0.2876



12.6870, -0.2581, 7.9626



12.6870, -9.4090, 1.0807

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000



12.6870, 7.8622, -7.8258



12.6870, -0.2581, 7.9626



12.6870, -7.4246, 5.8206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



12.6870, -1.0918, -13.4997



24.5470, -3.1332, -4.0179



18.7594, -14.6804, 8.2440



12.4932, -1.6297, -2.1995



62.6995, -3.3455, 3.4066



14.8260, -0.7911, 0.8055

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



12.6870, -1.0918, -13.4997



16.3296, -0.8171, -18.6467



6.7828, 12.4906, -35.4394



11.0978, -0.8332, 0.0449



18.7780, -0.6181, -22.1365



45.7347, 1.8874, -61.2387

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



10.7313, 19.5625, -2.2667



14.0864, 25.6021, -2.3606



19.8343, -3.7375, 12.1560



10.8824, 0.3639, 0.2666



16.3462, 29.6680, -2.4189



41.3351, 74.6098, -2.9193

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

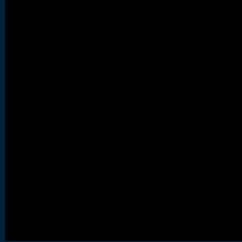
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 12.6868, -1.0920,

-13.5000.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000

Protanopia

12.9015, 1.8329, -11.6640

Deuteranopia

12.9642, -0.1288, -12.8566



Tritanopia

12.7209, -6.2167, -2.4798

Trichromacy



Original Color

12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000

Protanomaly

12.8084, 0.4454, -12.5362

Deuteranomaly

12.8636, -0.4757, -13.0876

Tritanomaly

12.6806, -4.6306, -5.8535

Monochromacy



Original Color

12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000

Achromatopsia

10.7760, -0.5750, 0.5855

Achromatomaly

11.2329, -1.8209, -3.7063

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 36, 62)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 36, 62)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 36, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 36, 62) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 36, 62) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 36, 62) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 36, 62) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 36, 62); -webkit-box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 36, 62); box-shadow:4px  
4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 36, 62) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 12.6868, -1.0920, -13.5000 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 36, 62) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 36,  
62) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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