

Converting Colors

HunterLab(11.5456, 19.7622,
-57.0920)

Have a look what the booklet for
HunterLab(11.5456, 19.7622,
-57.0920) contains.

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Color

**HunterLab(11.5321, 19.8087,
-57.1753)**

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	001066
RGB	0, 16, 102
RGB Percent	0%, 6%, 40%
CMY	1.0000, 0.9373, 0.6000
CMYK	1.00, 0.84, 0.00, 0.60
HSL	231°, 100%, 20%
HSV	231°, 100%, 40%
XYZ	2.5836, 1.3299, 12.6909
YIQ	21.0200, -37.1420, 23.3540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

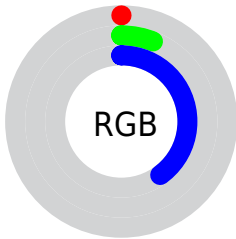
Format	Color
RYB	0, 14, 102
Decimal	4198
CIELab	11.48, 31.88, -50.31
CIELCh	11, 59.560, 302.358
Yxy	1.3299, 0.1556, 0.0801
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4278194278 (0xFF001066)
YUV	21.0200, 39.9231, -18.4345
Hunter-Lab	11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753

Details

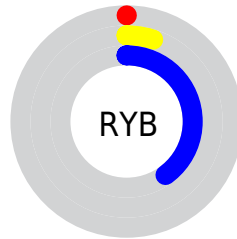
The HunterLab color **11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **000066**. A complement of this color would be **30.7936, -2.8295, 18.9247**, and the grayscale version is **8.5595, -0.4567, 0.4651**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **26.1510, 22.9655, -52.7969**, and **6.1228, 10.2793, -29.8430** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **11.5307, 19.8136, -57.1842**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **13.0516, 16.3458, -48.7757**.

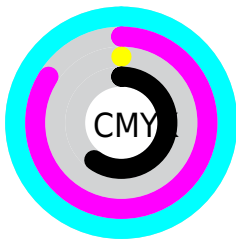
Distribution



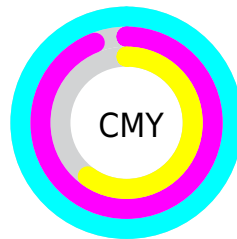
- Red (0%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (0%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (84%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (60%)



- Cyan (100%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the HunterLab color 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the HunterLab color 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 11.5321, 19.8087,
-57.1753

■ 11.5321, 19.8087,
-57.1753

■ 101.9238, 29.3111,
-56.6672

■ 4.0519, 34.2154,
-100.8775

■ 26.1891, 22.7635,
-52.8236

0.0000, NaN, -NF

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 34.8837, 24.0444,
-52.7521

0.0000, NaN, -NF

■ 44.3716, 25.1915,
-53.1277

0.0000, NaN, NaN

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 54.5912, 26.2165,
-53.7233

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 65.4936, 27.1312,
-54.4249

0.0000, NaN, NaN

■ 77.0383, 27.9460,

0.0000, NaN, NaN

-55.1707

■ 89.1914, 28.6701,
-55.9251

■ 11.5321, 19.8087,
-57.1753

■ 11.5321, 19.8087,
-57.1753

■ 11.5307, 19.8136,
-57.1842

■ 13.0516, 16.3458,
-48.7757

■ 14.8702, 12.9251,
-40.7311

■ 16.9896, 9.9050,
-33.2256

■ 19.3458, 7.3247,
-26.4761

■ 21.8899, 5.1412,
-20.4692

■ 24.5860, 3.2879,
-15.1068

■ 27.4076, 1.7012,
-10.2750

■ 30.3354, 0.3270,
-5.8704

■ 33.3548, -0.8775,
-1.8070

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



11.5321, 0.6237, -77.3944



11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753



11.5321, 38.8993, -21.4677

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



11.5321, 19.8101, -57.1753



11.5321, 16.5173, 8.0725



11.5321, -20.1812, -0.5882

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753



30.7936, -2.8295, 18.9247

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



11.5321, -20.1812, 8.0725



11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753



11.5321, -1.8054, 8.0725

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



11.5321, 19.8101, -57.1753



11.5321, 36.3984, 8.0725



11.5321, -13.5239, 8.0725



11.5321, -20.1812, -26.7717

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753



11.5321, 45.6289, -3.7640



11.5321, -13.5239, 8.0725



11.5321, -20.1812, 3.8029

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



11.5321, 19.8101, -57.1753



35.9645, 2.4238, -14.1403



31.8728, -19.9837, 3.3021



16.9289, 1.4653, -7.7575



73.3645, -3.9145, 3.9860



23.4461, -1.2510, 1.2739

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



11.5321, 19.8101, -57.1753



14.8691, 27.6437, -78.2600



11.4006, 27.9331, -57.8596



16.8126, -0.4980, -0.6939



12.9007, 23.0324, -65.8451



27.9471, 58.1199, -160.3957

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



16.9187, 29.1914, 9.2187



22.3772, 38.5601, 12.6115



32.7596, -18.4488, 19.8628



16.8903, 0.5126, 1.0875



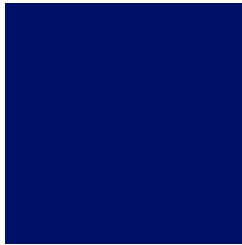
19.1613, 33.0420, 10.6164



43.6592, 75.0879, 25.7299

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



This preview shows how the HunterLab color 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

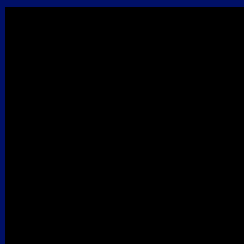
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

HunterLab 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the HunterLab color 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753

Protanopia

11.9928, 1.7795, -18.8315

Deuteranopia

11.9978, -1.4981, -11.7623



Tritanopia

12.0958, -6.2419, -1.6443

Trichromacy



Original Color

11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753

Protanomaly

11.4803, 8.1664, -31.9784

Deuteranomaly

11.2468, 5.6252, -26.2007

Tritanomaly

11.0257, 1.4547, -16.9214

Monochromacy



Original Color

11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753

Achromatopsia

8.6597, -0.4621, 0.4705

Achromatomaly

8.8408, 4.2057, -14.7160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to HunterLab 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(0, 16, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(0, 16, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(0, 16, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(0, 16, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to HunterLab 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(0, 16, 102) }
```


If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(0, 16, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(0, 16, 102)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(0, 16, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 16, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(0, 16, 102)  
}
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to HunterLab 11.5321, 19.8087, -57.1753 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(0, 16, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(0, 16,  
102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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